



## SHOOTING OF MORGAN

## In Thousands of Homes

SIR CECIL SPRING-RICE SAYS ASASSIN WAS HELPLESS IN BANKER'S GRIP

NEW YORK, July 6.—Before leaving for Washington yesterday morning, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, related to some friends in New York his experiences at Glen Coe on Saturday morning when J. P. Morgan was shot. His narrative brought out for the first time the fact that the banker had gripped Frank Holt's arms so tightly that the man was only able to fire the revolver in his hand while it pressed against Mr. Morgan's body.

"We were at breakfast in the room on the ground floor," Sir Cecil Spring-Rice said, "when the butler was heard shouting from the main entrance by the library to Mr. Morgan to get upstairs quickly. We did not know what was the matter, whether it was fire or burglars, and the whole party left the table and ran up the rear staircase, which was the nearest to the door."

"When we reached the first floor the butler could be heard more distinctly calling for Mr. Morgan, and the latter, followed by Mr. Morgan, ran into the rooms to see what was the trouble, while I went up to the floor above to look around. I found nothing unusual, and then came down to the first floor."

"In the mean time," the ambassador continued, "Mrs. Morgan went toward the main staircase and saw the butler backing up with the assailant Holt, following him with a revolver in each hand. As Mrs. Morgan went to meet him her husband came up and brushed her aside. Then he seized Holt by the arms, bent him backward and literally fell upon him with his whole weight, pinning the man to the floor."

"During the struggle that ensued between the two men Mr. Morgan pummeled Holt until the latter became unconscious. Before losing his senses he managed to fire two shots with the re-

volver in his left hand, which was pressed close to Mr. Morgan's side.

"The first bullet passed through the fleshy part of the banker's thigh. The second struck a little higher up and penetrated near to the abdomen."

"Then the servants seized Holt and bound him tightly with ropes while others summoned aid for Mr. Morgan."

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice added that he believed Holt was knocked on the head by one of the servants who had become excited at seeing his employer shot.

## EXPLOSION OF DYNAMITE

## BOMB SHOOK N. Y. DETECTIVE BUREAU—FIVE PRISONERS IN CELLS ESCAPED INJURY

NEW YORK, July 6.—A dynamite bomb was exploded last night in an arreway outside the detective bureau at police headquarters. A heavy door was blown ten feet and a number of windows on one side of the building were shattered. No one was injured.

Lieut. McNally was thrown from his chair by the concussion, but was unhurt. Five prisoners locked in a cell 20 feet from the place where the bomb exploded, escaped injury, although fragments of metal pierced the ceiling of their cells.

The damaged part of the building is close to Inspector Faurot's office. The police at first worked on the theory that a jail delivery had been attempted. Several pieces of metal was found, but there was practically nothing which led to a definite clue.

Now that it is quite the thing to have a bit of crocheting always in one's hand, many are making the

## THE LADY'S WORKBAG

One cannot have too many boudoir caps and a very dainty one is crocheted in the following manner: One in each of 8 sts, skip 1 st, repeat from first to end of round, join turn. Third round—one s in each st, join turn. Repeat third round until there are fifteen rounds from the beginning of the band to the edge. Chain 6, join with sl st to first st on chain 6, ch 3, 16 d in ring, counting ch 3 as one d, join with an sl st to top st on ch 3 first made in round, ch 4.

Second round—one d on d, two d in each st to end of round, join with sl st to top ch st on ch 4. Third round—Star one d on d, 2, repeat from star to end of round join with a sl st to third ch st on ch 5. Fourth round—one d in each st joining st was made in ch 2, one do on next d, ch 2, star, one d, ch 2, 1 do on next ch 3. Line with blue silk and finish with a large blue bow at the side, if you make it in blue or white.

No matter how hot the days, a cup of tea is always refreshing. Dainty tea pot holders are being made with white or colored linen or crash. These holders are not only a convenience, but a necessity. The one I saw was made by cutting two evens of the material and decorating one with a parrot motif done in cross stitch with brilliant color. Line the cover with felt or heavy flannel, turn in the edges of the two sides and overhand them together taking rather deep stitches starting in the same direction. Then reverse the overhand stitches and a cross stitch will be the result. Two colors of the same shade as those worked in the parrot motif, should be used for the cross stitched edge. Attach a brass ring to the top of the holder and it is ready for use. The ring can be covered with buttonhole or crochet stitches, using some of the floss with which the cross stitch was accomplished.

Nearly all the scalloped edges are made with a buttonhole or loop between each scallop and they add very much to the appearance of a finished edge. It would perhaps be best to make the loops before working the scallops, as then they could be made in the loops and the work held taut with the support of the material underneath. The fastening of the loops can be concealed under the stitches of the scallops.

To make the loops fasten the cotton in one side of the scallop, about half way from the indentation to the top. Then carry the thread to the same point on the opposite scallop. Bring the thread back and carry across again, making a loop of the three threads. Now buttonhole very closely over the three threads, carrying it three stitches beyond the center. Bring the thread back six inches, fasten in the edge of the buttonhole and make three small loops. Buttonhole this small loop very closely, then finish the large loop. This will make a buttonhole bar with a buttonhole pect at the point.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

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50c Silk Neckwear.....35c

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LOWELL

SPRINGFIELD

## KILLED BY EXPLOSION

EVERETT CHILD BURNED TO DEATH WHEN FIRECRACKER WENT OFF IN AN ALCOHOL TANK

EVERETT, July 6.—The first local fatality from a Fourth celebration in many years was the death yesterday afternoon at 3:30 of Harry Edward Bricker, aged 4, of 8 Timothy avenue, who was burned by the explosion of a firecracker in a supposedly empty tank.

With Arthur McLeod, and Clifford Rand, 11 years old, he was in the rear of some Glendale square stores where stood a 20-gallon galvanized iron receptacle with an unprotected bunghole.

It had been used some time ago for denatured alcohol but was supposed to be empty.

The McLeod boy dropped a cracker in the hole to hear the explosion.

The entire tank blew up, throwing a quantity of blaring alcohol over the little Bricker boy, who was nearest it.

The explosion shook the houses nearby and frightened the neighbors, set the fence on fire and completely enveloped the Bricker boy in flames.

The McLeod boy's mother was

watching the children from a window,

and as she saw the flames ignite the boy's clothing she rushed into the yard.

The little fellow ran directly toward her, a flaming torch.

She tried to tear his clothing from him and was

severely burned about the hands.

Her husband, Daniel McLeod, rushed

out with a rug, which he threw about

the boy and smothered the flames.

The little fellow was burned over his

whole body with the exception of his

hands and face.

The boy's father, John C. Bricker, a

Boston pressman, had just retired

after returning home from his night's

work when he was aroused by the explosion and jumping into his clothes,

rushed downstairs to see what had

happened. As he reached the foot

of the stairs his little son was being

brought into the house.

Dr. John A. Bruce, who lives nearby,

ordered the boy sent to the Whidden

Hospital, but told the father that there

was little hope for recovery.

Not three minutes before the fatal

accident, the boy had gone to his father's bedside, kissed him and received a

gentle kiss to send him to sleep.

The boy's mother died some time ago

and the father's housekeeper, Miss

Helen Long, who is a trained nurse,

was at the boy's side until his death.

Mr. Bricker was with his little son until 10 minutes before his death, when

the boy lapsed into unconsciousness.

Until then he talked with his father.

The police department have taken

the big tank which exploded and will

## WOULD INJURE GERMANY

ADMIRAL VON TRUPPEN URGES GERMANS TO AVOID BREAK WITH AMERICA

BERLIN. (via London), July 6.—Admiral Oscar von Truppel, at one time

governor of Kiauchau, the German concession in the Chinese province of Shantung, captured in November by the Japanese, contributed an article to-day to Der Tag, warning his compatriots not to underestimate the danger of a breach with the United States, and asking them to weigh seriously the question whether the value of Germany's submarine warfare against British commerce is great enough to justify a continuance of its present form at the expense of a rupture with the transatlantic nation.

Admiral von Truppel writes:

"A German-American war or even a rupture of diplomatic relations, the effect of which would be virtually great, would injure German prospects more seriously than many believe. Although America at first would be able to contribute little to the military strength of the entente allies except by an acceleration of the munitions supply, it could, in time, co-operate with considerable land and sea forces and with first-class submarines and aeroplanes in the complete isolation of Germany. It also could exercise such pressure upon the few remaining neutrals that these would be arrayed, actively or passively, in the ranks of our enemies."

Admiral von Truppel discounts the stories of earlier existing American agreements with Great Britain against Germany, explaining that this is most improbable owing to the American diplomatic traditions.

"But it is understandable," he says, "in spite of President Wilson's unquestionable desire to reach a peaceful solution of the problems that the sympathies of a majority of Americans are on the side of England and that only a spark might be necessary under certain conditions, to kindle this feeling into hostile outbreak."

The kernel of the problem from a German standpoint, concludes Admiral von Truppel, "is contained in this question: Can we hope so far as we are able to foresee to force England to its knees through submarine warfare against our commerce?"

"If the answer is in the negative, our submarines can and better em- ployment against hostile warships.

"It's a delightfully perfumed hair

and scalp treatment easily applied

at home, very inexpensive and ob-

tainable from any drug or toilet

PARISIAN SAGE

No one likes dandruff, but to get rid of it you must do more than wash your hair. The cause of dandruff lies not in the hair, but on the scalp and in the hair roots, and just as twice daily you use a germicidal tooth powder or cream to cleanse your teeth of germs, so you should use Parisian Sage twice daily to drive dandruff from your scalp, prevent its return, protect your hair from falling out and nourish its proper growth. Dandruff makes your hair fall out. Parisian Sage makes Dandruff fall out and your hair stay in.

It's a delightfully perfumed hair and scalp treatment easily applied at home, very inexpensive, and obtainable from any drug or toilet counter.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK

Local Office, Main St., Tel. 346

Lowell, Tuesday, July 6, 1915

# ORATION OF GOV. WALSH

Patriotic Address by His Excellency After Being Drenched in the Parade

Governor David I. Walsh's oration on the North common was a fine effort and His Excellency said some very flattering things about Lowell. All through the speech was the line of thought leading to the significance of the flag, and he congratulated the people of Lowell for their demonstration of patriotism, and pride, and loyalty to their city. The governor spoke from a raised platform, built and decorated for the occasion, and he was applauded by a throng that covered almost the entire common. He was introduced by Mayor Dennis J. Murphy, who spoke briefly, thanking the people for the reception given the governor.

Gov. Walsh said: "I deem it a great privilege and an exceedingly great pleasure to be in Lowell today and to witness this splendid demonstration of your loyalty and your devotion to our country. I want to congratulate this city and all its people upon the splendid celebration which you have had here today. I congratulate you upon that great parade, representing the great military organizations of the commonwealth; representing the social, civic and business life of this important city. But more even than the great parade that we all witnessed, I congratulate the people of the city for their demonstration of patriotism and pride and loyalty to their city, in standing for hours under the pouring rain, to give cheer and encouragement to the marching soldiers and citizens, and to give evidence of their pride and their desire and their willingness to participate in a celebration in honor of the birthday of the greatest country in the world."

"You have a city that is very dear and near to the heart of our great commonwealth. Your industries have given a reputation to Massachusetts over this country, and indeed far beyond the great seas. Your loyalty and your devotion to American institutions

is well known. Your contribution of good citizens to service with the state and with the nation in times of war and in times of peace is appreciated, but, best of all, I like to think of Lowell as a great cosmopolitan city, with a hundred thousand men, women and children, who love labor, who are willing to toil to earn an honest living in the great industries of the city; people from every land and of every race on the face of God's earth, who have come here to enjoy the boundless opportunities that are found in no land under the sun but America. And I like to know and to feel, as I do feel, that they are grateful to our great country and to our beloved commonwealth for the opportunities which it gives them, and for the blessings and privileges which are bequeathed to them. And I like to think that the people here in this great city appreciate all that their city and their state and the nation has done and is doing for them."

"But, my friends, this celebration which you have witnessed today is in vain, unless we appreciate and understand the significance of it all; unless we understand and appreciate that this day is the 'birthday' of a government unlike that of any other government in the world; unless we appreciate that here, under the flag of this government, more is done for the advancement and the welfare of the individual than is done by any other government in the world; unless we understand that this is a government that does not exist, like a government of the old world, to protect a ruling family and enslave the power of the people in the hands of a few; unless we understand that this is not a government where wealth and riches are dignified and where the government merely exists to protect the wealth of the few; unless we understand that this is not a government concerned not about the welfare of the people, but about the welfare of the few; unless we understand that this is a government concerned about the happiness and the well being and the prosperity of all its people; a government where the son of the last emigrant to arrive on these shores knows when he looks at the American flag that he is to be a citizen of a government where the poorest and the humblest have the right to advance and to lift themselves by taking advantage of every opportunity to advance themselves to the very highest places in the gift of the country."

"Why have our ancestors come here? Why have tens of thousands of men and women from all the countries in Europe come to this city and other cities in this state and in other states? It means something, to turn one's back upon the flag of one's native land, yet millions of men and women who loved their home, who loved their country and their country's flag and were willing to die for it, have left all these and have come to America because they knew here was more opportunity, more promise of advancement, than in any other land in the world. So we are grateful today, because we appreciate that we live in a country which does more for all of us than any other country, because we know there is boundless opportunity for each and every one of us; because we know that each and every one of us stands equal before the law; because we know that our children will enjoy blessings and privileges that no other children of any other race enjoy. So we do well to celebrate this day. We do well to display the emblem of our government, the starry banner; we do well to march our soldiers through the streets to thrill with pride the people of this city. We do well to decorate our homes; we do well to attend all of these ceremonies. But we do best, when we recall the blessings and the privileges of American citizenship and solemnly and sacredly pledge our confidence and trust in American institutions and renew our patriotism and give new assurance that whenever our country calls for any sacrifice to preserve or to defend her, each and every one of us stands ready to make that sacrifice and to preserve her liberty."

"So your governor has come to you,

not only to bring the congratulations of the state and to show Massachusetts' interest in your great city, but as well, he has come to learn from you; because this demonstration of your loyalty, coming as it does from children of so many emigrant races, coming as it does from the very backbone of the government, the working people, your governor is touched and impressed with the importance of being the servant in government, of such God-fearing, patriotic men and women; and I shall go back to my duties at the state house and to other cities and towns in the course of their demonstrations from time to time, prouder of Lowell than ever before, delighted and pleased with this patriotic demonstration and manifestation of her patriotism; and I shall feel that there is no brighter gem in the crown of Massachusetts than this great industrial city, and that if Massachusetts ever wants sons or daughters to defend her, there will be none more cheerful than the sons and daughters of Lowell."

"So your governor gives you words of cheer, with words of inspiration and patriotism; and as he is the representative of the state, and as all the people know, in Massachusetts, that the governor has chosen this city as the place where he wanted to give special evidence of his interest in the celebration of the people on this birthday anniversary of the American republic; and, as he has a right to speak for them, I am sure they will all want the representative of their state government to say to you that Massachusetts today is proud of Lowell, and Massachusetts today has looked on with admiration and with patriotism upon this splendid demonstration; and I bring to you all, to your fair city and to all its sons and daughters, the greetings of the best commonwealth of all the commonwealths in the Union, the commonwealth of Massachusetts."

#### REGIMENTAL DRESS PARADE

A very pretty feature of the observance was the regimental dress parade on the North common and Gov. Walsh, commander-in-chief of the state militia, enjoyed it immensely. It had been intended to hold a brigade parade but the plan was given up out of consideration for the men of the Eighth regiment who were just back from their arduous maneuvers and they were dismissed as soon as they had their dinner. The men of the Sixth regiment, with the governor and his staff and guests were there. Col. Warren S. Sweetser was in command and the men of the three battalions maneuvered for positions and then came to a battalion front. The troops stood at attention while the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." After that came the review past the governor. The companies were dismissed after the review.

#### GREAT CELEBRATION

Continued

Chinamen walked, wearing the native costumes of the various sections of the land from which they came.

The slabbing section or the "circus" of the South End club was the funniest thing ever. The clowns and "exhibits" in the animal line would make a wooden Indian laugh. This division kept everyone along the line of march laughing when it went by. All of the different features were excellent and those who participated in the event are entitled to the heartfelt thanks of the people of Lowell. It was a splendid exhibition.

After the parade Gov. Walsh and his party were given a buffet lunch in the old councilmanic chamber at city hall and the governor made a speech for the ladies. He told them what a fine time he had in the rain and how grateful he was for the wonderful tribute paid him by the people of Lowell. He later delivered a patriotic oration on the North common and viewed a dress parade of the Sixth and Eighth regiments.

#### Chief of Staff

Lieut. Harry G. Sheldon, Sixth Regiment, M. V. M., was chief of staff, and the mounted orderlies were: Sergt. Wilfred J. Benoit, Corp. Herbert H. Taylor and Corp. Ernest Mountain.

The mounted aids were: Dewey Archaibault, C. Frank Dupee, James C. McDermott, Sidney C. Perham, James Nelson H. Huntley, Jesse M. Currier, Edward Murphy, George Moyle, Dr. Edward W. Hinckley, John H. Burns, Joseph Couillard, Brent Johnson, Abel R. Campbell, William H. Saunders, William R. Richard, William L. Barlofsky, Joseph Landry, Jeremiah Connors, Howard D. Large, Andrew J. Coan, Winthrop S. Bean, Edward T. Dean, George J. Ahearn, Raymond A. Mellen, James H. Rooney and Arthur W. Colburn.

#### O. M. I. Cadets

The O. M. I. Cadets with their new uniforms were next in line and they won great applause for appearance, marching and numbers. The organization was headed by its own drum corps composed of forty musicians and the presence of the Cadets in line was greatly appreciated. The drum corps was in charge of Drum Major Thomas Carlin, while Major William Conroy commanded the battalion, the other officers being Adj't. Joseph Taft, Captains John Sullivan, Edward Goldrick, Al L'Esperance and Ed. Lecan; Lieutants J. Boyd, T. Garvey, L. Callahan, C. O'Dwyer, F. Callahan, P. Angelo, L. Richards, J. Mahoney, F. Delaney and Sergt. Major A. Latour.

The boys' uniform consisted of blue cap with pompon, West Point blue coat and white trousers. They featured military automobile ambulance, while in the rear of the line was a large auto-truck mounted with two machine guns, one a Colt and the other a Maxim, this feature being under the direction of Capt. Owen Conway.

The boys' made a hit and Company A won second prize for the best appearing company in the division.

#### FRENCH-AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS

Following the Cadets came the guards of the French-American Volunteer brigade of the United States. The guards marched as individual companies instead of in regimental formation, and they were headed by the A. G. Cadets Brass band, Arthur G. Gonet, conductor, Garde Frontenac, Col. Albert Bergeron in command, came first and the consensus of opinion along the route of the parade was that this guard was one of the best marching bodies of men in the parade. Then came Garde Sacre-Coeur, Lowell, Capt. Horace Desilets; Garde Marquette, Nashua, N. H., Capt. Charles Dlonne; Garde Laurier, Winchendon, Capt. Mose Babinus; Garde Nationale, Haverhill, Capt. Adelard St. Jean; Garde Champs, Manchester, N. H., Capt. Philippe Doucette; A. G. Cadets drum corps, A. G. Cadets, Major Arthur D. Lamoureux; Garde St. Louis, Lowell, Capt. Alfred Grenier; Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, Capt. Nelson J. Phillips.

Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, received third prize for the best appearing company of the division, while Garde Champs, Manchester, N. H., was awarded the special prize offered by the Citzens-Americans club for the best appearance and the largest number in line. The guards for this prize, which consisted of a handsome silk American flag were F. Rousseau, J. Payette and Timothee Roy. Garde Laurier of Winchendon carried off the

Concord to last page

The Sixth Regiment Then came the Sixth regiment, with Col. Warren E. Sweetser in command. The Sixth regiment band, Z. I. Bissonette, acting leader, followed by the drum and bugle corps, were next. The third battalion was commanded by Maj. William E. Dolan, the senior major, and it consisted of Company E.

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Regular price \$25.00

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### COATS

**\$7.50**

Regular prices \$12.50 and \$15.00

### WAIST

**49c**

Regular price 98c

### MIDDIES

**98c**

Regular prices \$1.50 and \$1.98

### WAIST

**49c**

Regular price 98c

### CHILDREN'S COLORED WASH DRESSES

**\$1.49**

Regular price \$1.98

### REG. SIZE WASH PETTICOATS

**49c**

Regular price 79c

### EXTRA SIZE WASH PETTICOATS

**49c**

Regular price 79c

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5c Yard

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Boys' wash suits, made of fine material, large variety of patterns and styles, \$1.00 to \$1.50 value, at.....

BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

## THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

## LOWELL CLUB DEFEATED

Lost to Manchester in 13 Inning Game by Score of 5-3—Morning Game Scoreless Tie

Lowell went down to defeat before the Manchester club in a fast and snappy game at Spalding park yesterday afternoon, after the teams had played a scoreless tie in the first game of the double header. The game was held in the Granite State city in the afternoon, the game being halted by rain in the midst of a pitcher's battle between Lohman and Horsey.

It took 13 innings for Manchester to clinch yesterday afternoon's game and the two teams had six runs apiece.

For four innings neither team was able to score, but then Manchester broke the log in the first of the fifth by scoring two runs.

Torphy, the first man up, was checked by excellent pitching and brilliant fielding until the fatal

inning when Manchester pushed over two runs, one assist and one error.

The first sucker played a fine game and cracked out a double and a single in

six trips to the plate.

During the next five innings neither team could score a runner.

McGeehan sacrificed.

Spires hit a slow roller to Houser.

When the latter threw imperfectly to Estes, King scored.

Dee then threw wild on Smith's grounder and Spires went to third and crossed the plate on Briggs' single.

A double play ended the inning.

Lowell went out one, two, three, in her half.

sacrificed along a base by Bowcock. They crossed the plate when Dee came through with a slashing double to right. Ahearn walked but Houser went out on a grounder to McGeehan. Manchester tied it up in the next inning on a couple of hits and a sacrifice.

During the next five innings neither team could score a runner. In the 13th, however, Houser hit King. McGeehan sacrificed.

Spires hit a slow roller to Houser. When the latter threw imperfectly to Estes, King scored.

Dee then threw wild on Smith's grounder and Spires went to third and crossed the plate on Briggs' single.

A double play ended the inning.

Lowell went out one, two, three, in her half.

The score:

MANCHESTER

	ab	r	h	bb	po	g	e
McGeehan, 2b	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Spires, 3b	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Briggs, rf	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
King, ss	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Smith, cf	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Dee, 1b	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Torphy, ss	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Fish, c	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Houser, p	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Totals	25	0	5	21	13	1	0

LOWELL

	ab	r	h	bb	po	g	e
Swayne, M	5	0	0	0	3	0	0
Fahey, 3b	5	0	0	0	3	0	0
Barrows, cf	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Bowcock, 2b	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Greenhalge, c	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Dick, ss	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Dee, 1b	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Green, rf	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Lohman, p	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Totals	25	0	4	18	10	0	0

Two base hits: Spires, Greenhalge. Sacrifice hits: Houser, Green. Left on

## KOPF PLAYING FINE FIELDING GAME FOR ATHLETICS AND BATTING WELL



PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—With Jack Barry out of the lineup of the Philadelphia Athletics, Kopf is playing shortstop in fine shape. He also is hitting the ball when a bit is needed. Mack says he will be a corker in another year.

Barry, Manchester, 4; Lowell, 6. Bases on balls. Off Houser, 3; off Lohman, 1. Struck out: By Houser, 3. Umpire: Keebler. Time: 1:13.

## MORNING GAME

In the morning game the downpour came at the end of Lowell's half of the seventh inning, putting an end to a grand pitching duel between "Hank" Horsey, who was fighting with might and main to annex his eighth straight win, and "Zek" Lohman, from faraway Texas, who was showing splendid form. Umpire Keebler called a halt for 20 minutes and at the expiration of that time the Lowell players took to the field, with Walter Shell up at the plate for the Textiles. "Stubber" Greenhalge, "Shorty" Dee and a few more of the Lowell club, anxious to connect with the trial back home, made it a point to kill all the time possible, and Shell never had a chance to get in his swings, for with three balls and one strike called on him, J. P. Mulligan got back to his work and the downpour came on again.

Indications were that several extra innings would have been on, for Horsey and Lohman were mighty sticky with the base hits, and when the plate was threatened the boxmen showed their best line of goods. Six of the visitors were left stranded on the marks, which serves as a good example of the effectiveness of Jack Keebler's winning pitchers. On other occasions with the visitors, extremely dangerous, Horsey shouldered the burden himself and came through with strike-outs. Lohman, too, was hard pressed occasionally, but nothing resembling a hit could be booked on him when a run would result.

The score:

MANCHESTER

	ab	r	h	bb	po	g	e
McGeehan, 2b	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Spires, 3b	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Briggs, rf	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
King, ss	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Smith, cf	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Dee, 1b	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Ahearn, c	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Houser, p	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Lohman, p	5	0	1	1	3	0	0
Totals	25	0	3	29	32	3	0

Off Houser in the 13th.

Manchester .... 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 5 Lowell .... 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 6 3

Two-base hits: Estes, King, Lohman, Spires, Barrows. Stolen bases: Bowcock, 2b. Double plays: Lohman, Estes and Dee. Left on bases: Lowell, 12; Manchester, 1. First base on errors: Lowell, 2; Manchester, 2. Bases on balls: Off Houser, 4; off King, 5. Hit by pitcher: Torphy, 2; King. Umpire: Keebler. Time: 2:10.

## SACRED HEART FETE

## PARISH LAWN PARTY HELD ON CHURCH GROUNDS GREAT SUCCESS—THE PRIZE WINNERS

The annual lawn fete or "at home" to the members of the Sacred Heart parish held at the parish grounds in Moore street Saturday afternoon and evening proved an unprecedented success.

In the afternoon a marathon from Belle Grove to the grounds was the big feature. Maxwell G. Sherburne of Tyngsboro being the winner. Sherburne clipped one minute from the time made by Goddard last year, making a new record for the course. Billy Salmon, the undisputed 60-year-old long distance champion runner of the world, finished in sixth position.

Following the marathon a varied list of sports took place under the supervision of John W. Daly, chairman of the sports committee. Mr. Daly offici-

ated with the gun at the marathon and at the grounds. The sports resulted as follows:

Shot put (16 lbs.)—Won by Wrenn; Andromeda, second, and Murphy, third. Distance, 43 feet, 2 inches.

Three-legged race—Won by Andromeda, second, Wrenn, and Sigalos, third. Distance, 36 feet.

Standing broad jump—Won by Wrenn, and Andromeda, second. Distance, 16 feet, 11 inches.

Three-legged race for girls—Won by Lilla Brooks and Mary Lynch; E. Welch and M. McMahon, second.

Egg and needle race—Won by F. Grady; Mary Lynch, second, and Lilla Brooks, third.

50-yards dash for girls—Won by Lilla Brooks, and Mary Lynch, second.

50-yards dash for boys under 12 years of age—Won by George Oliare and William Riordan, second.

Three-legged race—Won by Gannon and Linneman; Conlon and Lloyd, second.

Pie eating contest—Won by David Burke and Thomas Linneman, second.

In the evening an entertainment program was enjoyed and there was a concert by the Lowell Cadet band, Richard Griffiths leader. The entertainment program was a decided treat, and the soloists were given tumultuous applause after each selection. This feature was under the direction of James Cusack.

The midway, miniature circus and other attractions were all largely patronized and the fun lasted until midnight.

## GAMES TOMORROW

## New England League

Lowell at Worcester.

Lawrence at Manchester.

Lynn at Portland.

Pittsburgh at Lewiston.

American

Washington at Boston.

Philadelphia at New York.

Chicago at St. Louis.

Detroit at Cleveland.

National

Boston at Brooklyn.

New York at Philadelphia.

Chicago at Pittsburgh.

Federal

St. Louis at Kansas City.

Buffalo at Brooklyn.

New York at Baltimore.

Pittsburgh at Chicago.

## YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

## New England League

Lawrence, 4; Lynn, 3 (morning game, 5 innings).

Lynn, 2; Lawrence, 0 (afternoon game).

Pittsburgh, 5; Worcester, 3 (morning game, 12 innings).

Worcester, 4; Pittsburgh, 3 (afternoon game, 19 innings).

Lewiston, 6; Portland, 3 (morning game).

Portland, 5; Lewiston, 3 (afternoon game).

Manchester, 6; Lowell, 0 (morning game, 5 innings, called).

Manchester, 8; Lowell, 3 (afternoon game).

American

Boston, 4; Washington, 0 (morning game, 5 1/2 innings).

Boston, 6; Washington, 0 (afternoon game).

St. Louis, 3; Chicago, 1 (first game).

Philadelphia, 4; New York, 2 (first game).

Philadelphia, 2; New York, 1 (second game).

## A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

I sing of the arms and the men who quarter of a century ago made famous the Fourth of July parades, and the torchlight processions that marked the national campaigns for the sham-bang division of yesterday's great parade awakened memories. A fond memory it was that brought the light of other days around me and in the glare of that light there came trooping along before me the old Belles of Lowell and the merry Hosfords of more recent date, with their varied, original and side-splitting features. Surely yesterday's sham-bang division was a huge success not only for its own value but because of the memories it recalled to many of Lowell's old-timers.

Now and then when you run across George Conant, the well known electrician, William "Dick" Dickerman, Mayor's Secretary John H. Cull, Ralph Simmons or Fred Pearson, you will instantly recall the days when they were prominent in the affairs of the Belles of Lowell who organized originally as a political marching club but became a

## IT IS NOT WHAT YOU EAT THAT DOES YOU GOOD

It is what your stomach accepts and properly digests. Dys-pep-lets contribute to the value of good by helping the stomach in the process of digestion, by preventing sour stomach, distress, headache, nausea, indigestion. Why do you suffer from these troubles when Dys-pep-lets will help, prevent and give relief? Made from peach, bismuth, mint, rhubarb and other things good for the stomach; sugar-coated, pleasantly flavored—as nice to take as a dainty bit of candy. Pocket box 10c. Get it at your druggist.

## Keeping In Touch

When the up-to-date man wants to take a day off, a week-end trip, or even a month's vacation, he doesn't sigh "to get away from a telephone."

Like the late E. H. Harriman, he makes the telephone a servant, not a master; uses it when he deems it desirable to keep in touch with business affairs; and refuses to let it intrude upon his leisure, without warrant.

One talk daily to the office or factory, and—for a limited period, at least—the rest of the day belongs to the man who has the right kind of an organization.

There will be no toll charge on a Particular Party Call if you are not connected with the person whose name was given to the Toll Operator.

C. J. LEATHERS  
Manager.



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2nd—My office is clean and sanitary and the sterilization of instruments is a most important feature.

3rd—My prices are low, in fact lower than in any other office in Lowell.

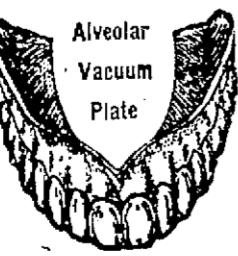
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Every day I hear someone say: "Oh, why did I not come to you first. How much better your work looks, and you did not hurt me one single hit."

Filings of gold, silver and porcelain are inserted painlessly, and when once in they stay in.

I make teeth that look and act like your very own. No more of those old, false looking sets, which the ordinary dentist makes, are made at my office.

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May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When through neglect or overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired feeling, I get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and restores me to perfect health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too highly of it. I take pleasure in recommending it to others."—Mrs. ANNIE CAMERON, R.F.D., No. 1, Swan Creek, Michigan.

Another Sufferer Relieved. Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my housework now, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all illing women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, Kennebago, Maine.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, etc.

In the down river city:

Did they make a hit?

The next day Lowell and her Belles were famed throughout the state for all the papers had lengthy stories of their unique contribution to the parade and the great enthusiasm with which they were greeted. Then the people of Lowell clamored for a look at the Belles in costume, and to satisfy them the organization conducted a torchlight parade of its own, meeting the expense from its own treasury and attracting to Lowell some of the leading torchlight companies. The parade of the Belles eclipsed the regular state parade. From that time until the close of the campaign the Belles were in demand all over the state and when the election was over they had become so famous that they decided to hold their members together by means of a permanent social organization and they permanently organized with Marie L. Gordon, president, John H. Cull, secretary and William O. Dickerman, treasurer, and some 50 or more members all of whom were well known young men holding positions of responsibility in the city.

Presented The "Mikado"

When the next Fourth of July parade came up for discussion all Lowell clamored for the Belles to put in a feature and they responded again, appearing in female attire, all wearing riding habits and made up like society belles. Their fame went abroad and they became the rivals of and perhaps excelled the celebrated Hart club of Charlestown which in those days presented a unique feature in feminine make-up in each 17th of June parade. But when the Belles excelled all previous efforts was when they put on a production of the Mikado in one of the Fourth of July parades, a feature that they were called upon to repeat and which earned for them invitations from all over the state. At that time Gilbert and Sullivan's famous comic opera was at the height of its popularity and had just finished a long run in Boston, under the management of the late John Stetson, one of America's leading theatrical promoters of his day. Stetson presented the first American production with Geraldine Ulmer of Charlestown, Mass., the most famous of all the many Yum Yums of the stage as the leading female character. Miss Ulmer, if I do not err, afterward married Sir Arthur Sullivan, who wrote the music of the opera. To give class to his first production Mr. Stetson had all the costumes made especially for his company in Japan and they were gorgeous and costly in the extreme. When the Stetson company closed its engagement what did the enterprising Belles of Lowell do but go to Mr. Stetson in Boston and purchase the entire set of costumes and in these they appeared in the Lowell parade. Either Frank Ford or Arthur Hildreth appeared as Yum Yum, all dolled up in the magnificent gold-trimmed costumes in which Miss Ulmer had delighted thousands, while the other two of the famous three little maids were George W. Conant and Harry Wright. Frank Clark as the Mikado, Fred Patterson, the printer, was Nanki Poo; Addison H. Churchill was Pooh Bah, while the other prominent characters were taken by "Major" Geer, Hugh Marsey, Ed. Allen, a relative of Hon. Charles H. Allen, Fred Litchfield, Fred H. Pearson, W. O. Dickerman and John Cull. They presented a crew of Japanese dignitaries that would have made Gilbert and Sullivan, or old D'Oyley Carte look them for a European production on sight, while the numerous gentlemen from Japan who on many a vase and jar bid for popularity had absolutely nothing on the Belles of Lowell.

The Belles Polo Team

In those days polo was all the rage in Lowell and the old rink in Gorham street drew great crowds to the games. The Belles went in for polo and had a bang-up team, one of their players, the late Billy Hill, afterward becoming one of the most famous professionals in the country. He was a brother of Thomas Hill, who formerly conducted the Waverly Hotel. The regular Belles of Lowell team consisted of H. Jules Mailoux, who in those days was employed at C. B. Cohn's, William H. Hill and Fred H. Litchfield, both of whom are dead. George A. Wilkins, William O. Dickerman and Frank A. Clark, Harry Wright, Fred Litchfield and John Cull were also members of the team. They won the championship of the local league for which among other trophies they were presented "medals" by George Conant. At that time Frank Clark was attending Amherst Agricultural college and

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

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The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

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## The Kind You Have Always Bought

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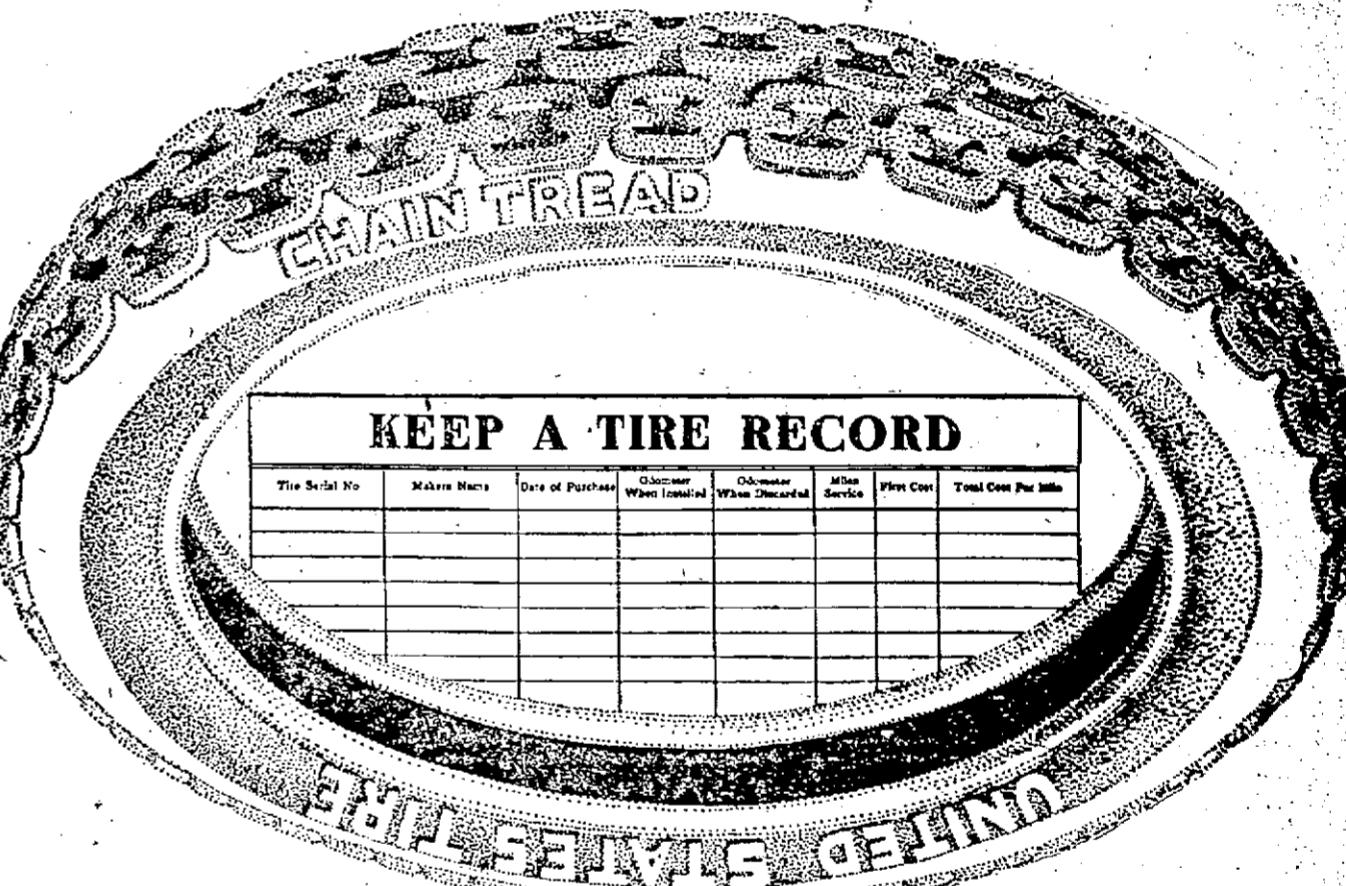
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PROBING THE DEMOS MURDER

John "Shgo" and Mike Finanze, both of whom appeared to be sound asleep as the parade went by. For several winter seasons afterward the Hosfords lived up to their reputation by holding character parties, burlesque basketball and polo games, and the simple announcement that the Hosfords were running a time was sufficient to pack Associate Hall. The club disbanded some few years ago. Some of the members of the Hosfords were Charles McManus, John Kelly, John J. Driscoll, Frank McCauley, Edward J. Burns, C. A. Rogers, Fred Gordon, Joseph A. McCusker, J. J. Donovan, A. Lovering, W. J. Collins, C. L. LeClair, T. F. Flynn, P. Noonan, T. E. Bertram, S. E. Schermerhorn, M. J. Hogan, W. P. Egan, F. R. Brown, J. T. Gorman, Dennis J. Kelley, J. A. McMahon, S. T. Adams, N. H. Shepard, S. C. Whittemore, J. J. Cull, M. E. Powers, N. J. Cook, A. E. Nault, T. E. McCawley, W. J. Hoar, L. J. Mahon, M. A. Cuff.

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## WINNING SOUTH AMERICA

The passing of old prejudices fostered for many years in South America against the United States, and the attempt of this country to gain the good will of the great southern republics are two direct influences of the war. Both North and South America have been more dependent than was prudent or necessary on the great countries of Europe, but we now seek to foster a real American interdependence to offset the mutual hardships arising from the European struggle. There is every prospect of success for the new movement which, if successful, will mark this era as one of the most prosperous in American history.

Robert O. Bailey, special representative of the foreign trade department of the National City bank, New York, has recently published the result of long investigation into South American conditions, with the object of educating American business as to the obstacles to be overcome in the capturing of South American trade. According to this authority two fundamentals demand recognition and action. These are, first: "The South American consumer must be educated to like and demand our manufactures. Second: "We must make it possible for him to become an ever-increasing purchaser by the investment of our capital in the industrial development of his country."

At the present time, or more properly, before the war, Great Britain had an investment of five billion dollars in Latin-American countries, and her trade there led the world. Germany and France follow with an approximate investment of two billion dollars. In Mexico and Cuba the United States has greater trade and more investments than all our competitors, but in the other countries our trade is slight out of all proportion with our commercial importance, and this in spite of the fact that we are the closest nation geographically with our southern neighbor, and should be the closest in every sense. As Mr. Bailey says: "It is a surprise and disappointment to realize by personal observation that the general reputation for success of the American business getter has not as yet extended to any considerable degree to South America."

If we are to succeed in South America, we must educate South America as to our goods and methods, for the tastes of South America are pro-European. England, Germany and France have been wisely active while we have been sleeping, and were it not for the great world disorganization we could not hope to compete with these nations for years to come. The European manufacturer and exporter have sought to create favorable feelings with their wealthy customers, and permanent trade organizations have done for these European nations what we now hope to do for the business of this country.

"It is the opinion of Mr. Bailey, in common with many other notable Americans, that the success of individual effort is almost prohibited by the expense. He advises a basis of cooperation between all leading business managers, with the sanction and support of the government and its agents, in order to advertise, exhibit and demonstrate American goods, and to employ sales methods with intelligence and perseverance until a demand shall be created for American goods. In this cause a combination would not seem to be in restraint of trade, but in the interests of legitimate trade, and so is to be supported.

Another factor that would make for better business relations is the investment of American capital in South America, which has heretofore been capitalized from Europe. The question of finance is one of the leading questions, and this is a most auspicious time to come to the aid of South America which cannot now get money in Europe to develop its resources and enterprises. In this, Mr. Bailey says: "The responsibility rests with the South American. He must bring to us an acquaintance with his country and its opportunities for capital investment. We shall be convinced and invest. He must be taught a familiarity with our manufactures and sales methods, and he will buy." This view seems logical, and as coming from a trade expert who has made an exhaustive personal investigation, it carries unusual weight.

## "NEW EVIDENCE"

It is amazing with what regularity new evidence is discovered in this country on the eve of the culmination of a famous case. Whether it be any one of the Thaw trials, the famous Frank case, or that of Becker, some witness comes forward at the eleventh hour with evidence that is alleged to clear the accused. Even though the trial or trials had dragged over many years, the attorneys for the accused can generally get somebody at the close to testify to startling facts that had not come out in the progress of the court grinds.

In the Becker case, the new evidence is particularly thrilling, in view of the fact that the condemned faces almost certain electrocution. Every resource of the law has been exhausted and nothing has been left undone which might in any way throw a new light on the murder of Rosenthal, but from first to last the positive guilt of Becker has shone out. Now an attorney of New York who at one stage of the game represented Bridie Webber, one of the self-confessed accomplices in the murder plot, has come out to assert that his client once declared Becker to be innocent, and the victim of a frame-up designed to save those who confessed.

## NO AMERICAN SHELLS

The German contention that thousands of German lives have been lost in the trenches because of American shells shot from the guns of the allies has received a serious jolt. The French minister of war has declared officially that "neither now nor at any time since the beginning of the war has the French artillery made use of any shells whatsoever manufactured in the world which would keep a man in the United States."

silent while another man was being wrongfully put to death for a crime he did not commit. It is time such ethics were abandoned. The same ethical considerations that bound Marshall at the first trial bind him now, and there are certain points in his story that they would also be used against the allies. If German agents could come here, purchase them and ship them successfully into their ports. American manufacturers simply demand the same privilege that has always been enjoyed by the Krupps—the privilege of making arms and ammunition as a factor that would make for absolute justice to all.

## PORFIRIO DIAZ

A very remarkable personage has gone in the person of Porfirio Diaz, the former president of Mexico, who died an exile in Paris last Friday evening.

His early life reads like a chapter of peculiarly lurid romance. Meant for the church, and later for the law, he was lured to the life of the soldier in his youth, and it was as a soldier he won his fame in the Mexican struggles of half a century ago and carved his way to the highest position in the hour, and they are piling up vast quanti-

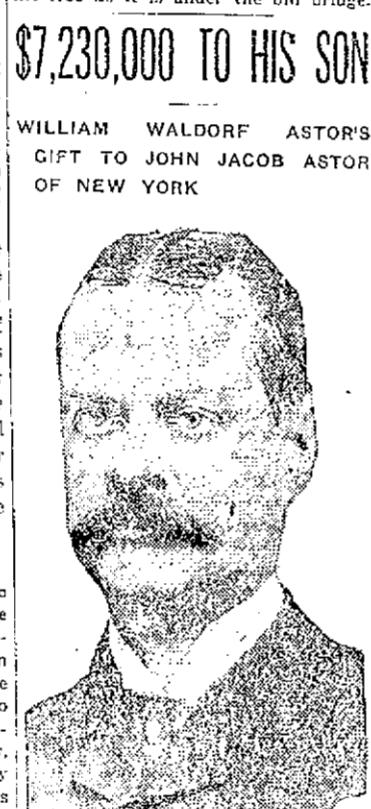
ties of ammunition to use against the German trenches in the near future. Germany sees this preparation and to offset it has sought to prevent the export of American munitions of war. Such attempts, bolstered up by such methods, will fall on America, while remaining neutral, will still enjoy the privileges that are hers by accepted law and international usage at all times.

## BRIDGE DEVELOPMENTS

Several recent aspects of the bridge question are really most annoying to the municipal council. After our city authorities had very flagrantly thrown over all good business methods, there are certain strong obstacles to be overcome. In the first place the hydraulic engineers of the Locks and Canals company state that the plans are not safe, although our four municipal council bridge experts had declared their fullest confidence in them, and the proposition of President Sullivan of the Bay State company is still more confusing. Mr. Sullivan is ready to give the city \$5000 if the bridge plans are passed upon favorably by the experts who pass on all Bay State projects—the well known firm of J. R. Worcester company. This would be a simple matter were it not that Mr. Deumon, who drafted the plans, professed a strong antipathy to any dealing with the company in question, at some of the council meetings at which the bridge bungle was put through. Apparently council must submit to the railroad proposition—a very reasonable one—or turn aside the offer of \$5000. Since our municipal council has gone to such lengths to suit the visiting expert, they may look upon the loss of \$5,000 as a trifle, but the Lowell public is at last aroused to the folly of the entire transaction, and if our commissioners do not at last do business properly, Lowell will ask the reason why. We do not care to take chances in building an \$80,000 bridge in a manner that will involve serious financial risks to the city and even less to the citizens in that vicinity should the bridge fail to keep the river channel free as it is under the old bridge.

**\$7,230,000 TO HIS SON**

WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR'S GIFT TO JOHN JACOB ASTOR OF NEW YORK



WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR

William Waldorf Astor was born in 1865, but has spent most of his life in England. He holds a commission in the English army, but it has not been announced whether he has gone to the front.

## Colorado and What it Means.

The Perfect Summer Resting Place

Sun-baked, bright eyed, rosy-cheeked youngsters; Burro (donkey) riding, fishing, climbing, wild flower gathering; eating good wholesome food with the appetite of a tired man; sleeping the sound and restful sleep of health; comfortable quarters at moderate prices; all of this and glorious scenery; all of this is expressed in the one word "Colorado."

A few weeks spent there next summer will add to your life, not only in point of time, but in pleasure and memory of the kind that last and make life worth while.

On request, and without charge, I will send you pictures, maps, etc., giving more about Colorado, taking you to the fashionable hotels for the summer, and the best of comfortable inns and boarding places for those who require good but less expensive fare. I can help you in a number of ways, if you will be in the use of me, in arranging for your summer trip to the west. To Colorado, to Colorado, or to other parts of the West.

Write, telephone or call while you are in the summer. Don't put it off.

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Medical, surgical and obstetrical cases. Graduate nurses in attendance. Helen M. Garret, R. N. Registry for nurses. Tel. 4222.

## RUSSIA HAS APOLOGIZED CARGO FOR GERMANY

## GOVERNMENT APOLOGIZES TO SWEDEN FOR VIOLATION OF LATERO'S NEUTRALITY

LONDON, July 6, 5:15 a. m.—The Russian government has apologized to Sweden for the violation of the latter nation's neutrality by the fact that a stray shell "accidentally" fell within Swedish waters owing to a fog during the pursuit of German vessels, says a Russian despatch from Petrograd.

The German mine layer Albatross, which was badly punished by Russian warships in the naval battle in the Baltic sea on July 2 and fled into Swedish territorial waters, where she was run aground near Henniker. Russian ships pursued her, it was reported, within the three mile limit.

This incident was likened to the affair of the coast of Chile when British cruisers sank the German cruiser Dresden. Great Britain apologized to Chile for this violation of neutrality.

## MATHEW TEMPERANCE INST.

The members of the Mathew Temperance Institute held their regular meeting Sunday forenoon with President Walter T. Powers in the chair. Two applications for membership were received and a new member was initiated. A feature of the meeting was the installation of the recently elected officers, who are as follows: President, Walter T. Powers; vice-president, Bernard E. Connors, Jr.; treasurer, Frank J. Lincoln; financial secretary, William H. Carey; recording secretary, Edward T. Draper; marshal, Patrick J. Kane; board of trustees, John F. Sullivan, John E. O'Neill and Henry J. McLaughlin; board of examiners, William E. Cummings, Martin F. Dacy and George E. Bell. With the exception of the office of financial secretary the board of government, which served the past six months, is composed of the same members.

Plans were discussed for the observance of the 12th anniversary of the organization and the president was authorized to appoint a committee of five members to decide as to the nature of the observance.

## RACE AND CRUISING RUN

PORTLAND, Me., July 6.—After two days of waiting, a brisk westward wind sent the fleet of the Eastern Yacht club flying down the Maine coast under a clear sky today for a 50-mile race and a 70-mile cruising run. Conditions were perfect for sport when the boats left the harbor shortly after 7 o'clock. Some 200 yachts were racing yester-

day. The start of the race was at Witch Rock buoy at 5 o'clock. The Narrows and Vega were sent off in the lead, followed by the larger yachts, with the Constellation and Enchantress bringing up the rear. The finish was to be at Whitehead light, a distance of 51½ racing miles.

It was planned that the yachts should continue up Musel Ridge channel and the western Penobscot to Gilkey's harbor, Islesboro. There a dance was arranged for this evening.

## TELEPHONE ALARM

Hose 8 responded to a telephone alarm at 5:15 o'clock this morning for a curtain fire in a house at 624 Market street, owned by Bennett Silverblatt. The damage was small.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

the Signature of *Pat H. Fletcher*

Always bears

the Signature of *Pat H. Fletcher*

LATEST DESIGNS  
IN WOMEN'S WEAR

## THE SUN FASHION PAGE

FEMININE HINTS  
AND NOVELTIES

## IN MILADY'S BOUDOIR

BY GWEN SEARS

## TO MAKE YOUR FIGURE FINE

Some women have an idea that fat may be eliminated by wearing tight corsets. This may be true to a certain extent provided the corset is specially designed and fitted to one's figure for that purpose. The average corset only succeeds in changing the position of the fat and does not get rid of it. The looser the corset is laced the easier it is to keep the weight down, for the woman who tightly laces her waist accumulates fat.

To hop is not only a fine thing for the hips but benefits the entire figure. First lift one foot from the floor and hopping about the room, first on one foot and then on the other. When one has learned to balance the body, raise the foot until the hand may grasp the heel, and then in this position hop about on either foot. When this exer-

## LADY LOOKABOUT

The delightfully clean paved streets of the city, left in that condition by last week's heavy rainfall, give a good idea of the effect flushing would have on these thoroughfares. In many cities flushing of the paved streets is done during the night. The sewers carry off the water and debris, and the morning finds the streets sweet and clean, no unsanitary odors being given off, and the dust, not merely laid, but thoroughly removed. This latter feature of flushing, the thorough removing of dust without recourse to brooms and sweeping, is one which should appeal to boards of health and to all persons interested in conserving the public health. It is a recognized fact among physicians that one or two windy, dusty days, brings an aftermath, an epidemic almost, of eye, nose, and throat afflictions caused by the germs-laden dust being brought into contact with the mucous membranes lining these organs. The same condition prevails in a lesser degree in localities where abutments sweep off their sidewalks in preference to washing them down with the hose. Street-sweepers keep dust in a constant state of agitation, well-calculated to the furtherance of infectious diseases. Much of this could be avoided by street-flushing, and it is to be hoped that our own city, which now has many miles of excellent smooth paving, will soon see its way to cleansing its streets in this manner.

"O woman  
Uncertain, coy and hard to please."  
I think he meant man!

Fish Stories  
So it is oil that kills the fish in our local streams! I am glad to know it, for it explodes many a good fish story of how you had to do was lean out of the boat and catch them as they were so thick." Often I have thought they must have been thick indeed to permit of any such easy capture. Now it is all explained—they had been killed by oil. Seriously, it is a fact that in the lower Concord, at least, at times many dead fish may be seen floating on the water in the vicinity of plants which discharge sewage into the river. Unless conditions have been corrected within a year or two, any one who has frequented this river in the neighborhood of the rendering company and the mills in North Billerica will verify this statement. In both of these places, thick scums of grease may be seen floating on the water which not only discourages fish life, but bathing and boating as well.

Wearing an Expression  
And now, girls, if you would be right up to the minute, you must cultivate and wear on your faces, a childish expression. Heaven help us, and so many of us over seven! I call it an outrage. Why, we have hardly recovered from the attempt to dispense with our spines. That was hard enough, for there were moments when it would assert itself despite our efforts to suppress it. But now, picture some of us, workers, thinkers, going about with a pseudo-babylon expression. Yet there are those among us who will attempt it—artificial artlessness, a bright young person has called it. Now, girls, here is some good sisterly advice: do not forget that thought furrows the face, and the deeper the thought the deeper the furrows; only mental vacuity retains the smoothness and artlessness of childhood, so give it up girls if you are over seven—anyway, let us call it seven.

The Vanishing Hobble  
Just as the street cars present themselves to us equipped with two very convenient steps on either side, replacing the one former very inconvenient step, Dame Fashion railroad the tight hobble skirt out of existence and orders skirts of such unusual width and shortness, that many of us could board a car with ease, if we had no steps at all. Of course we are not concealed enough to consider for a moment that our skirts were of the least effect in influencing legislation in regard to affixing the extra step, but we cannot help thinking that, although the new step is of great convenience to many, the aged, the infirm and the young, some two or three years ago when we were in the midst of the hobble, the innovation of the extra step would have done the greatest good to the greatest number. However, a good thing is good at any time, and as I mount the little flight leading to my seat, I love to pretend that I am climbing into a Fifth avenue bus. You cannot believe how it causes the worries of heat and living dust, and congested traffic to vanish.

Resinol  
will heal this rash  
I never worry if I have a little rash or other eruption break out—I just put on a bit of Resinol Ointment. That takes out theitching and burning instantly and soon clears the trouble away. I learned of Resinol Ointment through our doctor prescribing it for my brother, Tom had been almost frantic with eczema for months but that ointment healed his skin like magic.

Resinol Ointment contains nothing that could injure or irritate tender skin. It is an excellent healing dressing for poison-ivy, sunburn, sores, chafing, burns, etc. For trial free, write to Dept. 12-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Sold by all druggists.



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THE PLACE TO BUY  
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PORTRAITURE  
The Marion Studio  
CHALIFOUX BUILDING  
Telephone 820  
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Renton, Scotland, has a woman letter carrier.

Women are acting as street cleaners in Cardiff, Wales.

Girls are employed as messengers in the British war office.

Women are now eligible to become notaries in North Carolina.

Woman suffrage amendments will be voted upon in seven states this year.

The Women's Trade Union League will build a labor temple in New York.

Female school teachers in New York are said to be the best paid in the world.

Miss Alexa Stirling, the southern woman's golf champion, is only 17 years of age.

Women are working \$4 hours a week in one of the large armament factories in England.

Miss Dita M. West directs over 100 trains entering and leaving Atlanta, Ga., every day.

Miss Laura M. White has been doing

## PRETTY DESIGNS FOR SUMMER WEAR WITH SHORT JAUNTY JACKETS AND SUSPENDERS AS NOTABLE FEATURES—LOOSE COAT FOR GIRLS IN VARIETY OF OUTING CLOTH



Short jaunty jackets and suspenders make two such notable features of summer fashions that these two costumes are especially noteworthy. The girl's suit shows a six-gored skirt flaring abundantly and gracefully that can be finished either at the Empire or natural waist line, and with it an Eton jacket. In the picture, the costume is made of linen trimmed with braid and the material and trimming are both excellent, but of course the treatment is good for other fabrics as well as for the linen for cotton crepe, for plique or for the taffeta that is so much in vogue and there are of course various other possibilities to be found in the de-

sign. If something less severe and more dressy is wanted, taffeta could be used with ruches on the skirt and edging the jacket and when it is made in that way, the costume takes on quite a different aspect. If it becomes fluffy and picturesque rather than tailored and simple, yet the model is suited to both treatments.

The suspender costume shows not alone good style and treatment, it also makes a practical suggestion for remodelling, for the skirt is cut in two pieces with a panel at each side and of course it is easy to cut over any skirt from last season in such a way. Since contrasting materials are

used, the panels can be made from a different fabric, of all over embroidery or of whatever may suit the special skirt. The wide belt is an interesting and a very generally becoming feature and the suspenders are exceedingly smart, but neither is necessary for the skirt can be finished with a plain under facing or belt and the suspenders can be omitted, if something simpler is wanted. The blouse is one of the favorites of the season, with full fronts and plain backs. The collar can be rolled open as it is here or buttoned up closely about the throat.

Summer outing is sure to create the need for just such a loose coat

as this one and also for the simple girl's costume that is shown at the right. The coat is exceedingly smart in its lines, taking just the pocket that are gathered at their upper edges are especially interesting. In the picture the material is striped linen and stripes unquestionably are pronounced favorites of the season, but as a matter of course the dress can be copied in any seasonable material. In plain linen or colored linen or in one of the cotton crepes or voiles, either striped or figured. Voiles, made just as shown here and in the illustration the skirt is made of linen and the coat of cotton ratin of an exceedingly handsome practical dress.

missionary work in China for the past 24 years.

Labor laws for women have recently been enacted in Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts and Wyoming.

Joan Sawyer, the actress, has left New York to motor to San Francisco in six weeks on a wager.

Woman motor truck drivers in England are being paid \$7.50 per week, the same rate paid to men.

Notre Dame Academy at Notre Dame, Ind., has adopted a course of automobile study for its women students.

Berths in London are averaging nearly \$100 a week below the figures

for the corresponding week in previous years.

Southern club women are asking for state appropriations to extend the work of the agricultural colleges to farm women.

Mrs. Kate Hoffman, 36 years of age, has been a resident of the town poor house at Uniondale, Pa., for the past 45 years.

Mrs. Laura Dow has been elected secretary of the Wisconsin Press association, and is the first woman to hold the position.

New Mexico has passed a law providing for the appointment of women on the government boards of State institutions in the discretion of the governor.

In the northern part of Italy the wives and daughters of the men at the front are being trained to take their places in street car and railroad work.

Miss Elsie De Wolfe, the noted dresser of New York, has been engaged by a large automobile concern to design the inside decorations for their high-priced cars.

In the absence of her husband, who has been called to the front, Mrs. Geo. Kendall, wife of the Methodist minister in England, will have charge of six churches.

Miss Powell, a little English girl who has been appointed as a call girl in one of the large London theatres, is said to be the first girl in the world to hold such a position.

Miss Abby Woodhull, a former school teacher, has made a great success as manager of a farm at Wading River, L.I. She is also an authority on all subjects pertaining to farming.

Thirteen of the government schools for the training of teachers in Egypt have been especially set apart for women students and now have an attendance of 2,000 girls with forty-two trained teachers.

Two philanthropic women in New York have opened a mending shop.

which gives employment to needy girls who are employed there at \$7 per week for easy hours in a sanitary shop.

Miss Bernice Sofridero, of Butte, Mont., who received a degree of bachelor of arts and bachelor of law from the University of Montana, has the distinction of being the first girl to receive LL.B. from that university.

Miss Palmyre Shepens, for years connected with the Malson Daimier-Petitjean, the famous lace establishment in Brussels, Belgium, is now in this country trying to dispose of over half a million dollars worth of hand-made Belgian lace, the proceeds from the sales to go towards relieving destitute lace makers in that country.

But what shall I take to wear?"

asked Marjorie, sobering suddenly.

"Well, have a camp blouse as loose and comfortable as you please," suggested Marie, "but have it of a material which is not transparent and have it made with a collar which comes up high at the back of the neck, with the skirt being short enough to admit of active exercise in walking, stepping, etc.

The skirt should also be easy to get into and should have deep pockets at the hips, as there are a dozen and one little things one wants to drop into the pockets on an outing, and it is always most comfortable to have the hands

entirely free. Under the short khaki skirt should be knickers of thin silk and these with a boned athletic corset or girdle, and a light weight uniform, which may be washed out without fading, will constitute all the undergarments necessary.

"The smart buttoned boots and dainty pumps will be left at home in favor of stout camping boots, coming well above the ankles, but do not forget that these boots will seem very heavy and tiresome after a long tramp in the woods, and take along a pair of heelless moccasins for camp."

It is proposed to establish somewhere in the west of England a training school where women police can be trained for work outside of London.

"Oh, isn't that fine," responded Marie, entering into her little friend's enthusiasm at once.

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Thousands of washerwomen employed in the public wash houses of Paris are facing a serious crisis.

After nine months of war many families who have been compelled to

are retrenching and using old clothes instead of linen on the table and doing their own washing and laundry work.

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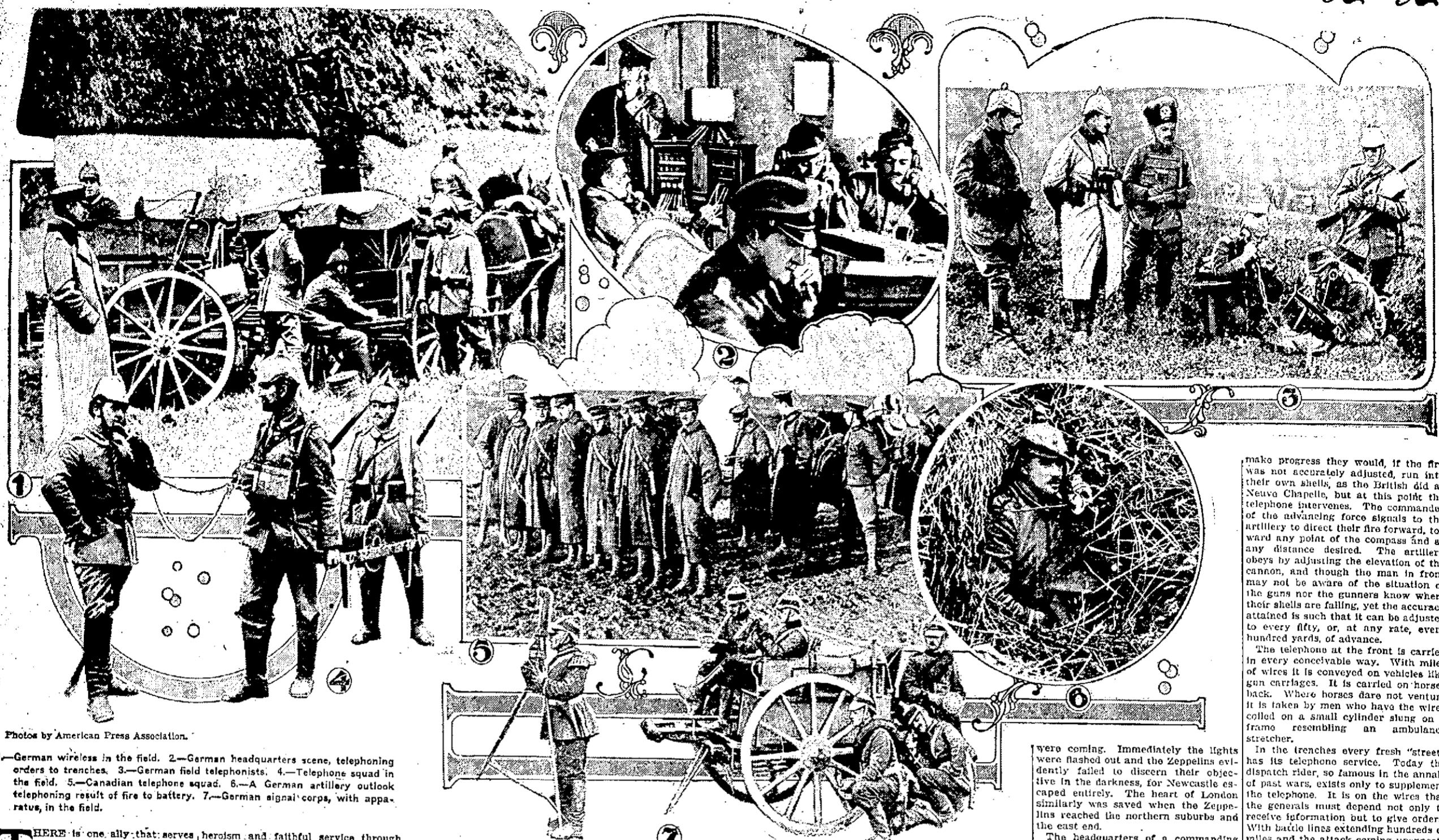
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# TELEPHONE IS ALLY OF ALL ARMIES



Photos by American Press Association.

1.—German wireless in the field. 2.—German headquarters scene, telephoning orders to trenches. 3.—German field telephonists. 4.—Telephone squad in the field. 5.—Canadian telephone squad. 6.—A German artillery outlook telephoning result of fire to battery. 7.—German signal corps, with apparatus, in the field.

HERE is one ally that serves all the armies. It is the telephone. It not only helps them in the fierce hours of battle, but also in the weary hours of the watches spent in the trenches and on lonely outposts.

The various ends served by this instrument in war, says the Telephone Review, are typical of the multitude of its uses in less picturesque but more productive accomplishments of peace. Indeed, a host of peaceful counterparts may be cited for each warlike adaptation of the service. Thus we have the telephone as a source of amusement and diversion; as the instrument of

heroism and faithful service through great crises or in the face of peril; as a means of insuring safety and protection; and, as in the terrible blunder at Neuve Chapelle, the lack of telephone service as the cause of catastrophe. When a shot of the enemy happened to cut the wires the British artillery kept firing after the British troops had advanced into the line of fire because the message to stop the cannonade had failed to reach the gunners.

More grateful is it to read of the phone as an entertainer on the stricken field. A recent dispatch told the following story of a British officer in Flanders:

"The officer spends lonely hours in the windmill in charge of the telephone exchange from which the batteries are worked. The men in the trenches and the gun pits pity his loneliness and invent a scheme to cheer him up, so after dark, when the cannonading slackens, he puts the receiver to his ears and listens to a Tyrolean ballad sung by an orderly and to the admirable imitation of a barking dog performed by a copper and a Parisian chanson delightfully rendered by the aviator."

Some of the incidents told in the dispatches show that the "hello girls" in

the desperate hours of war exhibit the same heroism as they have frequently displayed in the greater catastrophes of peace.

When the Russians made an incursion into the town of Memel, in East Prussia, recently, Field Marshal von Hindenburg rang up the Memel postoffice, after receiving news of the Russian aggression, he expressed to the girl who answered his call "his astonishment and joy" that she and her colleagues had remained at their posts.

Prince Joachim, one of the Kaiser's sons, presented the heroine with a silver watch and "words of lively recognition."

Our telephone heroines who remain at the switchboard while fire rages in the floor below may not receive commendation from King or Kaiser or Kaiser's son, but the recognition they are accorded is not less valued.

England for its defense against Zeppelin raids is depending as much on the telephone as on its anti-aircraft guns. Newcastle, whose shipyards were undoubtedly the objective of a recent Zeppelin raid, received warning by telephone from Blyth that the Zeppelins

were coming. Immediately the lights were flashed out and the Zeppelins evidently failed to discern their objective in the darkness, for Newcastle escaped entirely. The heart of London similarly was saved when the Zeppelins reached the northern suburbs and the east end.

The headquarters of a commanding officer are like the main office of any vast business enterprise. With every point in the field the general is in contact, even while the fight is raging. Even as the troops move forward to the attack, telephone wires move with them, and telephone operators, say three or four or more to a battalion, are in constant communication with an exchange station. That station, again, is in communication with a long circuit by radiating lines, as, for instance, with the bureau of the general and the quarters of the principal officers.

As the attacking party advances the ground in front of them is swept by the shells. As the soldiers continue to

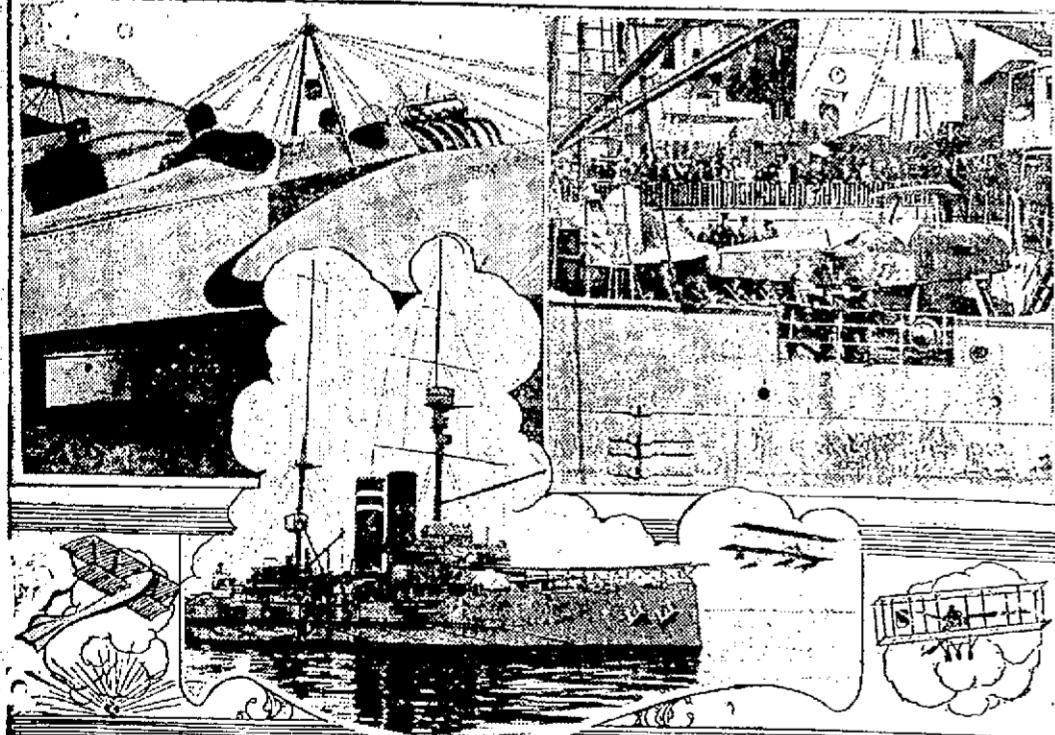
make progress they would, if the fire was not accurately adjusted, run into their own shells, as the British did at Neuve Chapelle, but at this point the telephone intervenes. The commander of the advancing force signals to the artillery to direct their fire forward, toward any point of the compass and at any distance desired. The artillery obeys by adjusting the elevation of the cannon, and though the man in front may not be aware of the situation of the gun or the gunners know where their shells are falling, yet the accuracy attained is such that it can be adjusted to every fifty, or, at any rate, every hundred yards, of advance.

The telephone at the front is carried in every conceivable way. With miles of wires it is conveyed on vehicles like gun carriages. It is carried on horseback. Where horses dare not venture, it is taken by men who have the wires coiled on a small cylinder slung on a frame resembling an ambulance stretcher.

In the trenches every fresh "street" has its telephone service. Today the dispatch rider, so famous in the annals of past wars, exists only to supplement the telephone. It is on the wires that the generals must depend not only to receive information but to give orders. With battle lines extending hundreds of miles and the attack coming unexpectedly at any point it is only by the swiftness of the telephone message that re-enforcements can be sent to weakened spots in time to win victory or save disaster.

Thrilling stories by the hundred are told of men on both sides of the great conflict in Europe, who with a wire and receiver strapped to them have crawled out to dangerous observation points and, living hidden, have sent back the information on which the fate of the day's battle has depended. Without the telephone the war could hardly be carried on with millions of men under the ultimate control of a single man.

## No Army Can Do Without Big Aero Service



Photos by American Press Association.

Top, left—German military aviator receiving instructions before flight. Top, right—British aeroplane on transport arriving at base in France. Lower—British hydroaeroplane leaving warship.

GRANTED efficient air scouts, says Claude Grahame-White, the British aviator in chief, a commander should know exactly from day to day not only what his opponent is doing at the moment, but where his reserve troops are being moved and at what points his battle front is being strengthened or thinned. The element of surprise, once so vital in war, has been almost eliminated. It is of no avail for one commander to have a subtle move in mind. The new scout, the enemy's supercav, who passes high above the lines, finds it all out.

Today when great nations fight there is scarcely a possibility—as there was, say, in the time of Napoleon—for a swift and brilliant master stroke. When such vast bodies of men are employed every movement is necessarily slow. Such forces as are now used cannot be moved, cannot be flung impulsively at a critical position, without the foe's air scouts discovering the intention, following it and robbing it of its prime object—surprise. The result of the air service is that the point threatened is protected. Troops are

shipped and force is held by force. As to the offensive element of air craft this famous expert declares that what has been surprising is the amount of damage they have done. "Not that this damage has been considerable, for it has not, but it has been far greater than many would have thought possible. With no experience worth the name, and with no missiles or releasing gear that were anything but experimental, the aviators in this campaign have been able—almost entirely through their own courage and skill—to pursue a guerrilla form of warfare which merely from its harassing and disconcerting aspects has had a marked effect upon the enemy attacked."

Mr. Hammond has submitted to the Aero Club of America a detailed plan to provide for coast defense, aeroplanes equipped with wireless and a chain of radio stations, which, he says, will make it possible to protect the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and the Mexican border with thirty-three aero zones and the same number of radio stations.

"It is my belief," says Mr. Hammond, "that by applying radio systems to aeroplanes and the establishment of aero scouting districts or areas along our seaboard we can provide for our country an invaluable unit of defense. It must be borne in mind that our coast line is so extensive and our navy at present of such small size and comparatively slow speed that it is essential for us to develop scouting facilities of extraordinary efficiency.

"To cover our coast line it would be

necessary to have forty-four aeroplanes and forty small portable houses, each with an aerial mast about eighty to ninety feet high. The house would be used as a receiving station and an aeroplane hangar. To man the system properly it would require three shifts of aviators, or 132 men, and forty telegraphers. By introducing the wireless telephone and land phone experts in this line could be done away with. The initial expenditure would not be more than \$325,500.

"If the national guard and naval militia of the coastal states undertook this plan the burden of their contribution toward it would be in direct proportion to their coast line, and therefore to their openness to attack."

"With such a system it would be possible in time of war for Washington to know every hour and a half the exact conditions along our entire coast."

Robert R. McCormick, war correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, recently wrote after a visit to the British headquarters in Flanders:

"Any civilian who spends a reasonable time with this army will realize not only that our nation is in real danger from lack of military preparedness, but that our regular army itself is in no shape to take the field. I do not know how many aeroplanes the British army has at present, but I do know that it lost on one stormy night more aeroplanes than our army has ever possessed."

Congress must appropriate for the repair and transport equipment of an army flying corps and must buy a number of aeroplanes unless our generals are to fight blind. But it could add a valuable volunteer fleet for use in war by providing for the commissioning of aeroplane owners who maintained a certain standard of equipment and skill. This might lead to a healthy growth in American aeronautics. Such scientific and patriotic activity would be better for rich men's sons than other adding to or spending father's fortune."

"Unquestionably there would be an occasional fatality, but if the American people cannot screw up enough fortitude to face sacrifices of this kind it will before long come under the domination of a people less decadent."

"The British air army has the wonderful record of not one fatality from accident since the war started. And, strangely enough, its proportion of loss from all causes is less than that of artillery, cavalry or infantry."

"I saw the very machine that alone engaged twelve Germans and brought two to the ground. I was shown the weapon which had been so successful. I did not see—what would have interested me more—the man who alone started me shot."

"The knights of old were driven from the battlefield by the low born soldier with the musket. The soldier of today must now yield even the field of honor to the air machine."

The republic of San Marino, which literally came on to the map when it entered the war on the side of Italy, is so small a state that it really is rarely to be found on any except the largest maps of Europe. Most geography books ignore its existence, yet it is the oldest existing republic as well as the smallest.

For more than 1,000 years it has remained secure in its independence in its place in the sun on the flat top of Monte Titano, 2,650 feet above the sea. Its entire area is but thirty-three square miles, and its population but 11,041. When it promised to aid its friend Italy "to the last man" San Marino mustered its armed forces and counted thirty-nine officers and 556 men.

Nominally the republic of San Marino has been at war with Austria ever since 1866. This is due to its smallness, for the treaty of peace which gave the region of Venetia to Italy, arranged between that country and Prussia and Austria, made no mention of the republic, which considered herself an ally of Italy. Garibaldi, with some Marinelli among his forces, was still fighting in the Trentino west of Trent and threatened to besiege the city when Victor Emmanuel II ordered him to return in 1867. A new treaty of friendship with Italy was concluded June 28, 1907, and revised in 1908, but peace was never formally made with Austria.

Dominating the Adriatic, San Marino forms a useful point for the mounting of big guns, but the value of her entry into the war on the side of Italy has a still more useful side than that. It is one which has never before belonged to the tiny state. In all its long existence, if San Marino had remained neutral Austria could have used this mountain top as a most valuable resting place for its attacking air craft.

On Nov. 12, 1914, San Marino defied the kaiser in a reply to the demand of the German ambassador that the wireless station at Monte Titano, which is in direct communication with the Eiffel tower, be abolished. San Marino in its reply recalled the ancient traditions of liberty and the dignity of the republic and described the demand of the ambassador as an unjustified and intolerable interference.

"The republic of San Marino," it said, "strong in its right, has never permitted interference by other states in its internal affairs."

In January last the German government protested at San Marino, accusing the republic of encouraging espionage through its wireless station and threatened to send a German commission to inquire into the matter. The republic declined to receive the commissioners.

The little state is tolerably safe on top of its mountain. The capital, San

## San Marino, Smallest But Oldest Republic



Photos by American Press Association.

Embattled peak on which San Marino lies. Above—Procession of captains-regent. Below—Annual election of captains-regent. Drawing lots at high altar of cathedral.

whose three summits are ringed with fortifications. Strongly fortified by nature, that the Marinelli could hurl a powerful invader into the sea.

Once before, in the eighth century, the people of San Marino defeated the Germans, or at least the Holy Roman Empire. In the person of the mighty Charlemagne, who according to his natural, and the entrance of San Marino, was destined to



The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 6 1915

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT



THE EQUAL SUFFRAGE FEATURE

Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

## GREAT CELEBRATION

Continued

prize for the company coming the longest distance, having traveled 49 miles.

**Greek Holy Regiment**

Following the French companies was the Greek Holy regiment commanded by Capt. Costas Constantines. This organization was composed of veterans of the Turkish-Balkan wars. Lowell and out-of-town companies. They were headed by the Orpheus band of Haverhill, Nickolaos Rabouni, leader, and the Hellenic band of this city. The American and Greek flags were carried in the line by two boys dressed in their quasi-national costume.

**Polish Military Companies**

The rear of the semi-military division was taken up by Polish Military companies headed by the Polish Cadet band of this city. The men wore brilliant and attractive uniforms and they made a fine appearance. The St. Michael society was commanded by Capt. Joseph Stachusky, while the St. Stanislaus society was in command of Capt. Joseph Sadowsky.

**The Roster:**

Chief Marshal, Joseph L. Lamouroux, Chief of Staff, Major Philip McNulty, (retired)

Chief Aide, Samuel A. Renaud, Lowell Military Band, Spanish American War Veterans of Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill, Commander Alexander D. Mitchell

Drum Corps, Lexington Minutemen, Major George F. Read

Drum Corps, Five Companies of Irish Volunteers from Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill, Major Thomas Daly

Drum Corps, Battalion of O. M. I. Cadets

French-American Regiment

Col. Albert Bergeron

**First Battalion**

Major Arthur D. Lamouroux, Garde Frontenac, Lowell, Lieut. Valerian

Garde St. Louis, Lowell, Capt. Grenier

St. Louis Zouaves, Lowell

Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, Capt. Nelson Phillips

Garde Sacre-Coeur, Lowell, Capt. Horace Desjardins

A. G. Cadets, Lowell, Capt. Alcide Bellefouille

Drum Corps

**Second Battalion**

Major J. B. Lariviere, Springfield

Garde St. Joseph, Fitchburg, Capt. Croton

Garde Lauren, Woburn, Capt. Moise Babinus

Garde Champlain, Manchester, N. H., Capt. Philip Ducey

Garde Lewis, Manchester, N. H.

Garde Nationale, Haverhill, Capt. Ad. G. St. Jean

Garde Marquette, Joshua, N. H.

Greek Holy Regiment, four companies

Capt. Anton Constantines

Greek Community

Bands, St. Stanislaus Hierarchy, Capt. Joseph Schuska

St. Michael Society, Capt. Joseph Sadowsky

## CIVIC AND SOCIAL DIVISION

The civic and social division, though like all the other divisions, suffering severely from the rain, was one of the most picturesque divisions of the entire parade.

Comprising the Chinese section, the Lowell Equal Suffrage display, the T. M. H. A. and the many business floats and other interesting features, it was full of life, color and interesting variety.

At the head of this division marched the banner bearer George Mozley of the high school regiment, Marshal Frank Dodge and his chief of staff, William M. Prescott, two Spanish war veterans. Then followed the Spindle City band, R. A. Griffiths leader and the bizarre and beautiful Chinese section.

**Chinese Display**

The Chinese display was one of the most elaborate ever seen in a parade in this city, representing the color, life and distinctive individuality of the Orient. Ancient Chinese costumes were worn, and there was an atmosphere of times back in the dawn of history.

The unusual blending of vivid colors was strikingly effective, many of the figures being as brilliant as stained glass effects, and there was a richness about the glamor and glitter that made this part of the parade like a dream of fairy brilliancy.

While Chinese music was played on strange flutes and beaten out on strange drums, mystic banners with silver and gold figures were borne by, and there were pictured episodes from Chinese life and history. Gorgeous silks from Chinese looms and thousands of flowers were used to make this feature effective, and the effect was worthy of the attempt.

The Chinese section cost over \$3000 to put on, the fee to the costumer alone being \$2500, and this cost was shouldered by the individual contributions of the United Chinese Association of Lowell.

First came two Chinese carrying respectively the stars and stripes and the flag of the new China. Then came Wong Yea Sue, secretary of the Chinese Association of Boston with members in vivid costumes.

As a contrast came some Chinese in American dress and then came Lee Hong Chong in all his glory on a horse that was bejeweled and bedraped into a glorified animal indeed. Lee looked as though he had stepped out of the royal Kanchu tombs of the old days of Oriental witchery. After Wong came twelve Chinese Boy Scouts, led by Willis Moy Ding.

## SLAM BANG DIVISION

Henceforth when a parade is held in Lowell similar to that of yesterday along with the "slam-bang" division which from its name implies a division given up to humorous and grotesque features, there should also be a historical or allegorical division to provide for features that are above the class of the distinctively slam bang attractions. In yesterday's parade there were two prizes for the slam bang division, and the first very proprie went to the South Ends who surely had fine feature of its kind and made countless thousands roar with laughter along the line. The Indians received second prize with their feature while the Princeton club got an honorable mention and the Broadway Social and Athletic club which had one of the most attractive features in the parade received nothing more material than the well earned applause of the crowds that lined the streets. The feature presented by the Broadways was too dignified to be classed as a slam bang feature and as there was no provision for such features as it presented it received no prize, but nevertheless it was one of the real attractions of the parade and its mem-

ber turned out in large numbers and went to much expense for the preparations and costuming of their feature.

But the South Ends had a real old fashioned slam bang float entitled "When the Circus Comes to Town," rivaling for merriment and grotesqueness the famous feature of the Hosfords of 15 years ago, which is referred to by The Old Timer in his article today.

The South Ends presented a "regular" circus complete in all its details even to the steam-elephant with real steam emanating from its chimney. The circus band had the special distinction of being tooted around town in the original patrol wagon of the police department. One could write a column descriptive of that circus for they were many and funny, and at that, were original. There were animals in the cages which consisted of inverted crockery crates, with their trainers. The animals consisted of members of the genus homo arrayed in skins, and sprawling on all fours. They didn't have much to say but they certainly had a touch job. The rain interfered with the embellishments of the circus performers as it did with the entire parade but it took more than a terrific rain storm to mar the beauty of Miss Dowd, the champion lady bare-back rider of the South common. She was decidedly "chic" in her heart-breaking blonde locks which the rain failed to "straighten." Her costume, whatever that is, would have done credit to the expert hair-dressers of the Hennessy or McKeon establishments in the Sun building. And the symmetry of figure disclosed by the ballet costume and tights made the most artistic conception of Venus look ungainly. The clown band was there with a series of sounds that closely rivaled a certain other band, but no fairs knocking. The acrobats in the hay wagon were on the job and amid the storm turned front and back flings with all the agility of professional performers. The So. Ends dug up all the available ponies, goats and pigs in town and had

**Votes for Women**

The Lowell Equal Suffrage league had a very effective display in the large float in which sat "Justice" with the suffrage stars and "Massachusetts," not suppliant, but erect and confident. This float was decorated with flags and banners and the yellow was much in evidence. "Justice" looked stately indeed in classic dignity, and "Massachusetts" could scarcely have looked more regal. A very striking contrast was afforded in the Greek beauty of the robes of Justice—white down and blue mantle—and the cap and gown worn by Massachusetts, appropriately black for the time being. The inscription on the float read "Massachusetts asks justice for woman's vote which 12 states possess."

Following were the young ladies who braved the rain for their cause: "Justice," Miss Helen A. Osgood; "Massachusetts," Miss Frances U. Masterson; and the 12 states. Misses Marjorie Arnold, Margaret Garver, Freda White, Katherine Egan, Alice Daley, Kathryn Flahaven, Elizabeth Flahaven, Dorothy Morse, Alice Laycock, Leontine Jantzen, Dorothy Rioran, Miriam Blanche Murphy.

The committee in charge of the suffrage float were Mrs. Edward W. Clark, Mrs. Royden Pillsbury, Mrs. C. Brooks Stevens, Mrs. James S. Murphy, Mrs. M. E. Hall, Miss Frances Masterson, Miss Katherine McCarthy.

**Y. M. H. A.**

The Young Men's Hebrew association made a fine showing as the members marched on bravely in the rain, headed by David Ziskind, marshal, and Abraham Goldman, leader. About 100 were in line in effective formation, and they held their ranks well to the end. Rabbi Wolfsen rode in a carriage with three other leading Jewish citizens. There were many other interesting features of this division which made a special appeal because of its local membership.

**Business Floats**

The business displays were numerous and varied. At the head came the big truck of the Stanley Transportation company, with a yacht superstructure and carrying many passengers. David Ziskind's truck carried a large boller and then followed two trucks of the C. B. Coburn company with neat inscriptions. Stelnert and company had a truck in line and also McGauran the truck man and piano mover. Richard O'Connell, agent for the Chickering piano, Thomas Wardell, agent for the Edison and Victrola machines, and E. Delisle, piano dealer, were represented.

One of the most solid displays in this section was the chain of wagons belonging to Patrick Cogger, filled with sand and gravel. The several features from the Lowell Gas Light company were full of interest. The Gas company's wagons illustrated many aspects of the business. The Best Record Flour company had three wagons in the advertising section. The rain prevented many other local concerns from participating.

**The Features:**

Chief Marshal, Frank Dodge, Chief of Staff, William M. Prescott, Spindle City Band, Capt. Croton, Boy Scouts from all local troops, commanded by Luther W. Faulkner, Division S. A. O. H., Young Men's Hebrew Association, commanded by Abraham Goldman, Band.

Greek Community, headed by President Dr. Donosthenes Generals and Directors.

Chinese Business Men's Association of New England, with Chinese Band, Wong Quon, leader.

Chinese Boy Scouts, Flotis.

**Business Displays**

them all in line, and it certainly was a prize attraction that Billy Gargan headed.

The Indians who presented the "Spirit of '48" depicting the scenes incidental to the rush to the California gold fields, one of the most romantic periods in United States history, were well deserving of their prize. They had the Indians and cowboys, the old prairie schooner with its living freight and the celebrated Deadwood stage coach.

The Oxford club had a "likely-looking" exhibit entitled the "Zu-Zu Indians" with yellow costumes that were quite attractive.

The Princeton club turned out in large numbers and presented a most interesting colonial feature with a large float depicting the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

The Broadway Social club presented the "Evolution of New England," beginning with the original inhabitants who were found in 1492, then the pilgrims of 1620, next the boys of '76, then the Civil War period and finally the spirit of today which consisted of a large representation of the club attired in natty outing uniforms. Rep. Dennis A. Murphy appeared in the last named feature.

The sham bang section, formed in Royal, Sheldon and Gates street and while awaiting for the word to start entertained large crowds in their vicinity with a series of antics that couldn't be pulled off successfully while marching, and those who saw them state that there was full gaiety. The judges of the sham bang division were Harry Hartwell, O. P. Davis and Simon B. Harris.

The makeup of the division was as follows:

Lowell Cadet Band, Chief Marshal, John J. Gilpride, Chief of Staff, William McGroarty, Chief Aid, Charles H. Stowey.



LIEUT. W. C. MACBRAYNE  
Chief Aide

Photo by Sackley

formed the stunt of driving up and down the state house steps in Boston.

**The Commercial Auto Division**

There were some 30 or more machines in the commercial section of the auto division, advertising cars and mercantile houses. The Lowell Gas Light company with two mammoth auto trucks received the feature prize. A feature car that made a hit along the line was that of the French Auto Service, entitled "Just Married." It consisted of a "dotted up" bridal party, prettily encased in a huge limousine which was appropriately inscribed and adorned with white ribbons, while attached to the rear of the car were the usual old shoes, tin cans, etc. It may be an old saying: "Happy is the bride whom the sun shines on," but the bride of today should worry when she has a fine limousine to protect her.

The following firms were represented:

Stanley Transportation Co., George A. Hill, Boston Auto Supply Co., F. M. Bill, John Burke, E. M. Hefer, Lowell Gaslight Co., C. B. Coburn Co., French Auto Service, Smith's Pork street, Robertson Furniture Co., J. L. Chaffoux Co., Vlm Motor Trucks, H. R. Barker Co., Lowell Co-operative Association, Lowell Metal Ceiling Co., William Scott, Fairburn's market, Pitts' Auto Supply, Dow's drug store, Pitts' Auto Supply, Dow's drug store.

carried in the parade was covered with money as it passed through Central street.

The Gaslight Co.'s big prize-winning feature was a five-ton Lippard-Stewart truck, prettily ornamented with yellow and white color scheme. The exhibit consisted of a display of gas ranges, heaters, sad-irons, vulcan heaters, etc. The arrangement and pretty effect of the yellow trimmings scored heavily in the awarding of the prizes.

A large yellow Pierce-Arrow truck laden with five and one-half tons of coke was another car entered by the Lowell Gas Light Co. in this division.

Specially attractive were the autos of the J. L. Chaffoux Co., Boston Auto Supply Co., Robertson Furniture Co., C. B. Coburn and Smith's Pork Store.

**Motorcycle Division**

The motorcycle division was a frost, showing in yesterday's parade, the Wolfe Tone Guards and the Naugher Guards showing up well.

On the last stretch of the parade the Spanish War veterans had all they could do to carry their flag, which was soaked by the pelting rain.

The Irish Volunteers made a good showing in yesterday's parade, the Wolfe Tone Guards and the Naugher Guards showing up well.

The mayor wouldn't have come in front of the crowd for the government or what drabbed in keeping out on the front steps while reviewing the parade at city hall. When asked to speak the mayor said: "If all those women in the parade are willing to march, I am going to get wet too."

The dump carts which appeared in the parade yesterday were tested and sealed a few days ago by the scales of weight and measure. They are the first dump carts ever "tested and sealed" officially in Massachusetts. They have a capacity of two cubic yards and are the property of Contractor Patrick Cogger.

The undressed out of the parade was picking the pockets of a member of the park commission while he was on the South common. The victim was Commissioner Rountree and they took everything but his pay envelope, which fortunately they missed. This was not the fault of the present administration.

A Springfield girl who had heard Mayor Murphy in Springfield was surprised, she said, to find that Lowell is a "real" city.

When Connie Cronin saw the wagon marked "Back to God's Country," called attention to the fact that it was going in the direction of Pawtucketville.

In the tempest rain the band "screamed" the suffragettes and included in the selections played were "How Dry I Am," "Good Bye Ladies," and "How Can I Bear to Leave Thee."

Now everybody knows what the phrase "like a little soldier" means; there were several of them in the O. M. I. cadets and to some extent in all divisions.

Fred A. Cummings of the Haverhill Gazette motored up and renewed old acquaintances while Mr. Field of the same paper made a number of new friends.

Deputy Sheriff Edward Byrne, who generally comes to Lowell to look up murderers and other painful subjects was wreathed in smiles all day for he was not on business.

Fred Cuff, formerly of this city, a brother of Dr. Thomas E. Cuff, now in business in Newark, N. J., was in town, after an absence of eight years, for the celebration.

The Lowell baseball team was obliged to miss the parade as they couldn't get back from Manchester in time but they played a dandy game in the afternoon, just the same, even if they did lose.

Former Mayor Donald and Lawyer Albert Blazon entertained two large parties at their offices in the Hilliard building, and even Charlie Morse dined his ill in response to the applause from these windows.

A girl on the Hilliard building balcony said: "I used to like everything military before the war, but now it makes me shudder. This is one side of it; but it ain't like the real thing."

If the tumblers on that sham bang boat are not tame today, we kindly recommend them to Barnum and Bailey for respectful consideration. Also the strong man with the miraculous muscles.

The 500 motorcycles expected in the parade dropped down to eleven at the last minute and the riders presumably got cold feet when Tower's corner was reached, for they left the ranks and retreated.

**THE WEATHER**

Fair tonight and Wednesday, moderate west to southwest winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

6  
O'CLOCK

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 6 1915

PRICE ONE CENT

# HOLT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE



GOVERNOR DAVID L. WALSH

## EVELYN THAW DEFIANT

Says She Will Not Take Stand Against Her Husband — Trial Resumed at New York

NEW YORK, July 6.—Evelyn Nesbit, Thaw, summoned by the state to testify against her husband, Harry K. Thaw, in the jury proceedings to determine his mental condition, reached New York today from her camp at Chateaugay Lake, near Malone, N. Y., and announced that she would stand upon her constitutional rights and would not take the stand against her husband.

Mrs. Thaw had not arrived in the court room when the trial was resumed today and it was stated by one of the state's attorneys that he did not expect her to appear. The reading of testimony taken at previous trials and hearings where Thaw was involved occupied the early part of the morning session.

Mrs. Thaw made her statement to newsmen and when Deputy Attorney General Cook was informed of what she had said, he asserted that inasmuch as the hearing was a civil proceeding and not a criminal case that the court could direct her to testify and that he would ask the court so to direct.

Mrs. Thaw's appearance did not bear out reports to the effect that she was suffering from nervous prostration. On the contrary, she looked extremely well.

"I have spent most of my time out of doors and feel splendid," she said. "Are you going to testify at the

present hearing," she was asked.

"Take it from me," she declared with emphasis, "I am not. You come with me and I'll show you that that is no jest."

Mrs. Thaw made this declaration at the Grand Central station, where she was met upon her arrival. She then walked across the lobby to the ticket office and bought a ticket to Lake Chateaugay, saying that she would take a train leaving at 8 o'clock tonight.

"I have you engaged course?" she was asked.

"No, and I don't want any," she said. "I have obeyed this subpoena" and she flourished the document in her hand, "and will be in court today. But I know my constitutional rights and cannot be made to testify."

She then went to her home on Eleventh street.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

## What Mazda Means

The Edison Mazda lamp gives you almost three times as much light as the old carbon lamp at the same cost.

Can you afford to be without it in your home?

Wire now at low cost and on small monthly payments.

Your hall, living room, dining room and kitchen equipped complete with fixtures for \$4.92 down, and \$2.00 a month for 10 months.

## Finer, Better Goods in a Cleaner and Cooler Store

Men are going to get fine, new, summer suits for \$10.00 at this Chalifoux's store. We made an opportunity purchase. These suits are all new. Chalifoux's customers will find men's suits specially priced when they come to this store.

## SHOES AT LOWEST PRICES

Good shoes at lowest prices. Men, women and children who wear our shoes know they own their shoes at lowest prices.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.  
50 Central Street.

## GRAND CELEBRATION OF INDEPENDENCE DAY



MAYOR D. J. MURPHY



COL. WARREN E. SWEETSER  
Sixth Regiment



LIEUT. HARRY G. SHELDON  
Chief of Staff  
Photo by Sackley



MAJOR COLBY T. KITTREDGE  
Chief Marshal  
Photo by Sackley

## MAN SHOT AND ROBBED

Bold Deed by Thugs on South Common — Victim is Dying at Hospital

Military and Civic Pageants in Great Array—Gov. Walsh in Line Defied the Rain—List of the Prize Winners—Governor's Address on North Common and Dress Parade

The greatest fourth of July celebration ever attempted in this city and one of the greatest ever seen in New England, was pulled off yesterday in a deluge of rain that soaked everybody but dampened the ardor of none. The parade was all the more wonderful because of the fact that every man and woman participating stuck to the last. The governor was soaked to the skin, but he smiled through it all and when the parade was over complimented the city in the patriotic address delivered by him on the North common.

The streets were lined and every available roof and window along the line of march was occupied when the downpour started. Then the whole city was turned into an umbrella camp and all hands stood their ground until the thing was over. They were thoroughly drenched, but proud of Lowell because of the splendid event so successfully managed under such adverse circumstances and conditions.

The sun was shining when the parade started, but a short time after they were drenched and everything they carried was in like condition. Some

Continued to page two

## MAN WHO SHOT MORGAN TRIED TO END HIS LIFE

Frank Holt Attempted to Open Artery in Wrist With Pencil — In Serious Condition—Morgan Improving—Try to Identify Holt as Fugitive Muentner

GLEN COVE, N. Y., July 6.—Frank Holt, J. P. Morgan's assailant, who also confessed to setting the bomb that exploded in the capitol at Washington last Friday night, attempted to kill himself at midnight by trying to open the artery in his left wrist with a lead pencil.

The attempt was unsuccessful. Holt, lying on his side in a cell in the Nassau county jail at Mineola, was seen by an attendant to writhe with pain.

The attendant entered the cell, found blood flowing from the wound, summoned the warden and bound up the wrist, checking the flow of blood.

Notwithstanding the promptness with which Holt's attempt was discovered he lost much blood.

### Cut in His Wrist

The attendant then left. Within less than five minutes as he was passing the door of Holt's cell, the guard noticed that Holt seemed to be in pain, entered the cell and found blood flowing from a jagged cut in his wrist.

After the flow of blood had been checked and the wound bandaged, the keeper and Warden Hulce searched for the pencil. They found it on the cot.

Holt had extracted the rubber eraser from the tip of the pencil and bitten the metal which held the rubber in position until the edges met. The result was a fairly sharp weapon with a blade, perhaps a quarter of an inch long. It was with this that Holt had attempted to open the artery in his wrist.

Apparently he had not reached the artery. He had cut a vein, however, and from this the blood was flowing. To the warden's questions as to why he had attempted to kill himself, Holt refused to reply.

Dr. Guy Cleghorn, the jail physician, was not summoned because of the lateness of the hour and the evident fact that the attempt had been successfully checked. He was to have visited Holt some time during the forenoon today.

### Wife to Assist Holt

Holt was cheered somewhat today by the receipt of a telegram from his wife, who is at Dallas, Tex. It read

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Holt was cheered somewhat today by the receipt of a telegram from his wife, who is at Dallas, Tex. It read

## For 67 Years City Institution for Savings

Never paid less than

4%

Interest begins July 10

WALBRIDGE & AINSWORTH

WALBRIDGE & AINSWORTH

CENTRAL STREET

## NOTICE

Special meeting of St. Patrick's Alumni Association tonight at 7:30 o'clock. Special business of importance. All members urged to be present.

(Signed)

John J. Golden, President

E. J. Flannery, Secretary

**FARRELL & CONATON**  
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND  
WATER FITTERS

243 Dutton Street Tel. 4112

# CADETS' MILITARY MASS

## Impressive Service for O. M. I. Cadets at Immaculate Conception Church

The O. M. I. Cadets, who made such a fine showing in the parade as they marched on valiantly bidding defiance to the rain, made even a finer showing Sunday morning during the impressive and elevating military mass at the Immaculate Conception church. The ceremony was at 9 a. m., and the congregation was so large that many special seats had to be arranged, even within the sanctuary. While there was nothing that was not devotional and reverent, the military note was evident even in the slightest detail, and those who attended came away impressed, thrilled and edified.

The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The high altar was ablaze with lights and there were hundreds of red roses. The altar of the Blessed Virgin was decorated in blue, and the companion altar in white. Within the altar rails were two great clusters of red, white and blue flowers.



MAJOR WILLIAM CONROY

Adorned with ribbon of the same colors, and the most striking note in the decorations were two artistic groupings of American flags. The pastor, Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O. M. I., celebrated the mass and preached an appropriate sermon, and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. James McCarron, O. M. I.; Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O. M. I., had general charge, assisted by Drill Master McArdle and former Maj. Haggerty.

# THE ACCIDENTS THE FIREWORKS

## Number of Mishaps Very Small for the Fourth

Lowell was very fortunate in regard to accidents yesterday as none of a serious nature was reported. The only fireworks victim was Henry Lafamme, aged 40, of Merrimac, N. H., who was visiting friends on Martin street, Dracut. Lafamme, it is said, was setting off a firecracker when it prematurely exploded, injuring his right hand. A tin can which he held with the intention of covering up the cracker was blown to pieces and a part of the gun entered his knee. He was taken in the ambulance to the Lowell Corporation hospital.

While disporting as an "African dodger" on the South common midway early yesterday morning, John Martin of Cambridge was struck on the head with a bottle and suffered a slight scalp wound and cuts on his forehead. He was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital, where the injuries were treated.

While waiting for the parade in Merrimack square about 11 o'clock yesterday Mrs. Joe Dusseau, of 49 East Merrimack street, slipped and fell to the sidewalk, sustaining a fracture of the leg. She was taken to Liggett's drug store and later to St. John's hospital.

Mr. Phaneuf of 536 Fletcher street also sustained a fractured leg when she fell near the New Jewel theatre about 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was taken home in the ambulance.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS CONGRESS  
SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., July 6.—Editors and writers who have gathered here from various parts of the world for the International Press congress began their sessions today at the Panama-Pacific exposition. After the preliminary ceremonies, the American Newspaper Publishers association was to hold a formal inaugural session.

The sessions of the congress will continue for five days.

### MASS NOTICE

There will be a month's mass said for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Mary Ryan at St. Peter's church Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock.

### To Ward Off Summer Complexion Ills

To keep the face smooth, white and beautiful all summer, there's nothing quite so good as ordinary mercurial wash. Discolored or freckled skin so common at this season, is gently absorbed by the wash and replaced by the new complexion. The face is exhibited at bed-time and washed off mornings. Greasy creams, powders and rouges, on the other hand, are apt to appear more conspicuous than usual these days of excessive perspiration. Just get an ounce of mercurial wash, any druggist will mix any skin at once and in a week or so the complexion will look remarkably young and healthy.

Sun, winds and flying dust often cause wrinkling and other contortions which mar the face. You can quickly get rid of every line, however, caused by using a harmless wash lotion made by dissolving 1/2 powdered camphor in 1/2 pt. Witch hazel.



GOVERNOR'S ESCORT OF NATIONAL LANCERS  
Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

## GREAT CELEBRATION

Continued

of the beautiful floats were almost demolished before they reached the reviewing stand at city hall and one's sympathy went out to the occupants especially the ladies from whose robes the colors were running profusely. If the weather cleric had shown up any time during the parade he certainly would have needed police protection.

There were somewhere in the vicinity of 5000 men and women in line and they constituted a great four-mile parade. They marched for more than three hours, the time being extended because of unavoidable delays. Gov. Walsh rode in an open barouche. The mayor asked him to leave the line un-

better argument for "votes for women" could be presented than the pluck and patriotism of the young women who took part in the parade?

Gov. Walsh was very sorry that he was late in arriving, but it couldn't be helped. He was not in the city when the order to march was given at 10:05 o'clock. He was expected to arrive in Lowell on the 9:35 train from Boston but he didn't get the train.

First in the line of parade came Maj. Colby T. Kittridge and Lieut. Harry G. Sheldon. Following came the gallant Eighth Mass. Volunteer Infantry, just back from their arduous maneuvers, with Col. Graves leading. The Eighth had just seen ten days of the hardest kind of maneuvers and drills, four days and three nights of which the men slept in the open, with a continuous rainstorm pouring down upon

military body, which will lead into the militia, and I am sure that the different foreign military organizations in the state will help the plan along. The governor did not give further details as to what the plan was.

Of all the marchers in the military division there were none to compete in precision of step and formation with Guard Frontenac of the French American Volunteer brigade. A very unusual feature of the parade was the Chinese section. Many of them came from Boston and other cities to take part and their float was the most attractive and certainly the most beautiful in the entire line. One float bore relatives of the late emperor. They were dressed in the costumes of Celestial royalty and their float represented a bower in the imperial gardens at Pekin. Many

Continued on page three

## PARADE NOTES

The red coats are pretty, but the M. V. M. looks more like business.

Few people ever realized that "Davo" Ziskind was such a handsome man.

All the heroes were not in the military division yesterday.

The Greek community was in the parade with the Holy Regiment yesterday headed by Dr. Generals, president.

The veterans of the Balkan-Turkish wars were the centre of great attraction in the semi-military division.

Connie O'Neill has some figure, and he's right there with the Pavlowa stunts.

Peter Jeffries, who rode at the head of the Greek parades, made a very dignified appearance.

Charlie Fitzpatrick, of the Manhattan club who appeared with the Indians, made a fine Indian.

Mr. Charles Hogan of Salem, Mass., formerly of this city was among the visitors.

The American flag feature by one of the French companies was both attractive and inspiring.

With due respect to all the other good bands in line, that Eighth Regiment band is some band.

The O. M. I. Cadets, true to their religion, gave their new uniforms a baptism.

Miss Agnes Warren of Nashua, N. H., was one of the fair advocates for equal suffrage in the "Votes for Women" float.

Did you notice that little fellow in white with the French company trying to keep step with the men? He certainly stretched himself.

At the Richardson Hotel, the guests were given packages of electric sparklers for souvenirs which made a big hit and a pretty spectacle when they were lighted.

The hotel proprietors were asked to refrain from selling to military men, but there was little need of the request for the military men didn't visit the hotels to any noticeable extent.

The insane inmates of the state infirmary had a gala time while the soldiers were down that way. A spectator who watched them was heard to remark: "Gee, it must be great to be crazy."

That was rather unkind of Mayor Murphy to close city hall to the public. The families of some of the employees had planned to witness the parade from the municipal building but had to stand out in the rain. It was one day when the municipal building should have been open to visitors.

The German reply.

It had not been known until within the last day or two that a preliminary exchange of views was in progress between the two countries regarding the nature of the forthcoming German reply to the last American note.

In official quarters it was believed that a report likely would be received here late today from Ambassador Gerard regarding conferences reported in Berlin despatches as having taken place last Saturday between the ambassador and officials of the German foreign office. The despatches said that the ambassador had been given an outline of Germany's reply.

While nothing has been made public concerning Ambassador Gerard's last despatches, it was said that he expects Germany to make a counter proposal, which is now being discussed. He has intimated that the reply would be delayed possibly a week.

The fact that negotiations had begun was viewed in many quarters as a favorable sign. The object of the German government is to ascertain exactly what modifications of the submarine warfare will satisfy the American demand for the protection of its rights. Germany, it is known, through official sources, is endeavoring to give assurance that ships primarily engaged in passenger traffic will be free from attack without warning, provided there is some certification of inspection guaranteeing in advance the nationality of the vessel or leaving American ports. It is not yet known what arrangement will be for vessels deviated principally to carrying contraband.

The United States has always claimed the right for its citizens to travel on all ships whether or not they carry contraband. It is realized that this will be one of the most difficult points to settle unless arrangements

# TWO MILITARY CAMPS

## Eighth Regiment at Shedd Park Attracted Thousands — Sixth Near State Infirmary

The chief attraction for the people of Lowell on Sunday was the camps of the Eighth and Sixth regiments, M. V. M. N. G., the former at Shedd park and the latter in the rear of the state infirmary in Tewksbury, which were visited by thousands of men and women, eager to see the militiamen at work and play. The guests were well repaid for their efforts, for the boys of the National Guard entertained to the best of their ability and nothing was spared to make the visitors feel at home.

Tewksbury was the scene of the largest congregation, and of course there was a reason for the Lowell boys, members of Companies C, G and K as well as those of Tabor's Sixth Regiment band, were there and they had extended a cordial invitation to their relatives and close friends to pay them a visit at camp and the invitations, if one is to judge by the crowd in attendance throughout Sunday, were cheerfully accepted.

Some of the closest friends and relatives were entertained at luncheon and all were unanimous in paying a flattering compliment to the chefs.

The members of the Eighth regiment came over the road from Andover Sunday afternoon and upon arriving at Shedd park set up their tents, not on the park but on the rising ground above. The men were drenched to the skin, but a change of clothing and a sun bath soon put them in condition again. Col. Graves was in command and when the camping grounds were reached he gathered all of the line and staff officers about him and gave them an interesting talk on maneuvering, the lecture lasting over one hour. In the meantime the three battalions stacked their arms, cast down their knapsacks and intrenching tools, and for fully two hours sinned themselves.

In the morning the men were served a dainty breakfast and then they attended church service, this being conducted by Regimental Chaplain Dunsaunt of Lynn, the closing number being the singing of the hymns, "God Be With You Till We Meet Again" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

In the afternoon thousands of men

and women from Lowell and surrounding cities and towns invaded the camping grounds and they were all well received by the militiamen, who later entertained with sporting events and an entertainment. The sporting events were held in the early afternoon in charge of Capt. Walter R. Jeyes, Lieut. Melvin Master and Lieut. T. A. Ireland. The events and the winners were as follows:

220-yards dash—Won by Walter E. Smith, Company M, Milford; second, Thomas F. Corcoran, and third, Edward Sexton, both of Company A, Wakefield.

Rescue race—Won by Clifford LeDoux and Adrian Glouard, Company B, Fitchburg; E. M. Hasgill and Earl Hanson of Company I, Boston, who crossed the tape first.

Relay race—Won by Company M, Milford (Crockett, Cassantean, O'Brien, Smith); second, Company A, Wakefield (Corcoran, Quinn, McLoughlin, Brown).

Three-legged race—Won by William Hutton and William Caveney, Company G, Lowell; second, J. W. Powers and L. W. Barrows, Company M, Milford.

440-yards run—Won by W. E. Smith, Company M, Milford, and second, E. J. Crockett, Company M, Milford.

Half-mile—Won by C. E. Barrows, and second, George G. Allison, both of Company M, Milford.

One of the most interesting events on the list of sports was the contest for speed in erecting a shelter tent. In the absence of other competitors, J. J. Corcoran and C. C. Fiske of Company S, South Framingham, gave an exhibition, completing the "pup" in two minutes, 10 seconds.

Late in the afternoon the mayor and other members of the municipal council were the guests of the Lowell boys, and they were entertained at luncheon by Major Colby T. Kittridge. A band concert was given in the afternoon by Tabor's Sixth Regiment band, while in the evening an entertainment program under the direction of Lieut. Ireland was carried out with much satisfaction, this being followed by musical numbers by the band.

# GERMAN REPLY

## Outlook for Favorable Settlement Brighter Than Ever

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The outlook for a favorable settlement of the issue between the United States and Germany over submarine warfare was today regarded as having advanced considerably by the beginning of informal negotiations which it was believed would pave the way for an understanding prior to the final drafting of the German reply.

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The society expects its appeal for its object is certainly a worthy one. This society has been quite active in aiding the people in the war districts and its members are ready to work hard and long to further such a movement.

### ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 6.—Thousands of delegates from all parts of the country are here for the 16th national convention of the Anti-Saloon League of America. The opening session of the convention will be held tonight when Bishop Luther B. Wilson of New York, the president, and the Rev. P. A. Baker of Westerville, O., the general superintendent, will deliver their biennial reports.

# Ladies! Very Important

GET YOUR SUMMER HAT

At Our

REMOVAL SALE

Broadway Wholesale

Millinery Co.

Advertisement on Page 8

## 72 YEARS OLD—STRONG AND VIGOROUS

Mr. H. Stoerzbach Wishes to Add His Words of Praise to That of the Thousands Who Extol the Virtues of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

"I am seventy-two years old and in perfect health. When I was forty-seven the doctors thought I would die of consumption. I fooled them all—I started to take Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey and soon grew strong and vigorous. I am able to do hard work every day and can climb six flights of stairs without fatigue."

"In my opinion there is nothing in the world so good to put vim, vigor and vitality into any run-down person as Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey." —Mr. H. Stoerzbach, 136 East 76th Street, New York City.

These figures show an increase over the totals of 1914, when there were 12 persons killed and 870 persons injured.

A large increase was also shown in the fire loss, the total for this year being \$236,000, as compared with \$208,000 last year.

Causes of the fatalities this year were distributed as follows: Fire 9, gunpowder 2.

In Chicago only one person was killed and two were injured.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Weather

predictions for the week beginning to-morrow, issued by the weather bureau today:

North Atlantic states: Generally fair and moderate temperatures until after July 10, afterwards probably overcast.

Warmer weather and showers.

Free City Motor Delivery

C. B.

Coburn Co.  
63 MARKET ST.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

# ORATION OF GOV. WALSH

Patriotic Address by His Excellency After Being Drenched in the Parade

Governor David I. Walsh's oration on the North common was a fine effort and His Excellency said some very flattering things about Lowell. All through the speech was the line of thought leading to the significance of the flag, and he congratulated the people of Lowell for their demonstration of patriotism, and pride, and loyalty to their city. The governor spoke from a raised platform, built and decorated for the occasion, and he was applauded by a throng that covered almost the entire common. He was introduced by Mayor Dennis J. Murphy, who spoke briefly, thanking the people for the reception given the governor.

Gov. Walsh said: "I deem it a great privilege and an exceedingly great pleasure to be in Lowell today and to witness this splendid demonstration of your loyalty and your devotion to our country. I want to congratulate this city and all of its people upon the splendid celebration which you have had here today. I congratulate you upon that great parade, representing the great military organizations of the commonwealth; representing the social, civic and business life of this important city. But more even than the great parade that we all witnessed, I congratulate the people of the city for their demonstration of patriotism and pride and loyalty to their city, in standing for hours under the pouring rain, to give cheer and encouragement to the marching soldiers and citizens, and to give evidence of their pride and their desire and their willingness to participate in a celebration in honor of the birthday of the greatest country in the world.

"You have a city that is very dear and near to the heart of our great commonwealth. Your industries have given reputation to Massachusetts all over this country, and indeed far beyond the great seas. Your loyalty and your devotion to American institutions

not only to bring the congratulations of the state and to show Massachusetts' interest in your great city, but as well, he has come to learn from you; because this demonstration of your loyalty, coming as it does from children of so many emigrant races, coming as it does from the very backbone of the government, the working people—your governor is touched and impressed with the importance of being the servant in government, of such God-fearing, patriotic men and women; and I shall go back to my duties at the state house, and to other cities and towns in the course of their demonstrations from time to time, prouder of Lowell than ever before, delighted and pleased with this public demonstration and manifestation of her patriotism; and I shall feel that there is no brighter gem in the crown of Massachusetts than this great industrial city, and that if Massachusetts ever wants sons or daughters to defend her, there will be none to respond more willingly and more cheerfully than the sons and daughters of Lowell.

"So your governor gives you words of cheer, with words of inspiration and patriotism; and as he is the representative of the state, and as all the people know, in Massachusetts, that the governor has chosen this city as the place where he wanted to give special evidence of his interest in the celebration of the people on this birthday anniversary of the American republic; and, as he has a right to expect from them, I am sure they will all want the representative of their state government to say to you that Massachusetts today is proud of Lowell, and Massachusetts today has looked with admiration and with patriotism upon this splendid demonstration; and I bring to you all, to your fair city and to all its sons and daughters, the greetings of the best commonwealths in the Union, the commonwealth of Massachusetts."

**Regimental Dress Parade**  
A very pretty feature of the observance was the regimental dress parade on the North common and Gov. Walsh, commander-in-chief of the state militia, enjoyed it immensely. It had been intended to hold a brigade parade but the plan was given up out of consideration for the men of the Eighth regiment who were just back from their arduous maneuvers and they were dismissed as soon as they had their dinner. The men of the Sixth regiment, with the governor and his staff and guests were there. Col. Warren E. Sweetser was in command and the men of the three battalions maneuvered for positions and then came to a battalion front. The troops stood at attention while the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." After that came the review past the governor. The companies were dismissed after the review.

**GREAT CELEBRATION**  
Continued

Chinamen walked, wearing the native costumes of the various sections of the land from which they came. The slabbing section or the "circus" of the South End club was the funniest thing ever. The clowns and "exhibits" in the animal line would make a wooden Indian laugh. This division kept everyone along the line of march laughing when it went by. All of the different features were excellent and those who participated in the event are entitled to the heartfelt thanks of the people of Lowell. It was a splendid exhibition.

After the parade Gov. Walsh and his party were given a buffet lunch in the old councilmanic chamber at city hall and the governor made a speech for the ladies. He told them what a fine time he had in the rain and how grateful he was for the wonderful tributes paid him by the people of Lowell. He later delivered a patriotic oration on the North common and viewed a dress parade of the Sixth and Eighth regiments.

**Chief of Staff**  
Lieut. Harry G. Sheldon, Sixth Regiment, M. V. M., was chief of staff, and the mounted orderlies were: Sergt. H. Taylor and Corp. Ernest Mountain.

The mounted aids were: Dewey Archaibault, C. Frank Dupee, James C. McDermott, Sidney C. Perham, James D. Carmichael, Percy A. Douglas, Nelson H. Huntley, Jessie M. Currier, Edward Murphy, George Moyley, Daniel W. Hinckley, John H. Burns, Joseph Couillard, Brent Johnson, Abel R. Campbell, William H. Saunders, Wilmer R. Ricard, William L. Barlowsky, Joseph Landry, Jeremiah Connors, James D. Large, Andrew J. Coan, Winthrop S. Bean, Edward T. Dean, George J. Ahearn, Raymond A. Mellen, James H. Rooney and Arthur W. Colburn.

**THE MILITARY DIVISION**

The military division was commanded by Major Charles A. Stevens, M. V. M., and with him was his chief of staff, Capt. Harold J. Patten and Major Kano of Lawrence, who is paymaster of the Ninth regiment.

The men of the Eighth regiment were next in line. Commanding them was Col. Frank E. Graves, his staff consisting of the following named: Lieut. Col. W. H. Perry, Capt. C. T. Dutkelow, paymaster; Capt. F. G. Bauer, quartermaster; Lieut. H. D. Campbell, G. H. Farwell, D. W. Nason, H. L. Dillingham and R. J. Hartshorn, battalion adjutants and officers of the line; Sergt. Maj. J. J. Cutler; Capt. J. F. Coughlin, Lieut. K. R. Bailey and Lieut. S. C. Andrews, medical officers, and Rev. W. Boyd Edwards, chaplain.

The band of this regiment and its field music of drums and bugles, followed. Maj. F. S. Elliott commanded the first battalion, which was composed of the following companies: Company B of Cambridge, Capt. J. H. McDade; Company B of Everett, Capt. Lewis F. Swain; Company A of Cambridge, Capt. Thomas Brown; Company C of Cambridge, Lieut. Freeman Neisler.

Next in line was the Third battalion, commanded by Maj. W. J. Keville. The companies of this battalion were: Company I, Lynn, Capt. W. C. Jones; Company D, Lynn, Capt. Thomas J. Cope; Company G, Gloucester, Capt. John E. Parker, and Company H of Salem, Lieut. Chester Staten.

The second battalion was commanded by Maj. H. B. Campbell, and the companies of this battalion were: Company M, Somerville, Capt. J. E. Z. Wiley; Company K of Somerville, Capt. Frank Runney; Company F, Haverhill, Capt. Ralph D. Hood, and Company L, Lawrence, Capt. Daniel C. Smith.

The mounted scouts, commanded by Lieut. W. W. Austin, and the machine gun section, with armored car, commanded by Lieut. Renwick, brought up the rear.

**The Sixth Regiment**

Then came the Sixth regiment, with Warren E. Sweetser in command. The Sixth Regiment band, Z. J. Blisson, leading leader, followed by the drum and bugle corps, were next.

The third battalion was commanded by Maj. William E. Dolan, the senior major, and it consisted of: Company B,

Fitchburg, Capt. Gilson; Company D, Fitchburg, Capt. McDowell; Company E, Marlboro, Capt. Payne, and Company I, Concord, Capt. Dee.

Lieut. Col. H. W. Damon commanded the first battalion which was made up of the following units: Company H, Stoneham, Capt. Stewart; Company M, Milford, Capt. Bond; Company F, Framingham, Capt. Sullivan, and Company A, Wakefield, Capt. Connelly.

Capt. James N. Greig of Company K commanded the third battalion in the absence of Major Kiltedge, chief of staff. The battalion was made up of the following companies: Company K, Lowell, Lieut. Melvin Master; Company L, Boston, Capt. Pryor, and Company C, Lowell, Capt. Peterson.

A machine gun section with mounted scouts followed this battalion.

The provisional battalions comprised three organizations. Leading the battalion was Company M, Ninth regiment, Lieut. Daniel Christian in command, The Marine Guards of Boston, commanded by First Lieut. Walter A. Powers and with Roy Greenleaf, formerly of Lowell, as first sergeant.

Company E, Naval brigade of Lynn presented a trim appearance. Lieut. Walter G. Howard commanded this company.

Shortly after the parade started there ensued a delay of about half an hour. It was nearly 11 o'clock when the automobile containing the governor was stopped by the aids as it was about to go over the Chelmsford street bridge to the armory. Two machines had taken the party up, and these held Gov. David I. Walsh, Adj't. Gen. Chas. H. Cole, Col. Edward L. Logan, Capt. David T. Gaultier, Capt. James D. Coady and Lieut. Nathaniel T. Very of the Second Corps Cadets.

Immediately the National Lancers, commanded by Capt. John Kenny, formed as escort to the governor and his staff.

Two other carriages followed. In the first were Mayor Dennis J. Murphy, Col. James C. Carmichael and Hon. John J. Hogan. In the second were Commissioners Charles J. Morse, Newell F. Putnam and William W. Duncan.

## SEMI-MILITARY DIVISION

A very pleasing part of the parade was the semi-military division, which was composed of local and out-of-town semi-military organization, including the Spanish War Veterans of this city, the Minute Men of Concord, the Irish Volunteers, the O. M. I. Cadets and a number of companies from the French-American Volunteer brigade of the United States.

This division was headed by the Lowell Military band, William Reagan, conductor, and the marshal was Joseph L. Lamoureux, Inspector general of the French brigade, who had for chief of staff, Major Philip McNulty, M. V. M. (retired), and for chief aid, Samuel A. Renaud.

## Spanish War Veterans

The first company in line was the Spanish War Veterans of Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill with over 100 men in line. The men were commanded by Commander Alexander D. Mitchell of the local camp, and they won first prize for the best appearing company. The Spanish War Veterans featured the carrying of a large American flag, 45 by 26 feet, requiring 85 men to carry the colors. They also carried a miniature "Liberty Bell" inscribed "1776-1915." The appearance of this company was the cause of great applause all along the line.

## Minute Men

Following the Spanish War Veterans were the Lexington Minute Men of Concord, 28 men in line, commanded by Capt. Fred T. Cook. They were accompanied by a drum corps and a replica of the flag used at the battle of Lexington was carried by Sergt. H. Cutler. The men wore Colonial costumes and they presented a very fine appearance.

## Irish Volunteers

The Irish Volunteers, headed by Maj. Thomas Daly of this city, came next and this organization was preceded by a drum corps. The companies and their commanding officers were as follows: Company A, Haverhill, Capt. Jeremiah Driscoll; Company D, Lowell, Capt. Frank J. Klerc; Company E, Lowell, Lieut. James O'Gara; Meagher Guards, Lowell, First Lieut. Raymond G. Custy and Second Lieut. Ambrose Ready. The men marched with precision and they received favorable recognition along the route. The Haverhill company with 45 in line won the prize for the out-of-town company with the largest number of men in line.

## O. M. I. Cadets

The O. M. I. Cadets with their new uniforms were next in line and they won great applause for appearance, marching and numbers. The organization was headed by its own drum corps composed of forty musicians and the presence of the Cadets in line was greatly appreciated. The drum corps was in charge of Drum Major Thomas Carlin, while Major William Conroy commanded the battalion, the other officers being Adj't. Joseph Taft, Captains John Sullivan, Edward Goldrick, Al L'Esperance and Ed. Lecam; Lieut. J. Boyd, T. Garvey, L. Callahan, C. O'Dwyer, F. Callahan, P. Angelo, T. Richards, J. Mahoney, F. Delaney and Sergt. Major A. Latour.

The boys' uniform consisted of blue cap with pompon, West Point blue coat and white trousers. They featured a military automobile ambulance while in the rear of the line was a large auto-truck mounted with two machine guns, one a Colt and the other a Maxim, this feature being under the direction of Capt. Owen Conroy.

The boys' made a hit and Company A won second prize for the best appearing company in the division.

## French-American Volunteers

Following the Cadets came the guards of the French-American Volunteer brigade of the United States. The guards marched as individual companies instead of in regimental formation, and they were headed by the A. G. Cadets Brass band, Arthur G. conductor, Garde Frontenac, Col. Albert Bergeron in command came first, and the consensus of opinion along the route of the parade was that this guard was one of the best marching bodies of men in the parade. Then came Garde Sacre-Coeur, Lowell, Capt. Horace Desilets; Garde Marguette, Nashua, N. H., Capt. Charles D'Onnor, Garde Laurier, Winchendon, Capt. Noisie Babbineau; Garde Nationale, Haverhill, Capt. S. St. Jean; Garde Chambly, Manchester, N. H., Capt. Philip Doucette; A. G. Cadets, drum corps, A. G. Cadets, Major Arthur D. Lamoreaux; Garde St. Louis, Lowell, Capt. Alfred Grenier; Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, Capt. Nelson J. Phillips.

Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, received third prize for the best appearing company of the division, while Garde Chambly, Manchester, N. H., was awarded the special prize offered by the Civilians-Americans club for the best appearance and the largest number of men in line. The judges for this prize, which consisted of a handsome silk American flag were F. Rousseau, J. Payette and Timothy Roy. Garde Laurier of Winchendon carried off the

Lowell, Tuesday, July 6, 1915

# A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

# July Clearance Sale

## Suits, Coats, Dresses and Waists

### ALL REDUCED TO CLOSE OUT

SALE BEGINS TODAY

Economic purchasing of these up-to-date garments at this season means a saving of 50 per cent.

#### SUITS

**\$7.98**

Regular price \$15.00

#### SUITS

**\$12.98**

Regular prices \$18.50 and \$25.00

#### CHILDREN'S COATS

**\$1.98**

Regular price \$5.00

#### SERGE DRESSES

**\$1.98**

Regular prices \$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10.00

#### SILK DRESSES

**\$5.00**

Regular price \$15.00

#### SILK PONGEE SUITS

**\$12.50**

Regular price \$25.00

#### PALM BEACH SUITS

**\$7.50**

Regular price \$10.00

#### COATS

**\$10.00**

Regular prices \$15.00 and \$18.50

#### COATS

**\$12.50**

Regular prices \$20.00 and \$25.00

#### SILK PONGEE COATS

**\$10.00**

Regular price \$25.00

#### GOLFINE COATS

**\$5.00**

Regular price \$20.00 and \$25.00

#### WHITE COATS

**\$5.00**

Regular price \$25.00

#### WASH SKIRTS

**\$2.98**

\$2.98, reduced to \$2.98

#### WAISTS

**49c**

\$5.00, reduced to \$3.98

#### MIDDIES

**98c**

Regular prices \$1.50 and \$1.98

#### CHILDREN'S COLORED WASH DRESSES

**\$1.49**

Regular price \$1.98

#### REG. SIZE WASH PETTICOATS

**49c**

Regular price 79c

#### EXTRA SIZE WASH PETTICOATS

**49c**

BASEBALL AND  
FIELD SPORTS

## THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF  
AND ATHLETICS

## LOWELL CLUB DEFEATED

Lost to Manchester in 13 Inning  
Game by Score of 5-3—Morn-  
ing Game Scoreless Tie

Lowell went down to defeat before the Manchester club in a fast and snappy game at the grand park yesterday afternoon. The teams had played seven innings to a scoreless tie in the Granite State city in the forenoon, the game being halted by rain in the midst of a pitcher's battle between Lohman and Horsey.

It took 13 innings for Manchester to clinch yesterday afternoon's game and when the final pitch the score was 5 to 3. Several times during the long encounter both teams had opportunities to score but each time they were checked by excellent pitching and brilliant fielding until the fatal inning when Manchester pushed over two runs with a hit batter, a sacrifice and two errors.

Two southpaws, Joe Houser and Joe King, took part in the pitchers' duel and until the last inning honors were about even. Houser also contributed several fielding features to the afternoon's program, accepting 17 chances,

sacrificed along a base by Bowcock. They crossed the plate when Dee came through with a smashing double to right. Ahearn walked but Houser went out on a grounder to McGeehan. Manchester tied it up in the next inning on a couple of hits and a sacrifice.

During the next five innings neither team could score a runner. In the 13th, however, Houser hit King. McGeehan sacrificed. Spires hit a slow roller to Lohman. When the latter threw it impetuously to Estes, King scored. Dee then dropped a wild ball on Smith's grounder and Spires went to third and crossed the plate on Briggs' single. A double play ended the inning. Lowell went out one, two, three, in her half.

The score:

## MANCHESTER

	ab	r	h	b	h	po	a	e
McGeehan, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
Spikes, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boed, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Briggs, lf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kane, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, 1b	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Torphy, ss	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Fish, c	2	0	2	4	1	0	0	0
Houser, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	21	0	5	21	13	1	0	0

## LOWELL

	ab	r	h	b	h	po	a	e
Swaine, lf	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Fahay, 3b	3	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
Barrows, cf	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Bowcock, 2b	3	0	1	1	2	0	0	0
Greenhalge, c	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Dee, ss	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Estes, 1b	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Barrows, ss	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Torphy, p	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	24	0	4	18	10	0	0	0

Two base hits: Spires, Greenhalge. Sacrifice hits: Houser, Green. Left on

## KOPF PLAYING FINE FIELDING GAME FOR ATHLETICS AND BATTING WELL



With the gun at the marathon and at the grounds. The sports resulted as follows:

Shot put (16 lbs.)—Won by Wrenn; Andromedas, second, and Murphy, third. Distance, 43 feet, 2 inches.

Three standing jumps—Won by Andromedas, second, Wrenn, and Sigalos, third. Distance, 36 feet.

Standing broad jump—Won by Wrenn, and Andromedas, second. Distance, 10 feet, 11 inches.

Three-legged race for girls—Won by Lilla Brooks and Mary Lynch; E. Welch and M. McMahon, second.

Egg and needle race—Won by F. Grady; Mary Lynch, second, and Lilla Brooks, third.

60-yard dash for girls—Won by Lilla Brooks, and Mary Lynch, second.

50-yards for boys under 12 years of age—Won by George O'Hare and William Hildan, second.

Three-legged race—Won by Gannon and Linnane; Conlon and Lloyd, second.

Pie eating contest—Won by David Burke, and Thomas Linnane, second.

In the evening an entertainment program was enjoyed and there was a concert by the Lowell Cadet band, Richard Griffiths leader. The entertainment program was a decided treat, and the soloists were given tumultuous applause after each selection. This feature was under the direction of James Cusack.

The midway, miniature circus and other attractions were all largely patronized and the fun lasted until midnight.

## GAMES TOMORROW

## New England League

Lowell at Worcester.  
Lawrence at Manchester.  
Lynn at Portland.  
Fitchburg at Lewiston.

## American

Washington at Boston.  
Philadelphia at New York.  
Chicago at St. Louis.  
Detroit at Cleveland.

## National

Boston at Brooklyn.  
New York at Philadelphia.  
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

## Federal

St. Louis at Kansas City.  
Buffalo at Brooklyn.  
New York at Baltimore.  
Pittsburgh at Chicago.

## YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

## New England League

Lawrence, 4; Lynn, 3 (morning game, 5 innings).  
Lynn, 2; Lawrence, 0 (afternoon game.)

Fitchburg, 5; Worcester, 3 (morning game, 4½ innings).  
Worcester, 4; Fitchburg, 3 (afternoon game, 10½ innings).  
Lewiston, 6; Portland, 3 (morning game.)

Portland, 5; Lewiston, 3 (afternoon game.)

Manchester, 0; Lowell, 0 (morning game, 5 innings, called).  
Manchester, 0; Lowell, 3 (afternoon game, 13 innings.)

## American

Boston, 4; Washington, 0 (morning game, 5½ innings).  
Boston, 6; Washington, 0 (afternoon game.)

St. Louis, 3; Chicago, 1 (first game).  
Philadelphia, 4; New York, 2 (first game.)

Philadelphia, 2; New York, 1 (second game.)

St. Louis, 3; Pittsburgh, 1 (morning game.)

Pittsburgh, 5; St. Louis, 0 (afternoon game).  
Cincinnati, 8; Chicago, 5 (first game).  
Cincinnati, 12; Chicago, 7 (second game.)

## National

Boston-Brooklyn, morning game.

Brooklyn, 6; Boston, 3 (afternoon game).  
New York-Philadelphia, morning game—rain.

Philadelphia, 2; New York, 0 (afternoon game.)

St. Louis, 3; Pittsburgh, 1 (morning game.)

Pittsburgh, 5; St. Louis, 0 (afternoon game).  
Cincinnati, 8; Chicago, 5 (first game).  
Cincinnati, 12; Chicago, 7 (second game.)

## Federal

St. Louis, 1; Kansas City, 0 (morning game).  
St. Louis, 4; Kansas City, 3 (afternoon game.)

Newark-Brooklyn—morning game—rain.

Newark, 2; Brooklyn, 1 (afternoon game, 14½ innings).  
Buffalo-Baltimore—morning game—rain.

Buffalo, 6; Baltimore, 5 (first game).  
Buffalo, 9; Baltimore, 2 (second game.)

Pittsburgh, 5; Chicago, 3 (first game).  
Chicago, 2; Pittsburgh, 1 (second game.)

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

7-20-4  
PRO-SULLIVAN

Cigar sales now largest in its forty years of continuous growth. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

## ED. RICKENBACHER WINS

## CAPTURES 300-MILE AUTOMOBILE RACE AT OMAHA AT 91.07 MILES AN HOUR

SPEEDWAY, Omaha, Neb., July 6.—Eddie Rickenbacher won the 300-mile automobile race yesterday. Time—4h. 5m. 37.20s. Average 91.07 miles an hour.

Rickenbacher led from the start and his advantage was never in danger.

O'Donnell was second, Tom Orr third and H. Donaldson fourth. Rickenbacher's share of the \$15,000 prize money was \$3,500.

Rickenbacher's laurels were won with comparative ease. He kept ahead of the field throughout the 300-mile grind.

Before the race, Tom Orr broke the world's record for four miles, negotiating it in 3 minutes flat. The former record was 3 minutes, 11.2 seconds, made by Eddie Brueg at Los Angeles.

Though 15 drivers were entered to start, they were not in time to start. They were Rickenbacher, O'Donnell, Alley, H. Donaldson, Orr, Joe Cooper and Chandler. W. W. Brown was permitted to enter the race after the first 100 miles. Cooper and Chandler went out of the race on account of burned bearings before they passed the 100-mile mark.

## FABRE WINS MARATHON

## CRACK CANADIAN RUNNER CAME FROM BEHIND AND OVERTOOK CLIFF HORNE

BOSTON, July 6.—By the light of a few lanterns, Edward Fabre of Montreal, winner of the recent B. A. marathon, finished first in 67 minutes and 7 seconds in the 12-mile modified marathon held yesterday under the auspices of Division 72, A. O. H. field day at the South End baseball grounds.

Cliff Horne of Haverhill, who finished second to Fabre in the B. A. marathon, was his most formidable opponent in the race, and up to the 10-mile mark the situation looked decidedly in Horne's favor.

Fabre and Horne were close neighbors throughout the race until the ninth mile when the Montreal runner left Horne in the rear. Both started well and plodded gamely for eight miles when he gave way and was obliged to quit. Al Horne ran a game race but was completely outclassed, finishing three laps in the rear.

The Gaelic games did much to furnish the thrills. Three football games took place and two hurling matches were played. Three hurling matches were scheduled, but the match between the Shamrocks of South Boston and Erin's Own of Roxbury was called off on account of Roxbury team's having imported seven players from New York, which fact caused the South Boston men to withdraw.

The first game of the day was a football game between the Norwood F. C. and County Clare, the former team winning two goals and one point to one goal and one point.

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Several quite serious injuries marked the Gaelic game, the most serious proving to be that of Jack Ferrissey of the Young Ireland hurling team, who broke his arm in the first ten minutes of play. He was taken to the city hospital.

## LEAGUE STANDINGS

## New England

1915 1914  
Won Lost P. C. P. C.

Lawrence ... 35 18 660 .607  
Portland ... 32 18 640 .537  
Worcester ... 30 24 566 .630  
Manchester ... 27 23 491 .517  
Lynn ... 24 22 533 .517  
Levi ... 21 20 412 .441  
Fitchburg ... 22 32 407 .428  
Lowell ... 19 32 373 .509

## American

1915 1914  
Won Lost P. C. P. C.

Chicago ... 16 26 529 .527  
Boston ... 39 24 618 .552  
Detroit ... 43 28 606 .552  
Philadelphia ... 34 32 515 .470  
St. Louis ... 30 27 531 .500  
Lynn ... 21 20 412 .441  
Pittsburgh ... 22 32 407 .428  
Lowell ... 19 32 373 .509

## National

1915 1914  
Won Lost P. C. P. C.

Chicago ... 38 29 556 .556  
Philadelphia ... 35 28 556 .470  
Pittsburgh ... 34 32 515 .470  
St. Louis ... 37 35 55

## A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

A sing of the arms and the men who quarter of a century ago made famous the Fourth of July parades, and the torchlight processions that marked the national campaigns, for the sham-bang division of yesterday's great parade awakened memories. A fond memory it was that brought the light of other days around me and in the glare of that light there came trooping along before me the old Belles of Lowell and the merry Hosfords of more recent date, with their varied, original and side-splitting features. Surely yesterday's sham-bang division was a huge success not only for its own value but because of the memories it recalled to many of Lowell's old-timers.

Now and then when you run across George Conant, the well known electrician, William "Dick" Dickerman, Mayor's Secretary John H. Cull, Ralph Simmons or Fred Pearson, you will instantly recall the days when they were prominent in the affairs of the Belles of Lowell who organized originally as a political marching club but became a

IT IS NOT WHAT YOU EAT THAT DOES YOU GOOD

It is what your stomach accepts and properly digests. Dys-pep-lets contribute to the value of good by helping the stomach in the process of digestion by preventing sour stomach, distress, headache, nausea, indigestion. Why do you suffer from these troubles when Dys-pep-lets will help, prevent and give relief? Made from pepsin, bismuth, mint, rhubarb and other things good for the stomach; sugar-coated, pleasantly flavored—as nice to take as a dainty bit of candy. Pocket box 10c. Get it of your druggist.

## Keeping In Touch

When the up-to-date man wants to take a day off, a week-end trip, or even a month's vacation, he doesn't sigh "to get away from a telephone."

Like the late E. H. Harriman, he makes the telephone a servant, not a master; uses it when he deems it desirable to keep in touch with business affairs; and refuses to let it intrude upon his leisure, without warrant.

One talk daily to the office or factory, and—for a limited period, at least,—the rest of the day belongs to the man who has the right kind of an organization.

There will be no toll charge on a particular party call if you are not connected with the service when you have given the Toll Operator.

C. J. LEATHERS  
Manager.

permanent social organization, famed for hospitality, Fourth of July features and polo. The club has long since gone out of existence but its memory will ever remain green.

The Belles of Lowell were organized in 1884, during the first Cleveland campaign when he opposed the "Plumed Knight," James G. Blaine, for the presidency. In those days big torchlight parades were held in the larger cities under the auspices of the state central committees and marching clubs and crowds for miles around took part in them. The newly organized Belles desirous of introducing something in the nature of a novelty decided to appear in feminine attire, in keeping with their name and they framed up a feature entitled, "Mother Hubbard Reverses," a political satire. They wore white, flowing "Mother Hubbard" gowns which were the cause of so much discussion in the days when that costume, if not particularly edifying, was in vogue, caps once considered ridiculous, but now fashionable and known as "boudoir" caps and carried lighted candles. Lowell was about to have a state parade and the Belles applied to General Pike who was to be its chief marshal for a position in line. To their great surprise and disappointment, the general turned them down, expressing the opinion that a presidential election was too dignified and too serious a matter to permit any hyaenous features. And sure enough elsewhere in the state, for the idea was surely a brand new one and the Belles began to experience considerable difficulty in getting an opportunity to make their debut. Finally, however, the promoters of the parade in Haverhill were willing to take a chance and the Belles were invited to turn out

## WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED

## May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When through neglect or overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired feeling, I get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and restores me to perfect health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too highly of it. I take pleasure in recommending it to others."—Mrs. ANNIE CAMERON, R.F.D., No. 1, Swan Creek, Michigan.

## Another Sufferer Relieved.

Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my housework now, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all ailing women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, Kennebago, Maine.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, etc.

In the down river city.

Did they make a hit?

The next day Lowell and her Belles were paraded throughout the state for all the papers had lengthy stories of their unique contribution to the parade and the great enthusiasm with which they were greeted. Then the people of Lowell clamored for a look at the Belles in costume, and to satisfy them the organization conducted a torchlight parade of its own, meeting the expense from its own treasury and attracting to Lowell some of the leading torchlight companies. The parade of the Belles eclipsed the regular state parade. From that time until the close of the campaign the Belles were in demand all over the state and when the election was over they had become so famous that they decided to hold their members together by means of a permanent social organization and they permanently organized with Mark L. Gordon, president; John H. Cull, secretary and William O. Dickerman, treasurer, and some 50 or more members all of whom were well known young men holding positions of responsibility in the city.

Presented The "Mikado"

When the next Fourth of July parade came up for discussion all Lowell clamored for the Belles to put in a feature and they responded again, appearing in female attire, all wearing riding habits and made up like society belles. Their fame went abroad and they became the rivals of and perhaps excelled the celebrated Hart club of Charlestown which in those days presented a unique feature in feminine make-up in each 17th of June parade. But when the Belles excelled all previous efforts was when they put on a production of the Mikado in one of the Fourth of July parades, a feature that they were called upon to repeat and which earned for them invitations from all over the state. At that time Gilbert and Sullivan's famous comic opera was at the height of its popularity and had just finished a long run in Boston, under the management of the late John Stetson, one of America's leading theatrical promoters of his day. Stetson presented the first American production with Geraldine Ulmer of Charlestown, Mass., the most famous of all the many Yum Yums of the stage as the leading female character. Miss Ulmer, if I do not err, afterward married Sir Arthur Sullivan, who wrote the music of the opera. To give class to his first production Mr. Stetson had all the costumes made especially for his company in Japan and they were gorgeous and costly in the extreme. When the Stetson company closed its engagement what did the enterprising Belles of Lowell do but go to Mr. Stetson in Boston and purchase the entire set of costumes and in these they appeared in the Lowell parade. Either Frank Ford or Arthur Hildreth appeared as Yum Yum, all dolled up in the magnificent gold-trimmed costume in which Miss Ulmer had delighted thousands, while the other two of the famous three little maids were George W. Conant and Harry Wright. Frank A. Clark as the Mikado, Fred Patterson, the printer, was Nanki-Poo, Addison H. Churchill was Pooh-Bah, while the other prominent characters were taken by "Major" Geer, Hugh Messer, Ed. Allen, a relative of Hon. Charles H. Allen, Fred Litchfield, Fred H. Pearson, W. O. Dickerman and John Cull. They presented a crew of Japanese dignitaries that would have made Gilbert and Sullivan, or old D'Olly Carte book them for European production on sight, while the numerous gentlemen from Japan who on many a vase and jar bid for popularity had absolutely nothing on the Belles of Lowell.

The Belles Polo Team

In those days polo was all the rage in Lowell and the old rink in Gorham street drew great crowds to the games. The Belles went to polo and had a hang-up team, one of their players, the late Billy Hill, afterward becoming one of the most famous professionals in the country. He was a brother of Thomas Hill, who formerly conducted the Waverly Hotel. The regular Belles of Lowell team consisted of H. Jules Malloux, who in those days was employed at C. E. Coburn's; William H. Hill and Fred H. Litchfield, both of whom are dead. George A. Wilkins, William O. Dickerman and Frank A. Clark. Harry Wright, Fred Litchfield and John Cull were also members of the team. They won the championship of the local league for which among other trophies they were presented "medals" by George Conant. At that time Frank Clark was attending Amherst Agricultural college and

was playing polo with the college team and was brought home to play with the Belles in their final game. He was given a grand reception by over 2000 polo enthusiasts at the rink. The Belles were in existence for several years but as some of the members married and others left the city the interest in club affairs diminished and the organization then disbanded. In subsequent torchlight parades other marching companies calling themselves the "Belles of Lowell" appeared but there was only one real crowd of Belles and they were the boys of quarter of a century ago.

## The Hosford Club

The Hosfords club were young men of more recent origin and were as famous perhaps 15 years ago as the Belles had been ten years previous. The Hosfords were a social club with quarters in the McCarthy Building in Palmer street. They came into fame upon the occasion of their first appearance in a Fourth of July parade 15 years ago when they introduced a representation of "Hogan's Alley" with its famous "Yellow Kid," who made "hat ears" famous after the pictorial efforts of Artist R. F. Outcault in the New York World. "Hogan's Alley" at that time was as popular as "Mutt and Jeff" became later, and all were familiar with its features. One feature of the original production gave some offense and was eliminated.

The following year the Hosfords blossomed forth on July 4 with Farmer Corntosse's celebrated \$10,000 rubband which made a tremendous hit. A year later they received a pressing invitation to appear in the July 17th parade in Charlestown, and at that time as the populist or "Middle of the Road" party was making considerable noise and amusement throughout the country, the Hosfords conceived a merry burlesque on this party, entitled "Delegates to the Populist Convention," in which they delighted the thousands who viewed the parade in Charlestown. But their greatest and best effort was the Country Circus, which also formed the July 4th feature. In this they had all the features of the circus, rubband, wild animals, bareback riders, etc., even to the steam calliope. This steam calliope, from which the most uncouth sounds emanated, had for its "power" two kids hidden within a huge box, who blew incessantly upon huge zoboes. It was an awfully hot day in the shade, not to speak of under a box in the sun attached to a zobo, and when suddenly the calliope went out of commission as far as music was concerned the other attaches of the circus wondered greatly and incidentally pounded on the box for more volume from within, being unable to make an

endeavor to make a dandy cage. For a moment the parade was on through the long, hot march. For a moment the cage in which "Plucky" and "Duke" performed they had an immense crockery crate which made a dandy cage. The pines had gone out of commission; both kids were sound asleep.

On this occasion the judges barred the Hosfords from a prize, claiming they hadn't the required number of attractions. They had a prize, claiming that they would repeat their feature the following evening, and a large crowd turned out to see them. This was interpreted by Henry Garly's huge St. Bernard dog, "Duke," who in honor of the occasion had previously been sent to a horse clipper and had his hair cut short except about his head. Being of the color of a lion, he made a perfect substitute. But he refused to look ferocious, and only an occasional reminder from "Plucky" kept him awake. The judges, for they carried along with the circus a number of satirical banners devoted to those dignitaries. It was announced that the parade would be "reviewed" at city hall, seated in an express wagon, were those two eminent characters of some years ago

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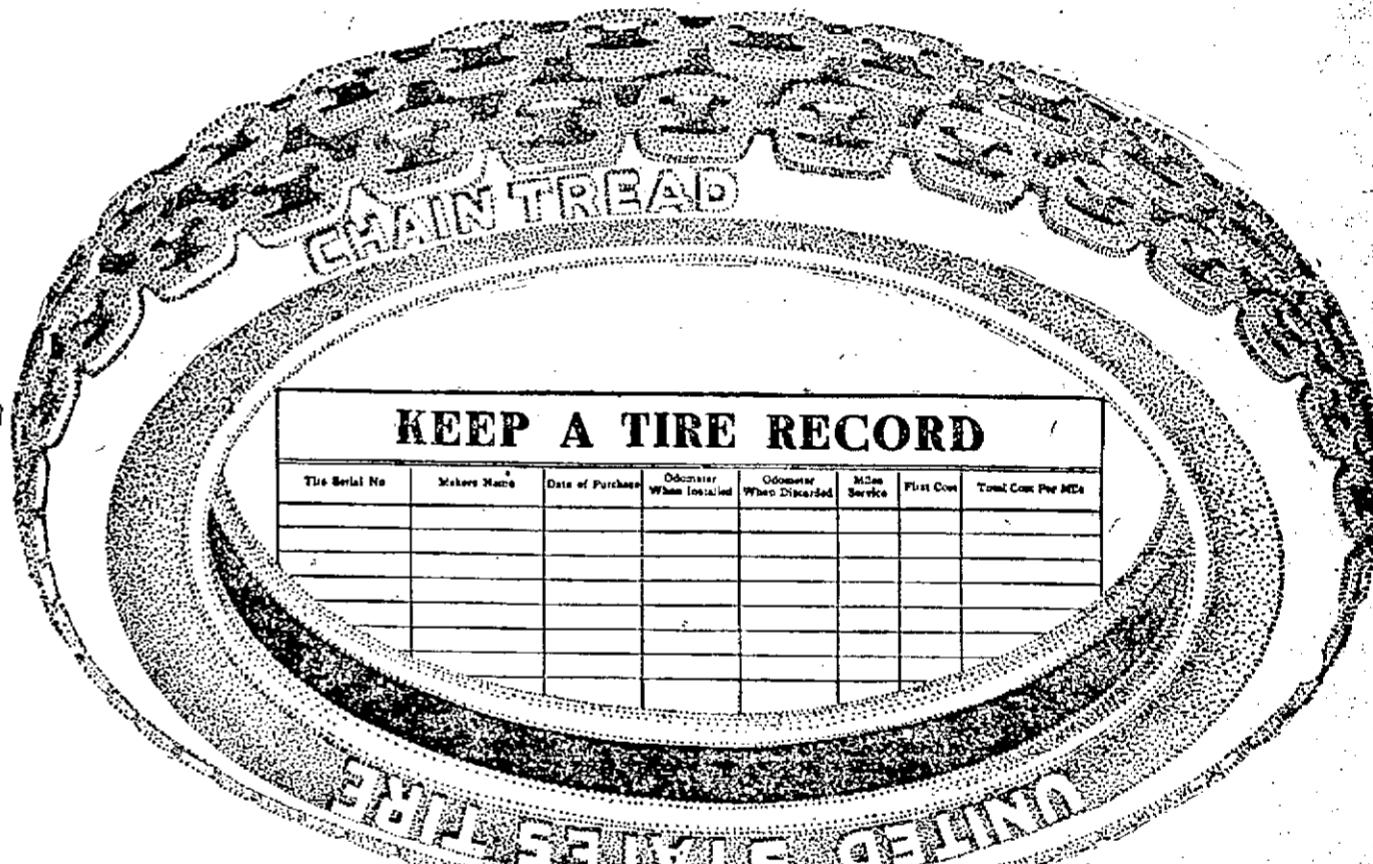
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John "Silgo" and Mike Finucane, both of whom appeared to be sound asleep as the parade went by. For several winter seasons afterward the Hosfords lived up to their reputation by holding character parties, burlesque basketball and polo games, and the simple announcement that the Hosfords were running a time was sufficient to pack Associate hall. The club disbanded some few years ago. Some of the members of the Hosfords were Charles Manus, John Kelly, John J. Driscoll, Frank McOske, Edward J. Burns, C. A. Rogers, Fred Gordon, Joseph A. McCusker, J. J. Donovan, A. Lovering, W. J. Collins, C. L. LeClair, T. F. Flynn, P. Noonan, T. E. Bertram, S. E. Schenck, M. J. Hogan, W. P. Egan, F. R. Brown, J. T. Gorman, Dennis J. Kelley, J. A. McMahon, S. T. Adams, N. B. Shepard, S. C. Whittemore, J. L. Cull, M. E. Powers, N. J. Cook, A. P. Nault, T. E. McOske, W. J. Hoar, J. L. Mahon, M. A. Cull.

THE OLD TIMER.

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LATEST DESIGNS  
IN WOMEN'S WEAR

## THE SUN FASHION PAGE

FEMININE HINTS  
AND NOVELTIES

## IN MILADY'S BOUDOIR

BY GWEN SEARS

## TO MAKE YOUR FIGURE FINE

Some women have an idea that fat may be eliminated by wearing tight corsets. This may be true to certain extent provided the corset is specially designed and fitted to one's figure for that purpose. The average corset only succeeds in changing the position of the fat and does not get rid of it. The looser the corset is laced the easier it is to keep the weight down, for the woman who tightly laces her waist accumulates fat.

To hop is not only a fine thing for the hips but benefits the entire figure. First lift one foot from the floor and hopping about the room, first on one foot and then on the other. When one has learned to balance the body, raise the foot until the hand may grasp the heel, and then in this position hop about on either foot. When this exer-

cise has been perfected place a ball on the floor, then hold the heel of one shoe, hold about the room and kick the ball with the other foot. Each leg must be exercised in like manner.

In the last exercise a wand is used as an assistant. The wand is held at the back with both hands. Begin exercising by bending the arms and sliding the wand up the back as high as possible, then lowering it. Repeat ten times and then change the position of the hands, palms out, and repeat an equal number of times.

The effect of this movement is to reduce the fat on back and shoulders, also to invigorate the lungs and increase their capacity. Improper respiration is the cause of inactivity, and inactivity results in the accumulation of fat.

## LADY LOOKABOUT

The delightfully clean paved streets of the city, left in that condition by last week's heavy rainfall, give a good idea of the effect flushing would have on these thoroughfares. In many cities flushing of the paved streets is done during the night. The sewers carry off the water and debris, and the morning finds the streets sweet and clean, no unsanitary odors being given off, and the dust, not merely laid, but thoroughly removed. This latter feature of flushing, the thorough removing of dust without recourse to brooms and sweeping, is one which should appeal to boards of health and to all persons interested in conserving the public health. It is a recognized fact among physicians that one or two windy, dusty days, brings an aftermath, an epidemic almost of eye, nose, and throat afflictions caused by the germs Indian dust being brought into contact with the mucous membranes lining these organs. The same conditions prevail in a lesser degree in localities where abutters sweep off their sidewalks in preference to washing them down with the hose. Street-sweepers keep dust in a constant state of agitation, well-calculated to the furtherance of infectious diseases. Much of this could be avoided by street-hushing, and it is to be hoped that our own city, which now has many miles of excellent smooth paving, will soon see its way to cleansing its streets in this manner.

"O woman  
Uncertain, coy and hard to please."  
I think he meant man!

## Fish Stories

So it is oil that kills the fish in our local streams! I am glad to know it, for it explodes many a good fish story of how "all you had to do was lean out of the boat and pick them up, they were so thick." Often I have thought they must have been thick indeed to permit of any such easy capture. Now it is all explained—they had been killed by oil. Seriously, it is a fact that in the lower Concord, at least, at times many dead fish may be seen floating on the water in the vicinity of plants which discharge sewage into the river. Unless conditions have been corrected within a year or two, any one who has frequented this river in the neighborhood of the rendering company and the mills in North Billerica will verify this statement. In both of these places, thick scums of grease may be seen floating on the water which not only discourages fish life, but bathing and boating as well.

## Wearing an Expression

And now, girls, if you would be right up to the minute, you must cultivate and wear on your faces, a childish expression. Heaven help us, and so many of us over seven! I call it an outrage.

Why, we have hardly recovered from the attempt to dispense with our spines. That was hard enough, for there were moments when it would assert itself despite our efforts to suppress it. But now, picture some of us workers, thinkers, going about with a pseudo-babyish expression. Yet there are those among us who will attempt it—artful artlessness, a bright young person has called it. Now, girls, here is some good sisterly advice: do not forget that thought furrows the face, and the deeper the thought the deeper the furrows; only mental vacuity retains the smoothness and artlessness of childhood, so give it up girls if you are over seven—anyway, let us call it seven.

## The Vanishing Hobble

Just as the street cars present themselves to us equipped with two very convenient steps on either side, replacing the one former very inconvenient step, Dame Fashion railroads the tight, hobble skirt out of existence and orders skirts of such unusual width and shortness that many of us could board a car with ease, if it had no steps at all. Of course we are not concealed enough to consider for a moment that our skirts were of the least effect in inducing legislation in regard to affixing the extra step, but we cannot help thinking that, although the new step is of great convenience to many, the aged, the infirm and the young, some two or three years ago when we were in the midst of the hobble, the innovation of the extra step would have done the greatest good to the greatest number. However, a good thing is good at any time, and as I mount the little flight leading to my seat, I love to pretend that I am climbing into a Fifth avenue bus. You cannot believe how it causes the worries of heat and dying dust, and congested traffic to vanish.

I never worry if I have a little rash or other eruption break out—I just put on a bit of Resinol Ointment. That takes out the itching and burning instantly, and soon clears the trouble away. I learned of Resinol Ointment through our doctor prescribing it for my brother. Tom had been almost frantic with eczema for months but that ointment healed his skin like magic.

Resinol Ointment contains nothing that could injure or irritate the tenderest skin. It is an excellent healing dressing for poison ivy, scorpion sores, chafing, burns, etc. For further, write to Dept. 15-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Sold by all druggists.

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WEDDING GIFTS

Exclusive agents for the famous Wallace Nutting Pictures.

PRINCE'S

106-108 Merrimack Street

MODERN  
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CHALIFOUX BUILDING

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Elevator

## PRETTY DESIGNS FOR SUMMER WEAR WITH SHORT JAUNTY JACKETS AND SUSPENDERS AS NOTABLE FEATURES—LOOSE COAT FOR GIRLS IN VARIETY OF OUTING CLOTH



Short jaunty jackets and suspenders make two such notable features of summer fashions that these two costumes are especially noteworthy. The girls' suit shows a six-gored skirt flaring abundantly and gracefully that can be finished either at the Empire or natural waist line, and with it an Eton jacket. In the picture, the costume is made of linen trimmed with braid and the material and trimming are both excellent, but of course the treatment is good for other fabrics as well as for the linen for cotton crepe, or pique or for the taffeta that is so much in vogue and there are of course various other possibilities to be found in the de-

sign. If something less severe and more dressy is wanted, taffeta could be used with ruches on the skirt and edging the jacket and when it is made in that way, the costume takes on quite a different aspect, for it becomes fluffy and picturesque rather than tailored and simple, yet the model is suited to both treatments.

The suspender costume shows not alone good style and treatment, it also makes a practical suggestion for remodeling, for the skirt is cut in two pieces with a panel at each side and of course it is easy to cut over any skirt from last season in such a way. Since contrasting materials are

used, the panels can be made from a different fabric, of all over embroidery or of whatever may suit the special skirt. The wide belt is an interesting and a very generally becoming feature and the suspenders are exceedingly smart, but neither is necessary for the skirt can be finished with a plain under facing or belt and the suspenders can be omitted, if something simpler is wanted. The blouse is one of the favorites of the season, with full front and plain backs. The collar can be pulled open as it is here or buttoned up closely about the throat. Summer outing is sure to create the need for just such a loose coat

as this one and also for the simple quality and a beautiful shade of blue. The girls' costume shows a one-piece dress in a new and exceedingly smart style. The pockets that are gathered at their upper edges are especially interesting. In the picture, the material is striped linen and stripes unquestionably are pronounced favorites of the season, but as a matter of course the dress can be copied in any seasonable material. In plain linen or colored linen or in one of the cotton crepes or voiles, either striped or figured. Voiles, made just as shown here and with trimming of them would make a smart effect and also a simple practical dress.

I know

Resinol  
will heal this rash

I never worry if I have a little rash or other eruption break out—I just put on a bit of Resinol Ointment. That takes out the itching and burning instantly, and soon clears the trouble away. I learned of Resinol Ointment through our doctor prescribing it for my brother. Tom had been almost frantic with eczema for months but that ointment healed his skin like magic.

Resinol Ointment contains nothing that could injure or irritate the tenderest skin. It is an excellent healing dressing for poison ivy, scorpion sores, chafing, burns, etc. For further, write to Dept. 15-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Sold by all druggists.

## LADY LOOKABOUT

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Benton, Scotland, has a woman letter carrier.

Women are acting as street cleaners in Cardiff, Wales.

Girls are employed as messengers in the British war office.

Women are now eligible to become notaries in North Carolina.

Woman suffrage amendments will be voted upon in seven states this year.

The Women's Trade Union League will build a labor temple in New York.

Female school teachers in New York are to be the best paid in the world.

Mrs. Alexa Stirling, the southern woman's golf champion, is only 17 years of age.

Women are working 8½ hours a week in one of the large armament factories in England.

Mrs. Dita M. West directs over 100 trains entering and leaving Atlanta, Ga., every day.

Miss Laura M. White has been doing

missionary work in China for the past 24 years.

Labor laws for women have recently been enacted in Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts and Wyoming.

Joan Sawyer, the actress, has left New York to motor to San Francisco in six weeks on a wager.

Woman motor truck drivers in England are being paid \$1.50 per week, the same rate paid to men.

Notre Dame Academy at Notre Dame, Ind., has adopted a course of automobile study for its women students.

Berths in London are averaging nearly \$100 a week below the figures

for the corresponding week in previous years.

Southern club women are asking for state appropriations to extend the work of the agricultural colleges to farm women.

Mrs. Kate Hoffman, 56 years of age, has been a resident of the town poor house at Uniondale, Pa., for the past 46 years.

Mrs. Laura Dow has been elected secretary of the Wisconsin Press association, and is the first woman to hold the position.

New Mexico has passed a law providing for the appointment of women on the government boards of State institutions in the discretion of the governor.

In the northern part of Italy the wives and daughters of the men at the front are being trained to take their places in street car and railroad work.

Miss Esie DeWolfe, the noted decorator of New York, has been engaged by a large automobile concern to design the inside decorations for their high-priced cars.

In the absence of her husband, who has been called to the front, Mrs. Geo. Kendall, wife of the Methodist minister in England, will have charge of six churches.

Mary Powell, a little English girl, who has been appointed as a call girl in one of the large London theaters, is said to be the first girl in the world to hold such a position.

Miss Abby Woodhull, a former school teacher, has made a great success as manager of a farm at Wading River, L. I. She is also an authority on all subjects pertaining to farming.

Thirteen of the government schools for the training of teachers in Egypt have been especially set apart for women students and now have an attendance of 2,030 girls with forty-two trained teachers.

Two philanthropic women in New York have opened a mending shop

which gives employment to needy girls who are employed there at \$7 per week for 40 hours in a sanitary shop.

Miss Bertha Selfridge of Butte, Mont., who received a degree of bachelor of arts and bachelor of law from the University of Montana, has the distinction of being the first girl to receive an LL. B. from that university.

Mrs. Palmyre Shepens, for years connected with the Maison Damerle Feltjean, the famous lace establishment in Brussels, Belgium, is now in this country trying to dispose of over half a million dollars worth of hand-made Belgium lace, the proceeds from the sales to go towards relieving the destitute lace makers in that country.

"But what shall I take to wear?" questioned Marjorie, selecting suddenly.

"Well, have a camp blouse as loose and comfortable as you please," suggested Marie, "but have it of a material which is not transparent and have it made with a collar which comes up high at the back of the neck, with the skirt being short enough to admit of active exercise in walking, stepping into boats, climbing over rocks, etc.

The skirt should also be easy to get into and should have deep pockets at the hips, as there are a dozen and one little things one wants to drop into the pockets on an outing, and it's always most comfortable to have the hands

entirely free. Under the short blouse should be knickers of this sort and these, with a boneless athletic corset or girdle, and a light weight undersuit, which may be washed out without ironing, will constitute all the undergarments necessary.

"The smart buttoned boots and dainty pumps will be left at home in favor of stout camping boots, coming well above the ankle; but do not forget that these boots will seem very heavy and tiresome after a long tramp in the woods, and take along a pair of heelless moccasins for camp."

It is proposed to establish one where in the west of England a training school where women police can be trained for work outside of London.

So far all the 150 women police in England have been trained in London.

Thousands of washerwomen employed in the public wash houses in Paris are facing a serious crisis. After nine months of war, many families whose budgets have diminished are retrenching and using cloth instead of linen on the table and doing

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## FELL FROM TREE ON THE MIDWAY

## UNREST IN INDIA

## TWENTY RESCUED

Francis Tracey Fractured Collar Bone and May Die

Francis Tracey, 9 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tracey of New street, was seriously injured yesterday afternoon when he fell from tree at Rosemont terrace from a height of about 50 feet. The boy's collar bone was fractured and it is feared that he will not recover.

The Tracey boy and other companies were out for bird's nests late Saturday afternoon and they looked up every tree at Rosemont terrace in search of securings bird's eggs. Tracey's nest was at the top of a large tree and he endeavored to climb it. While at a height of about 60 feet, perched on a limb, the boy lost his balance and fell to the ground, fracturing his collar bone and two other bones in his neck.

The injured boy who was in an unconscious condition was picked up and carried to his home nearby and Dr. M. T. Tigh was summoned. Today the little fellow is reported as resting comfortably, although little hope is entertained for his recovery.

## FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE

## CROWD RESPONDS TO BANK OF FRANCE'S INVITATION TO TURN IN GOLD

PARIS, July 6, 1915.—The Bank of France has been compelled to designate six receiving tellers to take the gold offered in exchange for notes in response to the invitation to the public to turn in its private hoards of gold so as to strengthen the national reserve.

Long lines of persons waited in front of the institution all day yesterday and again were there today. The largest sum exchanged was \$5,000 francs (\$17,000) and the smallest ten francs (\$2). The usual amounts were \$100 or 200 francs.

The certificates given for the gold were inscribed to the effect that the exchange was made for "national defense."

## MEXICAN IS ARRESTED

## PROCOPIO MERAZ SAID TO HAVE ADMITTED RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEATH OF AMERICAN

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 6.—Procopio Meraz, former Hacienda colonel and aide-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Ermelio Quiróz y Gómez, is under arrest here today pending investigation by the local police. An anonymous note, written in Spanish, declared Meraz had confessed to the writer that he alone was responsible for the execution of Scott Burwell, an American shot by Mexican soldiers in northern Mexico about a year ago.

The writer of the note declared that Gen. Gomez, now held by federal authorities at San Antonio, as an undesirable alien and who, it is said, is believed to have ordered the execution of Burwell, had nothing to do with the affair, according to Meraz's alleged confession.

Meraz said that he knew nothing of the Burwell case and that the alleged confession was a fabrication.

## ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR

So many thousands of women have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that there is hardly a neighborhood in any city, town or hamlet in this country wherein some woman has not found health in this good old-fashioned root and herb remedy. If you are suffering from some womanly ail, why don't you try it?

**CHERRY & WEBB**  
Have Bought the Entire  
BANKRUPT STOCK  
OF  
**E. O. Squire**

Women's and Misses' High Class COATS,  
SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS—of Purchase  
Street.

## New Bedford

This was E. O. Squire's first season as a Cloak and Suit Specialty House—All the stock is NEW.

Watch the Papers for Important Opening Announcement of Sale

Lowell customers are going to get their share of this money-saving opportunity.

**CHERRY & WEBB**  
NEW YORK  
CLOAK STORE

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co. 12-18 JOHN ST.

## Largest Crowd of Fakirs

## Yet Seen and an Im-

mense Crowd

The march of progress even among the fakirs was noted at the midway for this year along with the teddy bears which for the past few years were popular prizes for the wheel games this year by means of the lucky number you could not only get a teddy bear but a baby of any size, description or costume, a pair of shoes, a pair of silk stockings or even a raincoat, a bath robe, parasol or an alarm clock.

The midway on the South common this year excelled in size and variety any other midway in history and Lew Walker of Boston who has been coming here for years with wild men and women who look wild, but aren't, says it was the biggest time in his Lowell experience.

The rain put a temporary damper on the midway and made life miserable for its attendants, but business was good generally and the fakirs with the novelties made the money. The great American spirit of gambling was evidenced by the unusually large number of harmless gambling machines and the manner in which they were patronized. The common was packed Saturday night until midnight again Sunday night from midnight on and yesterday afternoon and evening. Despite the great crowd general good order prevailed. The light-fingered gentry were on hand and got away with some plunder, but they will be found in every large crowd and under every political administration.

A most satisfying feature of the midway was the fact that as a result of the sale of lots the city gets back as much as it put out for the celebration, that is if it is not called upon to pay out more than the original \$300.

## SHOT BELOW THE HEART

## CHAS. H. JOHNSON, CHICAGO UNION OFFICIAL, ATTACKED AS HE ANSWERED DOORBELL

CHICAGO, July 6.—Charles H. Johnson, secretary and treasurer of the Brickmakers union, was shot twice below the heart as he answered a ring of his doorbell early today. Physicians said the wounds probably would be fatal. His assailant, whom he failed to recognize, escaped.

Police attributed the shooting to labor troubles.

## ATTACK ON MEXICO CITY

## OFFICIALS AWAITS WORD OF RESULT OF GEN. GONZALES' ATTACK

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Officials of the Washington government today awaited word on the result of Gen. Pablo Gonzales' renewed attack on Mexico City.

Advises to the Carranza agency here said Gonzales had begun his attack with fresh reinforcements. The Zapata commanders had prepared to offer determined resistance. It would not be surprising to Washington officials, however, to learn of the evacuation of the Mexican capital by the Zapata army because of a shortage of ammunition.

Miguel Diaz Lombardo, minister for foreign affairs in the northern branch of the convention government of Mexico, was here today with other Villa leaders in an effort to lay their views on the Mexican political situation before officials of the United States.

Villa leaders already have told officials of their willingness to enter into negotiations with Carranza looking to a restoration of peace in the southern republic, while Carranza has consistently declined peace overtures by Villa. Washington officials count upon Charles A. Douglas, legal adviser here to Carranza, who has gone to Vera Cruz to persuade the first chief to adopt a more conciliatory attitude towards his opponents.

**PLUTE INDIAN CHARGED WITH MURDER OF JUAN CHACON, A HERDER**

DENVER, Col., July 6.—The trial of Tse-ne-gat (Everett Hatch), a Plute Indian, charged with the murder of Juan Chacon, a herder, was begun here today in the federal court.

About 40 witnesses, many of whom are Indians, have been summoned to testify in the case. The killing took place in March, 1914, in Montezuma county, Colorado.

Efforts by a posse of United States deputies last February to arrest Tse-ne-gat resulted in armed resistance by recalcitrant Plutes, led by "Old Polk," father of the defendant. Several Indians and a member of the posse were killed.

Gen. Hugh L. Scott sought out the Indians and induced them to accompany him to Salt Lake City. Tse-ne-gat was brought to Denver and has been in a sanitarium. According to physicians he is suffering from tuberculosis.

**TRIAL OF TSE-NE-GAT**

**PLUTE INDIAN CHARGED WITH MURDER OF JUAN CHACON, A HERDER**

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# SUCCESES FOR TEUTONS

## French Attacks Repulsed—German Air Raids on French Positions—Advance in Galicia

The German official announcement of today says two French attacks at Les Eperges have been repulsed; that German aviators have been active against the French near L'Isle-en-Dodon in the Vosges and that in Russian Poland the forces of Emperor William took a Russian position and 500 prisoners near Suwalki.

### GERMAN TRENCHES TAKEN

The French war office reports a very active night along virtually the entire front. British troops have taken some German trenches in Belgium; Arras was bombarded all night long; there has been incessant lighting in the Argonne, and French troops have repulsed the enemy on the Heights of the Meuse as well as near the forest of Le Prieuré.

### BRITISH ATTACK HOSPITAL SUNK

An official statement issued in Berlin calls attention to Great Britain's actions in torpedoing a hospital ship and unarmed passenger ships in Turkish waters while she at the same time is protesting against the submarine warfare of Germany.

### GERMAN RESISTANCE

Stiffer resistance to the Teutonic advance towards Warsaw is being offered by the Russians from day to day, the latest official reports indicate. Along the entire eastern battle front of approximately 550 miles from the Baltic to Bessarabia, in fact, the Russian lines apparently are holding the Austro-Germans except at one point. Near Krasnik, in southern Poland, the Archduke Ferdinand's army has broken through and continued its advance toward the Polish capital.

### GERMANS RAID FRENCH LINES

In France the Germans continue pounding the French lines, but toward the north the silence which for sometime has prevailed along the front held by the British, remains unbroken.

### SEVERE FIGHTING

The Italians report the satisfactory development of their offensive on the Carnia plateau and the success of air attacks on Austrian encampments in the vicinity of Dobrodo. Severe fighting is in progress on the edge of the Dobrodo plateau, according to the latest Austrian statement.

### UNREST IN INDIA

Through Manu come reports of serious unrest among the native population of British India.

### BRITISH AIR RAID FAILED

Berlin advises tell of a British attempt to attack a German position on the North sea. Operating from a point of the Netherlands island of Terschelling, naval and aerial ships moved toward the objective which the German official report does not indicate further than as "a bay" the attacking craft were repelled, the despatch says, adding that a hydro-aeroplane that succeeded in making an ascension was pursued by German aeroplanes and escaped by flying over Dutch territory.

### BERLIN REPORT SAYS BRITISH LOST 10,000 ON GALLIPOLI

#### IN 12 DAYS

BERLIN (via The Hague and London), July 6.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Zeitung and Mittag reports that the British lost 10,000 men during the last 12 days' fighting around Seddul Bahr, on the Gallipoli peninsula. He states that he saw thousands of wounded transported to the hospital ships while the dead were left unburied. His despatch continues:

"The climax in the awful carnage was reached on the morning of July 1, after a three-day offensive that failed utterly. Boats traveled to and from transports for hours with the wounded. The Turks learn that Alexandria, Cairo and the islands occupied by the British are literally choked with wounded men."

The Turkish losses were measurably less and lighter, as is indicated by the fact that half the injured are already back in the fighting."

### GREAT BRITISH AIR ATTACK ON GERMAN POSITIONS FAILED

BERLIN, July 6 (by wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—A great British aeroplane attack was directed against the German positions in a German bay of the North sea on the morning of July 4, according to a German official statement issued under date of July 5. The attack, the announcement adds, failed.

### AIR RAID ON ROME REGARDED AS IMPOSSIBLE, SAYS ITALIAN PAPER

ROME, July 5, 8:55 p. m. via Paris July 6, 4:55 a. m.—Discussing the possible menace to Rome from an Austrian air raid, the Giornale d'Italia expresses the belief that the Italian capital may consider itself virtually safe because it is 225 miles from Pavia and 313 miles from the Island of Ischia, the Austrian base. The airships of Austria have found it difficult to cover more than 315 miles in a single flight, and it is regarded as impossible for them to make a raid on Rome and then complete the return journey.

### FEATURES OF LAST NIGHT'S EUROPEAN WAR NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

Russians make desperate stand in southern Poland and Galicia. Russian attacks near Krasnik failed, according to Berlin bulletin.

French announce Germans recovered their old lines at Foyen-Hero on the Moselle.

Berlin reports British attack repelled and Germans gain in Verdun-Metz sector.

Steamer Anglo-American escapes submarine, though riddled with shells and nine men killed.

German note not expected before next week, owing to the fact that Berlin is over passenger and munitions traffic.

### GERMAN TRENCHES WERE CAPTURED BY ALLIES, SAYS PARIS REPORT

PARIS, July 6, 2:35 p. m.—The French war office this afternoon gave a statement of the progress of hostilities, by the office of the board.

### HOLT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Continued

again today in an effort to establish his identity. If possible, Mr. Wood was still unable to say whether Holt and Muenter were the same, he declared.

#### COUNSEL FOR HOLT

Martin W. Littleton, formerly of Dallas, Tex., went to Mineola today to assume charge of Frank Holt's defense. Mr. Littleton said that he had been asked by residents of the south, who believed that Holt is mentally irresponsible, to look after his legal rights.

#### SCARS FOUND ON BODY

The evidence that has been accumulating to support the theory that Holt and Muenter are the same person was strengthened by the announcement today that an examination of Holt's body had revealed scars which correspond to a description received by the authorities here today of scars which Muenter bore on his body. The scars in Muenter's case were said to have been due to an operation.

Allegists have been asked to come here and to make an examination of Holt's mental condition to determine whether he is sane. Dr. Cleghorn said he believed Holt was suffering from paranoid or dementia praecox.

#### SCARS ON BODY

Prof. Crowe of Chicago says that identity of Holt might be cleared by resemblance to Muenter striking.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Prof. John Maxwell Crowe, a teacher at the University high school of this city, suggested today that the identity of Frank Holt, who shot J. P. Morgan, might be cleared up by looking for certain scars on his body.

"Photographs and Holt's conduct suggest strongly to me that he is really Erich Muenter, who disappeared nine years ago after the death of his wife," said the professor. "However, there were scars on Muenter's body left by repeated operations for a chronic malady which should show on Holt if he and Muenter are the same person."

Muenter and I were married about the same time in 1902 and we went to live in the same flat building. He was brilliant and a tireless student.

"Before I ever saw the photographs of Holt I thought he might be Muenter although for years I have believed the latter dead. The suggestion came to me when I was reading Holt's statement. That sounds like Muenter I thought."

Ottmar M. Krems, a brother of Muenter's wife, said today that he will go east to assist in clearing up Holt's identity. He has a number of photographs of Muenter, some of them without the beard and he declared that the likeness between the smooth-faced pictures of Muenter and those of Holt were striking.

#### INDICTMENT GONE

Original Murder Indictment Against Prof. Muenter Missing Since Aug.—Dist. Atty. Corcoran Thinks It Stolen

BOSTON, July 6—Announcement by District Attorney William J. Corcoran of Cambridge yesterday that the original murder indictment against Prof. Erich Muenter, dating back to 1906, has been missing from the files of the office of the clerk of courts of Middlesex county for nearly a year, and that he believes it was stolen, was a new and startling development in Cambridge in connection with the efforts of the police and others to fathom the Holt-Muenter problem.

The announcement came in connection with word from Mr. Corcoran that he had taken a hand in the case, devoting all day yesterday to it, and intended, should any encouragement come from New York, to send a man on to assist in the identification. Mr. Corcoran added that in the event of an identification, he will at once take steps to extradite.

The Muenter case dates back prior to Mr. Corcoran's assuming office. Judge George L. Sanderson was the district attorney at the time. He was succeeded by Dist. Attorney John J. Higgins. Mr. Corcoran took office two years ago.

In the last eight months, Mr. Corcoran stated yesterday, he has on two occasions run down supposed clues to Muenter. He would not go into detail either on that matter or the disappearance of the indictment paper other than to say that it had, in his opinion, been stolen.

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## INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

Agent Mitchell of the Massachusetts militia spent the holidays at Chatham. The Massachusetts and Merrimack mills are closed down this week for the annual vacation period.

The labor men were on hand to witness the parade yesterday and they were all unanimous in proclaiming it the best ever.

Charles Thomas, formerly of the American Hide & Leather company, entertained several friends at his residence in Central street yesterday. "How Dry I Am" was sung with a vigor when the members of the Broadway Social Club reached their quarters in Broadway yesterday.

The carpenters under local 49 will meet tomorrow in the union hall in the Rumens building to transact considerable business of importance.

President Thomas McQuane says the saying was changed yesterday to the return of the boys to the Centralville club rooms from "fired but happy" to "well and hungry."

When the parade came along Back Street Johnny Donnelly, the prominent Middlesex street chauffeur, was given a grand ovation by a large gathering of young ladies.

Wally Lyons, of the Saco-Lowell shops and manager of the South End baseball team took a day off yesterday and impersonated a Russian cosack in the sham bang division of the United Textile Workers and a number of addresses on unionism will be heard. The speakers will be followed by a musical program and refreshments will be served.

## THE VIEWS OF GERMANY

### Sec. Lansing Says Report Has Been Received From Gerard on Submarine Activity

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Secretary Lansing stated that a despatch had been received from Ambassador Gerard giving informally the views of the German government on submarine warfare but this government has not replied.

While declining to discuss the contents of the despatch, Mr. Lansing let it be known that the proposals contained in it were similar to those which have already been discussed in Berlin press despatches, indicating a desire to clarify the situation before making formal answer.

Mr. Lansing stated that there had been no exchange of views as yet.

Mr. Gerard's despatch has been transmitted to President Wilson where the decision rests as to the character of instructions to be given the American ambassador in answering the inquiries of Berlin officials.

New difficulties have arisen which now complicate the situation. These are the cases of the British liners Armenian and Anglo-Californian which cargo ships by making repeated efforts to escape, justified attacks by German submarines.

While no definite assurance has been given, officials here believe that further attacks without warning will not be made against any vessels, whether of neutral or belligerent character, at least until a means of insuring the safety of Americans on the high seas is agreed upon in the present negotiations.

Germany, it is understood, has proposed a joint system of inspection through which it shall be established to the satisfaction of German consuls in the United States that belligerent ships sailing from American ports are primarily engaged in passenger traffic.

Details are lacking as to whether Germany will consent to the carriage of any contraband on such vessels or if whether guarantee shall be given that the amount of contraband transported is of a negligible character.

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Curdy, J. A. McEvoy, Thompson Hardware, York, club, Merrimack house, Merrimack Clothing Co., Merrimack Hair Dressing Parlors, Bell's, Teaford Co., O'Sullivan Shoe store, Ford Motor Mart, George E. Mongeon, Thomas F. Fitzgerald, Gas Appliance store, Grant & Co., Freeman Bros., Boston Confectionery store, D. S. O'Brien, Lemkin Suit Co., David Perrault, Gallagher's, Leinen's, P. F. Devine, M. S. Wood, T. F. Dwyer, Old Lowell National bank, Harrison, Chaffoux building, Camera Art shop, Cherry & Webb, Lowell Trust Trust, G. W. Hayes, Newell Electric Light Corp., M. Marks, P. & Q. shop, Rockingham hotel, Larance Rawlinson, Faragut house, Washington tavern, T. P. Boulger, John Boulger, Cameron Bros., Allan Fraser, Carp Bros., Union market, Barlow bakery, Harry Ostroff, E. Gately, St. Charles & C. H. May, Arlington hotel, Howard's, D. E. McQuade, Appleton National bank, Putnam & Son, Candyland, T. W. Wardell, Talbot Clothing Co., American house, George E. Hutchins, James F. Miskella, Dicker & Co., Waverly hotel, W. H. L. Hayes, Nelson's 5 and 10 cent store, Lowell Electric Light Corp., M. Marks, P. & Q. shop, Rockingham hotel, Larance Rawlinson, Faragut house, Washington tavern, T. P. Boulger, John Boulger, Cameron Bros., Allan Fraser, Carp Bros., Union market, Barlow bakery, Harry Ostroff, E. Gately, St. Charles & C. H. May, Arlington hotel, Howard's, D. E. McQuade, Appleton National bank, Putnam & Son, Candyland, T. W. Wardell, Talbot Clothing Co., American house, George E. Hutchins, James F. Miskella, Dicker & Co., Waverly hotel, W. H. L. Hayes, Nelson's 5 and 10 cent store, Lowell Electric Light Corp., M. Marks, P. & Q. shop, Rockingham hotel, Larance Rawlinson, Faragut house, Washington tavern, T. P. Boulger, John Boulger, Cameron Bros., Allan Fraser, Carp Bros., Union market, Barlow bakery, Harry Ostro



## THE SICKABED LADY

Nurse says you should take as good care of your feet as you do of your complexion. Wear soft, thin stockings and well fitting shoes. Exercise the feet and legs, not only by walking, but by lifting them, first on one leg and then the other as high as possible. Bathe them night and morning, alternating with hot and cold water. Wipe them dry and dust with a little talcum powder. If you have been toeing out counteract this fault by toeing in for a time.

It may seem absurd to advise walking pigeon-toed but it is not. In fact it is the sensible thing to do. Walking in this manner puts into use those muscles which were not used while walking with the toe turned out, and in this manner the tendency to walk wrong is counteracted until you gradually walk with your feet parallel which is as nature intended. The Indians never suffer with broken arches, yet they wear only thin moccasins. They walk with feet parallel or slightly toeing in.

Nurse says that one can often cure a sore throat if taken care of as soon as the first signs of roughness is noticed. First wash the hands very carefully and then dip the fingers in a solution of Bisthine, and while wet place the ball of the right thumb far back in the roof of the mouth. Gently but firmly work across the palate from one side to the other with a slight manipulation of the part of the tonsils within easy reach.

Be careful not to disturb the throat to the point of irritation, nor to produce nausea. Add to the exercises the use of plenty of water. Drink all the hot water you can, and repeat the exercises two or three times a day and keep it up.

Can anything be more dreadful than lying awake at night, hour after hour, when the rest of the world is peacefully sleeping? Habit in most things is strong, and nurse says that forming a habit of going to bed just at a certain time is often a help if one finds it hard to get to sleep.

Sometimes gentle exercise in bed is very effective. Lie prone and stretch the body to its utmost by attempting to reach the head and foot boards at the same time. Then raise your head a few inches, and hold it in this position while breathing slowly and deeply. You will soon be very glad to drop it back upon the pillow. Now repeat the operation with the right foot and do not take the breath exercise. Then do it with the left foot until fatigued. Then begin with the head movement again.

Nurse says if she had the supervision of the contents of the jars on the toilet tables of women, she would most certainly add a jar of senna powder and a pound of figs to the list. Chop together a pound of prunes and half a pound of figs. To this add an ounce of senna powder and a cup of water. Put over the fire and let simmer for three quarters of an hour, watching carefully that it does not burn. The

**Worms' Cause** Many Children's Ills. Worms, by thousands, rob the child of nourishment, stunt its growth, cause constipation, indigestion, nervousness, irregular appetite, fever and sometimes spasms. Kickapoo Worm Killer gives relief from all these. One-fourth to one of these pleasant candy lozenges, taken as directed, kill and remove the worms, regulate its health and vitality. Get an original 25c box from your druggist. Don't endanger your child's health and future when so sure and simple a remedy can be had.

## SLEEPYTIME TALES

BY VIRGINIA VALE

FOR THE LITTLE READERS OF THE SUN

## THE JAPANESE TEA LADY

Once upon a time there was a little girl named Alice. Her mother had a Japanese teapot on which was painted a picture of a tea house and a beautiful lady with a pretty green and gold dress. There were several children playing around in the picture and several other ladies, but none of them so pretty as her Japanese lady, as Alice called her.

Of course Alice was not allowed to touch the teapot but she could look and talk to the painted lady as much as she pleased. Alice told her mother she was sure the Japanese lady smiled when she said "Good morning" to her. One night Alice dreamed that she walked up to the Japanese lady and the lady turned her head and smiled and said "Good morning."

This surprised Alice very much but she began to talk to the lady who told her she had loved Alice from the first time she saw her and wanted Alice's help as she feared she was ill. She said she thought she was suffering from chills and fever, as when she stayed in the closet she was cold, and when Alice's mother put her on the tea table she grew all hot, and she wanted Alice to get a doctor.

"Why," said Alice in her dream, "dear lady you are not ill, but you know when mother takes you out of the closet she fills you up with very hot tea and that is what makes you grow so warm."

The Japanese lady thanked Alice gratefully and just then Alice woke up. It was just daylight but she couldn't wait and had to jump out of bed and into the dining room, when she was very much surprised to find that the Japanese lady looked at her with unseeing eyes and didn't answer her questions, in fact acted as though she could not hear, which Alice thought very funny as she had talked so freely with her during the night.

## LEGAL NOTICES

LOWELL, Mass., June 28th, 1915.  
By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage of personal property given by Demetrios K. Kemos, to the Probate Court, to be inscribed to Demetrios K. Kemos, dated April 6th, 1915, and recorded with the Mortgages of Personal Property in the Office of the City Clerk of Lowell, No. 68, Page 253. And for breach of the condition thereof, will be sold at Public Auction at the store numbered 121 Central Street in said Lowell on Thursday, July 20th, 1915, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, all the goods and chattels described in said mortgage, as follows: 11 chairs, 2 electric signs, 1 marble stand thirty feet long, 1 cash register, 1 electric electric shoe drying fan, 1 hat cleaning machine, 20 pairs of brushes, together with the stock of shoes blacking, shoe laces, and any and all other tools, implements and other property of whatever name or nature belonging to me and used in connection with my business together with the good will therein, all of said property being in said Lowell.

TERMS cash.  
DEMETRIOS K. KEMOS,  
Mortgagor.

## HELP WANTED

DRESSER TENDERS WANTED AT Talbot Mills, No. 111 Billerica.

MAN WANTED TO SELL ORNAMENTAL stock in towns. Start now. Permanent position for right party. First National Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

## MALE HELP WANTED

Post office examination at Lowell soon. Prepare now under former government examiner. Booklet \$3 free. Write today. Patterson Civil Service School, Rochester, N. Y.

## EXPERIENCED WOODEN BOX

makers wanted. Apply A. A. Flint's Box Factory, Tyngsboro, Mass.

## EXPERIENCED BEADERS ON

hows and shoes wanted. Work done at home. God pay. Also a capable person to act as agent for same. Experienced. Write S. B. L. 21 Railroad St., Haverhill, Mass.

## PLASTERER AND BRICKLAYER

wanted. Apply John Desmond, North Billerica.

## EXPERIENCED BEADERS ON

SLIPERS wanted at once; none but experienced need apply. Mrs. Green, 16 Fifth st.

## CLAIRVOYANT

MADAM ADELLA, CLAIRVOYANT and card reader. If in need, need help or advice, call 42 Branch st.

## WANTED

BOARD AND ROOM IN ENGLISH speaking family wanted; foreigner wants to learn English language. Address John L. S. Haverhill st., city.

## UPRIGHT PIANO IN GOOD CONDITION

wanted; must be a bargain; state condition and price. Write H. H. Sun Office.

## THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS

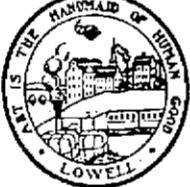
on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

## turn to the South Boston Yacht club.

Natalie was an only child and the family had enjoyed many pleasant trips on the Sinbad and on the boat Mr. Haines owned before he bought the Sinbad.

## OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH

Lowell, July 1st, 1915.



To the Public:  
Your attention is called to Chapter 405 of the acts of 1914, which reads as follows:

## AN ACT TO STANDARDIZE TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARIES

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Chapter five hundred and sixty-six of the acts of the year nineteen hundred and eleven is hereby amended by inserting in the word "situated," in the tenth line, the following words: "which shall be inspected by and be satisfactory to the state board of health—so as to read as follows—Every city, and every town containing a population of one thousand or more, as determined by the latest United States census, shall establish and maintain within its limits a dispensary for the discovery, treatment, and supervision of all persons resident within its limits, and afflicted with tuberculosis, unless there already exists in such city or town a dispensary which is satisfactory to the state board of health.

In accordance with the above law, the Board of Health has opened a Tuberculosis Dispensary in the basement of City Hall. The days for examination will be Tuesdays from 1 to 6 o'clock p. m. and Thursdays from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

EGARD OF HEALTH,  
P. A. Bates, Agent.

## BABY CARRIAGE TIRES

Put on. 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

## GEO. H. BACHELDER

POST OFFICE SQUARE

## Bright, Sears &amp; Co.

## WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

Bankers and Brokers

SECOND FLOOR

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

J21-J1-6

CHARLEY CHAPLIN'S COMEDY CUT-UPS

## LEGAL NOTICES

LOWELL, Mass., June 28th, 1915.  
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Catherine Mullin, late of Lowell, deceased, deceased, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, and

wherein it is last will and testament, that letters testamentary may be issued to the executor therein named, with giving a surety on his official bond.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, in the State of Massachusetts, to be read by all the people in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by

Emilia L. Brown, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

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Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by

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The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

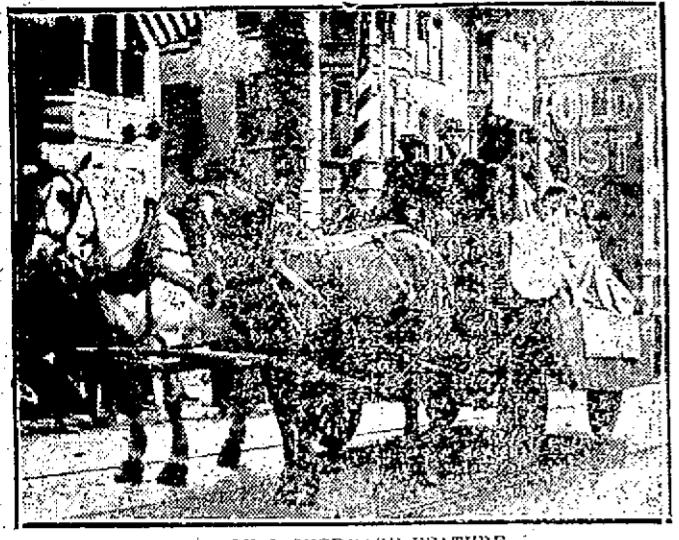
ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 6 1915

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT



THE EQUAL SUFFRAGE FEATURE

Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

## GREAT CELEBRATION

Continued

prize for the company coming the longest distance, having traveled 49 miles.

### Greek Holy Regiment

Following the French companies was the Greek Holy regiment commanded by Capt. Costas Constantopoulos. This organization was composed of veterans of the Turkish-Balkan wars. Lowell and out-of-town companies. They were headed by the Orpheus band of Haverhill; Nicholas Rubenay, leader, and the Hellenic band of this city. The American and Greek flags were carried in the line by two boys dressed in their quaint national costume.

### Polish Military Companies

The rear of the semi-military division was taken up by Polish Military companies headed by the Polish Cadet band of this city. The men wore brilliant and attractive uniforms and they made a fine appearance. The St. Michael society was commanded by Capt. Joseph Stachusky, while the St. Stanislaus society was in command of Capt. Joseph Sadowski.

### The Boxer:

Chief Marshal, Joseph L. Lamoureux  
Chief of Staff, Major Philip McNulty  
(retired)  
Chief Aide, Samuel A. Remond  
Lowell, Haverhill, Spanish American War Veterans of Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill  
Commander Alexander D. Mitchell  
Drum Corps  
Lexington Minutemen, Major George F. Reed  
Drum Corps  
Five Companies of Volunteers, from Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill, Major Thomas Day  
Drum Corps  
Battalion of M. I. Cadets  
French-American Regiment  
Col. Albert Bergeron

### First Battalion

Major Arthur B. Lamoureux  
Garde Frontiere, Lowell, Lieut. Valentine  
Garde St. Louis, Lowell, Capt. Grenier  
St. Louis Zouaves, Lowell  
Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, Capt. Nelson J. Phillips  
Garde Sacre-Coeur, Lowell, Capt. Horace Desiletti, Capt. Alcide Bellette  
Drum Corps

Second Battalion

Major J. B. Lariviere, Springfield  
Garde St. Joseph, Fitchburg, Capt. Crotaud  
Garde Laurier, Winchendon, Capt. Moise Babineau  
Garde Chasseurs, Lancaster, N. H., Capt. Philip Dufour  
Garde Lewis, Manchester, N. H.  
Garde Nationale, Haverhill, Capt. Adelard St. Jean  
Garde Marquette, Nashua, N. H.  
Greek Holy Regiment, four companies, Capt. Anton Constantindes  
Greek Community Band  
St. Stanislaus Hussars, Capt. Joseph Stachusky  
St. Michael Society, Capt. Joseph Sadowski

### CIVIC AND SOCIAL DIVISION

The civic and social division, though like all the other divisions, suffered severely from the rain, was one of the most picturesque divisions of the entire parade. Comprising the Chinese section, the Lowell Equal Suffrage display, the Y. M. H. A. and the many business floats and other interesting features, it was full of life, color and interesting variety.

At the head of this division marched the banner bearer George Morley of the high school regiment, Marshal Frank Dodge and his chief of staff, William M. Prescott, two Spanish war veterans.

Then followed the Spindle City band, R. A. Griffiths leader and the bizarre and beautiful Chinese section.

### Chinese Display

The Chinese display was one of the most elaborate ever seen in a parade in this city, representing the color, life and distinctive individuality of the Orient. Ancient Chinese costumes were worn, and there was an atmosphere of times back in the dawn of history. The unusual blending of vivid colors was strikingly effective, many of the figures being as brilliant as stained glass effects, and there was a richness about the glamor and glitter that made this part of the parade like a dream of fairy brilliancy. While Chinese music was played on strange flutes and beaten out on stranger drums, mystic banners with silver and gold figures were borne by, and there were pictured episodes from Chinese life and history. Gorgeous silks from Chinese looms and thousands of flowers were used to make this feature effective, and the effect was worthy of the attempt. The Chinese section cost over \$3000 to put on, the fee to the costumer alone being \$250, and this cost was shouldered by the individual contributions of the United Chinese Association of Lowell.

First came two Chinese carrying respectively the stars and stripes and the flag of the new China. Then came Wong Yee Sue, secretary of the Chinese Association of Boston with members in vivid costumes. As a contrast came some Chinese in American dress and then came Lee Hong Chong in all his glory on a horse that was beflowered and bedraped into a glorified animal indeed. Lee looked as though he had stepped out of the royal Manchu tombs of the old days of Oriental witchery. After Wong came twelve Chinese Boy Scouts, led by Willie Moy Ding.

### SLAM BANG DIVISION

Henceforth when a parade is held in Lowell similar to that of yesterday along with the "slam-bang" division which from its name implies a division given up to humor and grotesque features, there should also be a historical or allegorical division to provide for features that are above the class of the distinctively slam-bang attractions. In yesterday's parade there were two prizes for the slam-bang division, and the first very properly went to the South Ends who surely had a fine feature of its kind and made countless thousands roar with laughter along the line. The Indians received second prize with their feature while the Princeton club got an honorable mention and the Broadway Social and Athletic club which had one of the most attractive features in the parade received nothing more material than the well earned applause of the crowds that lined the streets. The feature presented by the Broadway was too dignified to be classed as a slam-bang feature and as there was no provision for such features it presented it received no prize, but nevertheless it was one of the real attractions of the parade and its mem-

bers turned out in large numbers and went to much expense in the preparations and costuming of their feature.

But the South Ends had a real old fashioned slam bang feature entitled "When the Circus Comes to Town," rivaling for merriment and grotesqueness the famous feature of the Hosfords of 15 years ago, which is referred to by The Old Timer in his article.

The South Ends presented a "regular" circus complete in all its details even to the steam-calleope with real steam emanating from its chimney. The circus band had the special distinction of being toted around town in the original patrol wagon of the police department. One could write a column descriptive of the individual features of that circus for they were many and funny, and at that, were original. There were animals in the cages which consisted of inverted crockery crates with their trainers. The animals consisted of members of the genus homo dressed in skins and sprawling on all fours. They didn't have much to say but they certainly had a tough job. The rain interfered with the embellishments of the circus performers as it did with the entire parade but it took more than a terrific rain storm to mar the beauty of Miles Dowd, the champion lady bare-back rider of the South common. She was decidedly "chic" in her heart-breaking blonde locks which the rain failed to "straighten." Her coiffure, whatever that is, would have done credit to the expert hair-dressers of the Hennessy and McKeon establishments in the Sun building. And the symmetry of figure disclosed by the hatted costume and tights made the most artistic conception of Venus look ungainly. The clown band was there with a series of sounds that closely rivaled a certain other band, but no fairs knocking. The acrobats in the hay wagon were on the job and amid the storm turned front and back flips with all the agility of professional performers. The So. Ends dug up all the available ponies, goats and pigs in town and had

Votes for Women

The Lowell Equal Suffrage league had a very effective display in the large float in which sat "Justice" with the suffrage states and "Massachusetts," not suppliant, but erect and confident. This float was decorated with flags and banners and the yellow was much in evidence. "Justice" looked stately indeed in classic dignity, and "Massachusetts" could scarcely have looked more regal. A very striking contrast was afforded in the Greek beauty of the robes of Justice—white down and blue mantle—and the cap and gown worn by Massachusetts, appropriately black for the time being. The inscription on the float read "Massachusetts asks justice for woman's vote, which 12 states possess." Following were the young ladies who braved the rain for their cause: "Justice," Miss Helen A. Osgood; "Massachusetts," Miss Frances U. Masterson; and the 12 states, Misses Marjorie Arnold, Margaret Garvey, Freda White, Katherine Egan, Alice Daley, Kathryn Flahaven, Elizabeth Flahaven, Dorothy Morse, Alice Laycock, Leontine Jantzen, Dorothy Rordan, Miriam Blanche Murphy.

The committee in charge of the suffrage float were Mrs. Edward W. Clark, Mrs. Boyd Pittsbury, Mrs. C. Brooks Stevens, Mrs. James S. Murphy, Mrs. M. E. Hall, Miss Frances Masterson, Miss Katherine McCarthy.

Y. M. H. A.

The Young Men's Hebrew association made a fine showing as the members marched on bravely in the rain, headed by David Ziskind, marshal, and Abraham Goldman, leader. About 100 were in line in effective formation, and they held their ranks well to the end. Rabbi Wolffson rode in a carriage with three other leading Jewish citizens. There were many other interesting features of this division which made a special appeal because of its local membership.

Business Floats

The business displays were numerous and varied. At the head came the big truck of the Stanley Transportation company, with a yacht superstructure and carrying many passengers. David Ziskind's truck carried a large boiler and then followed two trucks of the C. B. Coburn company with neat inscriptions. Stelzer and company had a truck in line and also McGivran, agent for the Chickering piano, Thomas Wardell, agent for the Edison and Victrola machines, and E. Delisle, piano dealer, were represented.

One of the most solid displays in this section was the chain of wagons belonging to Patrick Cogger, filled with sand and gravel. The several features from the Lowell Gas Light company were full of interest. The Gas company's wagons illustrated many aspects of the business. The Best Record Flour company had three wagons in the advertising section. The rain prevented many other local concerns from participating.

The Features

Chief Marshal, Frank Dodge, Chief of Staff, William M. Prescott, Spindle City Band, Boy Scouts from local troops, commanded by Luther F. Faulkner, Division S. A. H.

Young Men's Hebrew Association, commanded by Abraham Goldman, Band.

Greek Community, headed by President Dr. Demosthenes Generals and distressed.

Chinese Business Men's Association of New England, with Chinese Band, Wong Quon, leader.

Chinese Boy Scouts, Floats.

Business Displays.

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The auto division had a novelty or decorative feature and a commercial sub-division, and in the case of the former much hard and artistic work went for naught when the rain came down. But the remnants gave a good idea of what the striking beauty of the display would have been had the weather permitted. The auto division, even under the handicap, was most interesting and reflected great credit upon its hustling marshal, Harry Pitts.

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Fair tonight and Wednesday, moderate west to southwest winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 6 1915

7  
O'CLOCK

14 PAGES 1 CENT

# HOLT ATTEMPTED TO END LIFE



GOVERNOR DAVID L. WALSH

## GRAND CELEBRATION OF INDEPENDENCE DAY



MAYOR D. J. MURPHY

COL. WARREN E. SWEETSER  
Sixth RegimentLIEUT. HARRY G. SHELDON  
Chief of Staff  
Photo by SackleyMAJOR COLBY T. KITTREDGE  
Chief Marshal  
Photo by Sackley

## EVELYN THAW DEFIAINT

Says She Will Not Take Stand Against Her Husband — Trial Resumed at New York

NEW YORK, July 6.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, summoned by the state to testify against her husband, Harry K. Thaw, in the jury proceedings to determine his mental condition, reached New York today from her camp at Chateaugay Lake, near Malone, N. Y., and announced that she would stand upon her constitutional rights and would not take the stand against her husband.

Mrs. Thaw had not arrived in the court room when the trial was resumed today and it was stated by one of the state's attorneys that he did not expect her to appear. The reading of testimony taken at previous trials and hearings where Thaw was involved occupied the early part of the morning session.

Mrs. Thaw made her statement to newspapermen and when Deputy Attorney General Cook was informed of what she had said, he asserted that inasmuch as the hearing was a civil proceeding and not a criminal case that the court could direct her to testify and that he would ask the court so to direct.

Mrs. Thaw's appearance did not bear out reports to the effect that she was suffering from nervous prostration. On the contrary, she looked extremely well.

"I have spent most of my time out of doors and feel splendid," she said. "Are you going to testify at the present hearing?" she was asked.

"Take it from me," she declared with emphasis, "I am not. You come with me and I'll show you that that

Military and Civic Pageants in Great Array—Gov. Walsh in Line Defied the Rain—List of the Prize Winners—Governor's Address on North Common and Dress Parade

The greatest fourth of July celebration ever attempted in this city and one of the greatest ever seen in New England was pulled off yesterday in a deluge of rain that soaked everybody but dampened the ardor of none. The parade was all the more wonderful because of the fact that every man and woman participating stuck to the last. The governor was soaked to the skin.

**Testifies**

The first witness of the day was Frank K. Scribner, a writer, who took a law course at Harvard, in 1892. He said he lived in a house with Thaw at that time and was asked to testify to the time that "Thaw came home in a cab."

"He returned home one morning between 10 o'clock and 11," Mr. Scribner said. "I heard him come up stairs and pass my door. He went into his room and came out in a few seconds. I looked out and saw him going down stairs with a shotgun in his hands. A friend of mine and myself followed him, and near the front door, my friend, who was a powerful man, disarmed him. He went back to his room and sat on his bed."

James O. Nichols testified that he saw Thaw on the sidewalk opposite his boarding house at Cambridge, Mass., when Thaw was a student at Harvard, engaged in an altercation with a cabman over the amount of his fare and that he heard Thaw threaten to shoot the cabman. Thaw was induced to enter a house.

Mrs. Thaw had not reached the court room when the afternoon session began and Mr. Cook said he had no word from her. He asserted that if she did not appear before adjournment today he would apply to the court for a body attachment and have her taken into custody. The subpoena served upon her was returnable at 10:30 o'clock this morning and detectives from the attorney general's office had been searching the city since noon trying to find her.

A continuation of the reading of the records occupied the attention of the court at the afternoon session.

Finer, Better Goods in a Cleaner and Cooler Store

Charles J. O'Connor, American Agent So Describes Food Situation in Mexico City

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The first report to the Red Cross on the relief situation in Mexico City came through today from Charles J. O'Connor, the American agent who succeeded in getting through the Carranza and Zapata lines and entered the capital with American Consul-General Shanklin last Wednesday.

O'Connor described the food situation as "exceedingly pitiful."

The advices from O'Connor added that the situation is "growing worse rapidly. Corn is very scarce" he reported. "This year's planting in the grain districts is estimated at from 10 to 50 per cent. The relief problem is vast."

**FARRELL & CONATON**  
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND  
WATER FITTERS

243 Dutton Street Tel. 1518

but he smiled through it all and when the parade was over complimented the city in the patriotic address delivered by him on the North common.

The streets were lined and every available roof and window along the line of march was occupied when the downpour started. Then the whole city was turned into an umbrella camp and all hands stood their ground until the

thing was over. They were thoroughly drenched, but proud of Lowell because of the splendid event so successfully managed under such adverse circumstances and conditions.

The sun was shining when the parade was started, but a short time after they were drenched and everything they carried was in a like condition. Some

Continued to page two

## MORGAN'S ASSAILANT TRIED TO OPEN ARTERY

Frank Holt Attempted Suicide by Trying to Open Artery in Wrist With Pencil—Morgan Improving—Clergyman Says He Knew Holt as Muenter—Holt in Letter to Wife Admitted Dynamiting Capitol

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 6.—Rev. F. M. Bennett, pastor of the First Unitarian church, today declared that Frank Holt, the assailant of J. P. Morgan, was known to him as Prof. Erich Muenter. Mr. Bennett said he knew Muenter at Harvard and also in Lawrence, Kas. He compared a photograph he has of Muenter with published pictures of Holt, and said there was no doubt in his mind they were one and the same person. The photo-

graph shows Muenter without a beard.

**LETTER FROM HOLT**

Message to Wife Told of Dynamiting Capitol and Plan to Go to Morgan's Home

DALLAS, Tex., July 6.—A letter from Frank Holt, written after the bomb was exploded in Washington but before he shot Mr. Morgan, was received here to day by Holt's wife. The letter referred to the bomb incident. It also advised Mrs. Holt that he was going to the Morgan home to keep the Morgan fam-

ily in custody until Morgan should go to Europe and end the war.

**ATTEMPTS SUICIDE**

Frank Holt Tried to End His Life by Attempting to Open Artery in His Wrist

GLEN COVE, N. Y., July 6.—Frank Holt, J. P. Morgan's assailant, who has also confessed to setting the bomb that exploded in the capitol at Washington last Friday night, attempted to kill himself at midnight by trying to open the artery in his left wrist with a lead pencil.

The attempt was unsuccessful. Holt, lying on his side in a cell in the Nassau County jail at Mineola, was

seen by an attendant to writhe with pain.

The attendant entered the cell, found blood flowing from the wound, summoned the warden and bound up the wrist, checking the flow of blood.

Notwithstanding the promptness with which Holt's attempt was discovered he lost much blood.

**Spent Restless Night**

Holt spent a restless night, tossing about on his cot from which he had been unable to rise during yesterday, and muttering to himself at intervals. His keepers had taken from him his belt, his suspenders and every other article with which they thought he could attempt suicide and a strict watch had been kept upon him.

After several hours had passed without sleep during the early night, Holt called to an attendant and asked for a lead pencil, saying he wanted to write to his wife. A lead pencil was brought to him and a few minutes later a pad of paper. The attendant remained in the cell a few minutes and Holt, turning on his left side, apparently began to write.

**Cut in His Wrist**

The attendant then left. Within less than five minutes as he was passing the door of Holt's cell, the guard noted that Holt seemed to be in pain, entered the cell and found blood flowing from a jagged cut in his wrist.

After the flow of blood had been checked and the wound bandaged, the keeper and Warden Hulse searched for the pencil. They found it on the cot. Holt had extricated the rubber eraser from the tip of the pencil and bitten the metal which held the rubber in position until the edges met. The result was a fairly sharp weapon with a blade perhaps a quarter of an inch long. It was with this that Holt had attempted to open the artery in his wrist.

Apparently he had not reached the artery. He had cut a vein, however, and from this the blood was flowing. To the warden's questions as to why he had attempted to kill himself, Holt refused to reply.

Dr. Guy Cleghorn, the jail physician, was not summoned because of the lateness of the hour and the evident fact that the attempt had been successfully checked. He was to have visited Holt some time during the forenoon today. **Wife to Assist Holt**

Holt was cheered somewhat today by the receipt of a telegram from his wife, who is at Dallas, Tex. It read as follows:

"Have best counsel here. Advised to rest and wait and you must do the same. Send loving greetings hourly. Beautiful tribute to you in both evening papers here. I am carrying for details of our finances. I will come when you need me. Do not be afraid. Rest." The telegram was signed "Leone."

**Morgan Improving**

The condition of Mr. Morgan, who is recovering from the two wounds in his left hip inflicted by bullets from Holt's revolver, continued to improve. It was said Mr. Morgan felt so much better that he wanted to get up, but that this was not permitted by his physicians. The physicians feel so encouraged by his progress that they will issue no more bulletins on his condition.

Callers from Cambridge, Mass., were expected at Mineola, N. Y., today to see Holt with a view to determining if he

resembles closely Erich Muenter, who disappeared from Harvard in 1906 after the death of his wife from alleged poisoning.

**Holt on Hunger Strike**

Holt was considered to be in such a serious physical condition from the loss of blood and refusing to eat, that forcible feeding and his removal to the Nassau county hospital at Mineola were considered at a conference of county officials.

"I have never seen a man in worse condition," District Attorney Smith said. "He is very weak and I should not be surprised if he died. I do not know whether he is trying to starve himself or not; but I do know that he is not eating and that he has lost much blood."

**Looks like Muenter**

Charles Apted, assistant superintendent of buildings at Cambridge, Mass., who knew Muenter at Harvard nearly ten years ago, reached Mineola today to see if Holt and Muenter were the same man. Mr. Apted visited Holt but did not attempt, because of his weakened condition, to question him.

"There is a remarkable resemblance between this man and Muenter," Mr. Apted said. "But it has been nine years since I saw Muenter and I cannot say positively that Holt is the man. He certainly looks very much like Muenter, however."

Charles R. Wood, an assistant district attorney of Nassau county, who knew Muenter at Harvard, visited Holt.

Continued to page one

## NOTICE

Special meeting of St. Patrick's Alumni Association tonight at 7:30 o'clock. Special business of importance. All members urged to be present.

(Signed)

John J. Golden, President

E. J. Flannery, Secretary

## What

## Mazda

## Means

The Edison Mazda lamp gives you almost three times as much light as the old carbon lamp at the same cost.

Can you afford to be without it in your home?

Wire now at low cost and on small monthly payments.

Your hall, living room, dining room and kitchen equipped complete with fixtures for \$1.00 down and \$2.00 a month for 10 months.

For 67 Years  
City Institution  
for Savings  
Never paid less than  
4%  
Interest begins July 10  
WALNUT STREET  
LOWELL, MASS.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.  
50 Central Street.

# CADETS' MILITARY MASS

## Impressive Service for O. M. I. Cadets at Immaculate Conception Church

The O. M. I. Cadets, who made such a showing in the parade as they marched on valiantly bidding defiance to the rain, made even a finer showing Sunday morning during the impressive and elevating military mass at the Immaculate Conception church. The ceremony was at 9 a. m., and the congregation was so large that many special seats had to be arranged, even within the sanctuary. While there was nothing that was not devotional and reverent, the military note was evident even in the slightest detail, and those who attended came away impressed, thrilled and edified.

The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The high altar was ablaze with lights and there were hundreds of red roses. The altar of the Blessed Virgin was decorated in blue, and the companion altar in white. Within the altar rails were two great clusters of red, white and blue flowers.



MAJOR WILLIAM CONROY

With ribbon of the same colors, and the most striking note in the decorations were two artistic groupings of American flags. The pastor, Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O. M. I., celebrated the mass and preached an appropriate sermon, and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. James McCarlin, O. M. I., Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O. M. I., had general charge, assisted by Drill Master McCordle and former Maj. Maggerty.

# THE ACCIDENTS THE FIREWORKS

## Number of Mishaps Very Small for the Fourth

Lowell was very fortunate in regard to accidents yesterday as none of a serious nature was reported. The only fireworks victim was Henry Laffamme, aged 40, of Merrimac, N. H., who was visiting friends on Martin street, Dracut. Laffamme, it is said, was setting off a firecracker when it prematurely exploded, injuring his right hand. A tin can which he held with the intention of covering up the cracker was blown to pieces and a part of the tin entered his knee. He was taken in the ambulance to the Lowell Corporation hospital.

While disporting as an "African dogger" on the South common midway early yesterday morning, John Martin of Cambridge was struck on the head with a bottle and suffered a slight scalp wound and cuts on his forehead. He was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital, where the injuries were treated.

While waiting for the parade in Merrimack square about 11 o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs. Ida Dusseault, of 49 East Merrimack street, slipped and fell to the sidewalk, sustaining a fracture of the leg. She was taken to Dr. Liggett's drug store and later to St. John's hospital, where the injuries were treated.

The representation of Niagara Falls, the fountain of youth and the city's real were among the particularly pleasing features, and the "Good Night" name all too soon.

The fireworks were all made by an Italian concern, and it certainly knew its business. They were in charge of Pietro Ranaudo and Alceo Carmen of New Haven.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS CONGRESS SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., July 6.—Editors and writers who have gathered here from various parts of the world for the International Press congress began their sessions today at the Panama-Pacific exposition. After the preliminary ceremonies, the American Newspaper Publishers association was to hold a formal inaugural session.

The sessions of the congress will continue for five days.

### MASS NOTICE

There will be the month's mind mass for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Mary Ryan at St. Peter's church Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock.

### To Ward Off Summer Complexion Ills

To keep the face smooth, white and beautiful all summer, there's nothing quite so good as ordinary mercurial wax. Discolored or freckled skin sometimes this season is gently absorbed by the wax and replaced by the newer, fresher skin beneath. The face exhibits no trace of the wax, which is applied at night and washed off in the morning. Creams, powders and lotions, the other hand, are apt to appear more conspicuous than usual these days of excessive perspiration. Just get an ounce of mercurial wax at any drug store and use like cold cream. This will help any skin at once and in a week or so the complexion will look smooth, young and glowing.

Sun, wind and flying dust often cause sunburn and other contortions which make wrinkles. You can quickly get rid of every line, however, caused by using a hairless wash lotion made by dissolving 1 oz. powdered salolite in 1/2 pt. witch hazel.



GOVERNOR'S ESCORT OF NATIONAL LANCERS

Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

### GREAT CELEBRATION

Continued

of the beautiful floats were almost demolished before they reached the reviewing stand at city hall and one's sympathy went out to the occupants, especially the ladies from whose robes the colors were running profusely. If the weather cleric had shown up any time during the parade he certainly would have needed police protection.

There were somewhere in the vicinity of 5000 men and women in line and they constituted a great four-mile parade. They marched for more than three hours, the time being extended because of unavoidable delays. Gov. Walsh rode in an open barouche. The mayor asked him to leave the line un-

better argument for "votes for women" could be presented than the pluck and patriotism of the young women who took part in the parade?

Gov. Walsh was very sorry that he was late in arriving, but it couldn't be helped. He was not in the city when the order to march was given at 10:05 o'clock. He was expected to arrive in Lowell on the 9:38 train from Boston but he didn't get the train.

First in the line of parade came Maj. Colby T. Kittredge and Lieut. Harry G. Sheldon. Following came the gallant Eighth Mass. Volunteer Infantry, just back from their arduous maneuvers, with Col. Graves leading. The Eighth had just seen ten days of the hardest kind of maneuvers and drills, four days and three nights of which the men slept in the open, with a continuous rainstorm pouring down upon

The chief attraction for the people of Lowell on Sunday was the camps of the Eighth and Sixth regiments, M. V. M. N. G., the former at Shedd park and the latter in the rear of the state infirmary in Tewksbury, which were visited by thousands of men and women, eager to see the militiamen at work and play. The guests were well repaid for their efforts for the boys of the National Guard entertained to the best of their ability and nothing was spared to make the visitors feel at home.

Tewksbury was the scene of the largest congregation, and of course there was a reason, for the Lowell boys, members of Companies C, G and K as well as those of Tabor's Sixth Regiment, were there and they had extended a cordial invitation to their relatives and close friends to pay them a visit at camp and the invitations, if one is to judge by the crowd in attendance throughout Sunday, were cheerfully accepted.

Some of the closest friends and relatives were entertained at luncheon and all were unanimous in paying a flattering compliment to the chefs.

The members of the Eighth regiment came over the road from Andover Sunday afternoon and upon arriving at Shedd park set up their tents, not on the park but on the rising ground above. The men were drenched to the skin, but a change of clothing and a sun bath soon put them in condition again. Col. Graves was in command and when the camp grounds were reached he gathered all of the line and staff officers about him and gave them an interesting talk on maneuvers, the lecture lasting over one hour. In the meantime the three battalions stacked their arms, cast down their knapsacks and intrenching tools, and for fully two hours sunned themselves.

In the morning the men were served a dainty breakfast and then they attended church services, this being conducted by Regimental Chaplain Daniel of Lynn, the closing number being the singing of the hymn, "God Be With You Till We Meet Again" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

In the afternoon thousands of men and women from Lowell and surrounding cities and towns invaded the camping grounds and they were all well received by the militiamen, who later entertained with sporting events and an entertainment. The sporting events were held in the early afternoon in charge of Capt. Walter R. Joyes, Lieut. Martin Master and Lieut. T. A. Ireland. The events and the winners were as follows:

220-yards dash—Won by Walter E. Smith, Company M, Milford; second, Thomas F. Corcoran, and third, Edward Sexton, both of Company A, Wakefield.

Rescue race—Won by Clifford LeDoux and Adrian Grouard, Company B, Fitchburg; F. M. Flagg and Earl Hanson of Company I, Boston, who crossed the tape first, were disqualified.

The veterans of the Balkan war were the centre of great attraction in the semi-military division.

Connie O'Neill has some figure, and her right there with the Pavlova stunts.

Peter Jeffries, who rode at the head of the Greek parades, made a very dignified appearance.

Charlie Fitzpatrick, of the Manhattan club who appeared with the Indians, made a fine Indian.

Mr. Charles Hogan of Salem, Mass., formerly of this city was among the visitors.

The American flag feature by one of the French companies was both attractive and inspiring.

With due respect to all the other good bands in line, that Eighth Regiment band is some band.

The O. M. I. Cadets, true to their religion, gave their new uniforms a "baptism."

Miss Agnes Warren of Nashua, N. H., was one of the fair advocates for equal suffrage in the "Votes for Women" float.

Did you notice that little fellow in white with the French company trying to keep step with the men? He certainly stretched himself.

At the Richardson Hotel, the guests were given packages of electric sparkers for souvenirs which made a big hit and a pretty spectacle when they were lighted.

The hotel proprietors were asked to refrain from selling to military men, but there was little need of the request for the military men didn't visit the hotel to any noticeable extent.

The insane inmates of the state infirmary had a gala time while the soldiers were down that way. A spectator who watched them was heard to remark: "Gee, it must be great to be crazy."

That was rather unkind of Mayor Murphy to close city hall to the public. The families of some of the employees had planned to witness the parade from the municipal building but had to stand out in the rain. It was one day when the municipal building should have been open to visitors.

The German reply is that a semi-

annual meeting of the German American society was held in the German American hall.

The first of the wagon train came to the park about 5 o'clock, piled high with tents and with cooking utensils, lanterns, etc., hanging from them. Each company had a wagon assigned to it, and the men were at once lined up and sent to take the tents from the wagons. Every two men got a shelter tent of khaki, two blankets and two rubber ponchos. The tents were wet and the blankets were in no better condition. The first duty after pegging down the

tents was to put these blankets in a place where they could dry out and this was no easy task. Cook tents were pitched and in a comparatively short time the men were going and later all the men were given hot bologna and coffee.

The Eighth Regiment band and drum corps arrived in motor trucks and during the evening they filled the park with melodious strains. The headquarters had a typewriter and corps of clerks on duty recording the program and keeping accounts of expenditures.

# TWO MILITARY CAMPS

## Eighth Regiment at Shedd Park Attracted Thousands — Sixth Near State Infirmary

The chief attraction for the people of Lowell on Sunday was the camps of the Eighth and Sixth regiments, M. V. M. N. G., the former at Shedd park and the latter in the rear of the state infirmary in Tewksbury, which were visited by thousands of men and women, eager to see the militiamen at work and play. The guests were well repaid for their efforts for the boys of the National Guard entertained to the best of their ability and nothing was spared to make the visitors feel at home.

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### Sixth Regiment

The Sixth regiment pitched its tents on the large tract of land in the rear of the state infirmary in Tewksbury, Saturday afternoon, the Lowell companies, C, G and K leaving shortly after 4 o'clock. Of course the men were in great condition for they had not done any field maneuver since last summer and they were not the least tired.

However, they got theirs, for shortly after midnight Sunday morning a rain storm broke out and the heavy rain was accompanied by streaks of lightning and thunder. Nevertheless the men slept soundly and spent a comparatively good night.

In the morning the men were served a dainty breakfast and then they attended church services, this being conducted by Regimental Chaplain Daniel of Lynn, the closing number being the singing of the hymn, "God Be With You Till We Meet Again" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

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# ORATION OF GOV. WALSH

Patriotic Address by His Excellency After Being Drenched in the Parade

Governor David I. Walsh's oration on the North common was a fine effort and His Excellency said some very flattering things about Lowell. All through the speech was the line of thought leading to the significance of the flag, and he congratulated the people of Lowell for their demonstration of patriotism, and pride, and loyalty to their city. The governor spoke from a raised platform, built and decorated for the occasion, and he was applauded by a throng that covered almost the entire common. He was introduced by Mayor Dennis J. Murphy, who spoke briefly, thanking the people for the reception given the governor.

Gov. Walsh said: "I deem it a great privilege and an exceedingly great pleasure to be in Lowell today and to witness this splendid demonstration of your loyalty and your devotion to our country. I want to congratulate this city and all of its people upon the splendid celebration which you have had here today. I congratulate you upon that great parade, representing the great military organizations of the commonwealth; representing the social, civic and business life of this important city. But more even than the great parade that we all witnessed, congratulate the people of the city for their demonstration of patriotism and pride and loyalty to their city, in standing for hours under the pouring rain, to give cheer and encouragement to the marching soldiers and citizens, and to give evidence of their pride and their desire and their willingness to participate in a celebration in honor of the birthday of the greatest country in the world.

"You have a city that is very dear and near to the heart of our great commonwealth. Your industries have given reputation to Massachusetts all over this country, and indeed far beyond the great seas. Your loyalty and your devotion to American institutions

is well known. Your contribution of good citizens to service with the state and with the nation in times of war and in times of peace is appreciated, but, best of all, I like to think of Lowell as a great cosmopolitan city, with a hundred thousand men, women and children who love labor, who are willing to toil to earn an honest living in the great industries of the city, people from every land and of every race on the face of God's earth, who have come here to enjoy the boundless opportunities that are found in no land under the sun but America. And I like to know and to feel, as I do feel, that they are grateful to our great country and to our beloved commonwealth for the opportunities which it gives them and for the blessings and privileges which are bequeathed to them. And I like to think that the people here in this great city appreciate all that their city and their state and the nation has done and is doing for them.

"My friends, the celebration which you have witnessed today is in vain, unless we appreciate and understand the significance of it all; unless we understand and appreciate that this day is the birthday of a government unlike that of any other government in the world; unless we appreciate that here, under the flag of this government, more is done for the advancement and the welfare of the individual than is done by any other government in the world; unless we understand that this is a government that does not exist like a government of the old world, to protect a relaying family and entrust the power of the people in the hands of a few; unless we understand that this is not a government where wealth and riches are dignified and where the government merely exists to protect the wealth of the few; unless we understand that this is not a government of privilege, educated class of people, but a government for all people, a government concerned not about making money, not even about education alone, but a government concerned about the happiness and the well-being and the prosperity of all people in a government where the son of the helmsman can live on these shores knowing when he looks at the American flag that he is to be a citizen of government that he is to be a citizen of the humblest have the right to advance and to lift themselves by taking advantage of every opportunity to advance themselves to the very highest places in the gift of the country.

"Why have our ancestors come here? Why have tens of thousands of men and women from all the countries in Europe come to this city and other cities in this state and in other states? It means something, to turn one's back upon the flag of one's native land, yet millions of men and women who loved their home, who loved their country and their country's flag and were willing to die for it, have left all these and have come to America because they knew here was more opportunity, more promise of advancement, than in any other land in the world. So we are grateful today, because we appreciate that we live in a country which does more for all of us than any other country, because we know there is boundless opportunity for each and every one of us; because we know that each and every one of us stands equal before the law; because we know that our children will enjoy blessings and privileges that no other children of any other race enjoy. So we do well to celebrate this day. We do well to display the emblem of our government, the starry banner; we do well to march our soldiers through the streets to thrill with pride the people of this city. We do well to decorate our homes; we do well to attend all these ceremonies. But we do best, when we recall the blessings and the privileges of American citizenship and solemnly and sacredly pledge our confidence and trust in American institutions and renew our patriotism and give new assurance that whenever our country calls for any sacrifice to preserve or to defend her, each and every one of us stands ready to make that sacrifice and to preserve her liberty.

"So your governor has come to you,

not only to bring the congratulations of the state and to show Massachusetts' interest in your great city, but as well, he has come to learn from you; because this demonstration of your loyalty, coming as it does from children of so many immigrant races, coming as it does from the very backbone of the government, the working people—your governor is touched and impressed with the importance of being the servant in government of such God-fearing, patriotic men and women; and I shall go back to my duties at the state house and to other cities at the state house and to other cities in the course of their demonstrations, from time to time, prouder of Lowell than ever before, delighted and pleased with this public demonstration and manifestation of her patriotism; and I shall feel that there is no brighter gem in the crown of Massachusetts than this great industrial city, and that if Massachusetts ever wants sons or daughters to defend her, there will be none to respond more willingly and more cheerfully than the sons and daughters of Lowell.

"So your governor gives you words of cheer, with words of inspiration and patriotism; and as he is the representative of the state, and as the people know, in Massachusetts, that the governor has chosen this city as the place where he wanted to give special evidence of his interest in the celebration of the people on this birthday anniversary of the American republic; and as he has a right to speak for them, I am sure they will all want the representative of their state government to say to you that Massachusetts today is proud of Lowell, and Massachusetts today has looked on with admiration and with patriotism on this splendid demonstration; and I bring to you all, to your fair city and to all its sons and daughters, the greetings of the best commonwealths in the commonwealths of Massachusetts."

#### Regimental Dress Parade

A very pretty feature of the observance was the regimental dress parade on the North common and Gov. Walsh, commander-in-chief of the state militia, enjoyed it immensely. It had been intended to hold a brigade parade but the plan was given up out of consideration for the men of the Eighth regiment who were just back from their arduous maneuvers and they were dismissed as soon as they had their dinner. The men of the Sixth regiment, with the governor and his staff and guests were there. Col. Warren E. Sweetser was in command and the men of the three battalions maneuvered for positions and then came to a battalion front. The troops stood at attention while the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." After that came the review past the governor. The companies were dismissed after the review.

Fitchburg, Capt. Gilson; Company D, Fitchburg, Capt. McDowell; Company E, Marlboro, Capt. Payson, and Company F, Concord, Capt. Dee. Lieut. Col. H. W. Damon commanded the first battalion which was made up of the following units: Company H, Stoneham, Capt. Stewart; Company M, Milford, Capt. Bond; Company F, Framingham, Capt. Sullivan, and Company A, Wakefield, Capt. Connelly.

Capt. James N. Grels of Company K commanded the third battalion in the absence of Major Kittredge, chief of staff. The battalion was made up of the following companies: Company K, Lowell, Lieut. Melvin Master; Company L, Boston, Capt. Pryor, and Company C, Lowell, Capt. Peterson.

A machine gun section with mounted scouts followed this battalion.

The provisional battalion comprised three organizations. Leading the battalion was Company C, Ninth regiment, Lieut. Daniel Christian in command. The Marine Guards of Boston, commanded by First Lieut. Walter A. Powers, and with Roy Greenleaf, formerly of Lowell, as first sergeant. Company E, Naval brigade of Lynn presented a trim appearance. Lieut. Walter G. Howard commanded this company.

Shortly after the parade started there ensued a delay of half an hour. It was nearly 11 o'clock when the automobile containing the governor was stopped by the aids as it was about to go over the Chelmsford street bridge to the armory. Two machines had taken the party up, and these held Gov. David I. Walsh, Adj't. Gen. Chas. H. Cole, Col. Edward L. Logan, Capt. David T. Gallop, Capt. James D. Coady and Lieut. Nathaniel T. Very of the Second Corps Cadets.

Immediately the National Lancers, commanded by Capt. John Kenny, formed as escort to the governor and his staff.

Two other carriages followed. In the first were Mayor Dennis J. Murphy, Col. James H. Carmichael and Hon. John J. Hogan. In the second were Commissioners Charles J. Morse, Newell F. Putnam and William W. Duncan.

#### SEMI-MILITARY DIVISION

A very pleasing part of the parade was the semi-military division, which was composed of local and out-of-town semi-military organization, including the Spanish War Veterans of this city, the Minute Men of Concord, the Irish Volunteers, the O. M. J. Cadets and a number of companies from the French-American Volunteer brigade of the United States.

This division was headed by the Lowell Military band, William Reagan, conductor, and the marshal was Joseph L. Lamoureux, Inspector general of the French brigade, who had for chief of staff, Major Philip McNulty, M. V. M. (retired), and for chief aid, Samuel A. Renaud.

#### Spanish War Veterans

The first company in line was the Spanish War Veterans of Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill with over 100 men in line. The men were commanded by Commander Alexander D. Mitchell of the local camp, and they won first prize for the best appearing company. The Spanish War Veterans featured the carrying of a large American flag, 45 by 26 feet, requiring 85 men to carry the colors. They also carried a miniature "Liberty Bell" inscribed "1776-1915." The appearance of this company was the cause of great applause all along the line.

#### Minute Men

Following the Spanish War Veterans were the Lexington Minute Men of Concord, 28 men in line, commanded by Capt. Fred T. Cook. They were accompanied by a drum corps and a replica of the flag used at the battle of Lexington was carried by Sergt. C. H. Cutler. The men wore Colonial costumes and they presented a very fine appearance.

#### Irish Volunteers

The Irish Volunteers, headed by Maj. Thomas Daly of this city, came next and this organization was preceded by a drum corps. The companies and their commanding officers were as follows: Company A, Haverhill, Capt. Jeremiah Driscoll; Company D, Lowell, Capt. Frank J. Klerc; Company E, Lowell, Lieut. James O'Gara; Meagher Guards, Lowell, First Lieut. Raymond G. Custy and Second Lieut. Ambrose Ready.

The men marched with precision and they received favorable recognition along the route. The Haverhill company with 45 in line won the prize for the out-of-town company with the largest number of men in line.

#### O. M. J. Cadets

The O. M. J. Cadets with their new uniforms were next in line and they won great applause for appearance, marching and numbers. The organization was headed by its own drum corps composed of forty musicians and the presence of the Cadets in line was greatly appreciated. The drum corps was in charge of Drum Major Thomas Carlin, while Major William Conroy commanded the battalion, the other officers being Adj't. Joseph Taft, Captains John Sullivan, Edward Goldrick, Al L'Esperance and Ed. LeCom, Lieutnants J. Boyd, T. Garvey, L. Callahan, C. O'Dwyer, F. Callahan, P. Angelo, L. Richards, J. Mahoney, F. Delaney and Sergt. Major A. Latour.

The boys' uniform consisted of blue cap with pompon, West Point blue coat and white trousers. They featured a military automobile ambulance, while in the rear of the line was a large auto-truck mounted with two machine guns, one a Colt and the other a Maxim, this feature being under the direction of Capt. Owen Conway.

The boys made a hit and Company A won second prize for the best appearing company in the division.

#### French-American Volunteers

Following the Cadets came the guards of the French-American Volunteer brigade of the United States. The guards marched as individual companies instead of in regimental formation, and they were headed by the A. G. Cadets Brass band, Arthur Gonet conductor. Garde Frontenac, Col. Albert Bergeron in command came first and the consensus of opinion along the route of the parade was that this guard was one of the best marching bodies of men in the parade. Then came Garde Sacre-Coeur, Lowell, Capt. Horace Desilets; Garde Marquette, Nashua, N. H., Capt. Charles Dionne; Garde Laurier, Winchendon, Capt. Molse Balleine; Garde Nationale, Haverhill, Capt. Adelard St. Jean; Garde Chambly, Manchester, N. H., Capt. Philippe Deneotte; A. G. Cadets drum corps, A. G. Cadets Major Arthur D. Lamoreux; Garde St. Louis, Lowell, Capt. Alfred Greiner; Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, Capt. Nelson J. Phillips.

Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, received third prize for the best appearing company of the division, while Garde Champlain, Manchester, N. H., was awarded the special prize offered by the Citizens-Americans club for the best appearance and the largest number of men in line. The judges for this prize, which consisted of a handsome silk American flag were F. Rousseau, L. Pavette and Thimothée Roy. Garde Laurier, of Winchendon carried off the

second prize.

Continued to last page

Lowell, Tuesday, July 6, 1915

# A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

# July Clearance Sale

## Suits, Coats, Dresses and Waists

### ALL REDUCED TO CLOSE OUT

SALE BEGINS TODAY

Economic purchasing of these up-to-date garments at this season means a saving of 50 per cent.

#### SUITS

**\$7.98**

Regular price \$15.00

#### SUITS

**\$12.98**

Regular prices \$18.50 and \$25.00

#### CHILDREN'S COATS

**\$1.98**

Regular price \$5.00

#### SERGE DRESSES

**\$1.98**

Regular prices \$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10

#### SILK DRESSES

**\$5.00**

Regular price \$15.00

#### SILK PONGEE SUITS

**\$12.50**

Regular price \$25.00

#### PALM BEACH SUITS

**\$7.50**

Regular price \$10.00

#### COATS

**\$10.00**

Regular prices \$15.00 and \$18.50

#### COATS

**\$12.50**

Regular prices \$20.00 and \$25.00

#### SILK PONGEE COATS

**\$10.00**

Regular price \$25.00

#### GOLFINE COATS

**\$5.00**

Regular price \$10.00

#### WHITE COATS

**\$5.00**

Regular price \$8.00

#### WAHSKIRTS

**\$2.98**

Reduced to \$2.00

**\$2.98**

Reduced to \$2.00

**\$2.98**

Reduced to \$2.00

#### WAHS

**49c**

Regular price 98c

#### MIDDIES

**98c**

Regular price \$1.50 and \$1.98

#### WAHS

**49c**

Regular price 98c

#### CHILDREN'S COLORED WASH DRESSES

**\$1.49**

Regular price \$1.98

#### REG. SIZE WASH PETTICOATS

**49c**

Regular price 75c

#### EXTRA SIZE WASH PETTICOATS

**49c**

Regular price 75c

#### CLOAK DEPT.

## UNDERPRICE BASEMENT

TUESDAY, JULY 6



## A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

I sing of the arms and the men who quarter of a century ago made famous the Fourth of July parades, and the torchlight processions that marked the national campaigns, for the sham-bang division of yesterday's great parades awaked memories. A fond memory it was that brought the light of other days around me and in the glare of that light there came trooping along before me the old Belles of Lowell and the merry Hosfords of more recent date, with their varied, original and side-splitting features. Surely yesterday's sham-bang division was a huge success not only for its own value but because of the memories it recalled to many of Lowell's old-timers.

Now and then when you run across George Conant, the well known electrician, William "Dick" Dickerman, Mayor's Secretary John H. Cull, Ralph Simmons or Fred Pearson, you will instantly recall the days when they were prominent in the affairs of the Belles of Lowell who organized originally as a political marching club but became a

## IT IS NOT WHAT YOU EAT

## THAT DOES YOU GOOD

It is what your stomach accepts and properly digests. Dys-pep-tics contribute to the value of good by helping the stomach in the process of digestion, by preventing sour stomach, distress, headache, nausea, indigestion. Why do you suffer from these troubles when Dys-pep-tics will help, prevent and give relief? Made from pepson, bismuth, mint, rhubarb and other things good for the stomach; sugar-coated, pleasantly flavored—as nice to take as a dainty bit of candy. Pocket box 10c. Got it from your druggist.

## Keeping In Touch

When the up-to-date man wants to take a day off, a week-end trip, or even a month's vacation, he doesn't sigh "to get away from a telephone."

Like the late E. H. Harriman, he makes the telephone a servant, not a master; uses it when he deems it desirable to keep in touch with business affairs; and refuses to let it intrude upon his leisure, without warrant.

One talk daily to the office or factory, and—for a limited period, at least—the rest of the day belongs to the man who has the right kind of an organization.

There will be no toll charge on a Particular Party Call if you are not connected with the person whose name you have given to the Toll Operators.

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Manager.

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Suited to Strong or Light Draft. All of Best Quality.  
LOWEST PRICE.

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## THE VERY BEST DENTIST IN LOWELL

There is no question in my mind but what I am the best dentist in the city for you to come to for dental services. For the following reasons:

1st—Because I do beautiful work, lasting and guaranteed it for 10 years. And any methods are absolutely painless.

2nd—My office is clean and sanitary and the sterilization of instruments is a most important feature.

3rd—My prices are low, in fact lower than in any other office in Lowell.

DON'T GO ELSEWHERE AND BE SORRY

Every day I hear someone say: "Oh, why did I not come to you first. How much better your work looks, and you did not hurt me one single bit."

Filings of gold, silver and porcelain are inserted painlessly, and when once in they stay.

I make teeth that look and act like your very own. No more of those old, false looking sets, which the ordinary dentist makes, are made at my office.

Alveolar  
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DR. THOMAS JEFFERSON KING

158 Merrimack St., Lowell. 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays by Appointment. Dental Nurse in Attendance. Phone 3800. French Spoken.

## TURNER SAYS:

"Don't suffer with the heat in warm weather. Eat the right food and you will enjoy every minute of the good old summer time. Good milk is the cheapest, safest and best food at this season. Turner Centre Creamery Pasteurized Milk is good milk and it is safe. Try it."

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## WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED

## May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When through neglect or overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired feeling. I get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and restores me to perfect health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too highly of it. I take pleasure in recommending it to others."—Mrs. ANNIE CAMERON, R.F.D. No. 1, Swan Creek, Michigan.

Another Sufferer Relieved. Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my housework now, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all aging women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, Kennebago, Maine.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammations, ulceration, irregularities, etc.

in the down river city.

Did they make a hit?

The next day Lowell and her Belles were famed throughout the state for all the papers had lengthy stories of their unique contribution to the parade and the great enthusiasm with which they were greeted. Then the people of Lowell clattered for a look at the Belles in costume, and to satisfy them the organization conducted a torchlight parade of its own, meeting the expense from its own treasury and attracting to Lowell some of the leading torchlight companies. The parade of the Belles eclipsed the regular state parade. From that time until the close of the campaign the Belles were in demand all over the state and when the election was over they had become so famous that they decided to hold their members together by means of a permanent social organization and they permanently organized with Mark L. Gordon, president; John H. Cull, secretary and William O. Dickerman, treasurer, and some 50 or more members all of whom were well known young men holding positions of responsibility in the city.

Presented The "Mikado"

When the next Fourth of July parade came up for discussion all Lowell clamored for the Belles to put in a feature and they responded again, appearing in female attire, all wearing riding habits and made up like society belles. Their fame went abroad and they became the rivals of and perhaps excelled the celebrated Hart club of Charlestown which in those days presented a unique feature in feminine make-up in each 17th of June parade. But when the Belles excelled all previous efforts was when they put on a production of the Mikado in one of the Fourth of July parades, a feature that they were called upon to repeat and which earned for them invitations from all over the state. At that time Gilbert and Sullivan's famous comic opera was at the height of its popularity and had just finished a long run in Boston, under the management of the late John Stetson, one of America's leading theatrical promoters of his day. Stetson presented the first American production with Geraldine Ulmer of Charlestown, Mass., the most famous of all the many Yum Yums of the stage as the leading female character. Miss Ulmer, if I do not err, afterward married Sir Arthur Sullivan, who wrote the music of the opera. To give class to his first production Mr. Stetson had all the costumes made especially for his company in Japan and they were gorgeous and costly in the extreme. When the Stetson company closed its engagement what did the enterprising Belles of Lowell do but go to Mr. Stetson in Boston and purchase the entire set of costumes and in these they appeared in the Lowell parade. Elsie Frank Ford or Arthur Hildreth appeared as Yum Yum, all dolled up in the magnificent gold-trimmed costume in which Miss Ulmer had delighted thousands, while the other two of the famous three little maids were George W. Conant and Harry Wright. Frank A. Clark as the Mikado, Fred Patterson, the printer, was Nanki Poo; Addison H. Churchill was Pooh Bah, while the other prominent characters were taken by "Major" Geer, Hugh Massey, Ed. Allen, a relative of Hon. Charles H. Allen, Fred Litchfield, Fred H. Pearson, W. O. Dickerman and John Cull. They presented a crew of Japanese girls that would have made Gilbert and Sullivan, or old D'Oyly Carte book them for a European production on sight, while the numerous gentlemen from Japan who on many a vaso and jar bid for popularity had absolutely nothing on the Belles of Lowell.

The Belles Polo Team

In those days polo was all the rage in Lowell and the old rink in Gorham street drew great crowds to the games. The Belles went in for polo and had a bang-up team, one of their players, the tall Billy Hill, afterward becoming one of the most famous professionals in the country. He was a brother of Thomas Hill, who formerly conducted the Waverly Hotel. The regular Belles of Lowell team consisted of H. Jules Malloux, who in those days was employed at C. B. Coburn's; William H. Hill and Fred H. Litchfield, both of whom are dead; George A. Wilkins; William O. Dickerman and Frank A. Clark. Harry Wright, Fred Litchfield and John Cull, were also members of the team. They won the championship of the local league for which among other trophies they were presented "medals" by George Conant. At that time Frank Clark was attending Amherst Agricultural college and

was playing polo with the college team and was brought home to play with the Belles in their final game. He was given a grand reception by over 2000 polo enthusiasts at the rink. The Belles were in existence for several years but as some of the members married and others left the city the interest in club affairs diminished and the organization then disbanded. In subsequent torchlight parades other marching companies calling themselves the "Belles of Lowell" appeared but there was only one real crowd of Belles and they were the boys of quarter of a century ago.

## The Hosford Club

The Hosfords club were young men of more recent origin and were as famous perhaps 15 years ago as the Belles had been 10 years previous. The Hosfords were a social club with quarters in the McCarthy building in Palmer street. They came into fame upon the occasion of their first appearance in a Fourth of July parade 15 years ago when they introduced a representation of "Hogan's Alley" with its famous "Yellow Kid," who made "hot ears" famous, after the pictorial efforts of Artist R. E. Outcault in the New York World. "Hogan's Alley" at that time was as popular as "Mutt and Jeff" became later, and all were familiar with its features. One feature of the original production gave some offense and was eliminated.

The following year the Hosfords blossomed forth on July 4 with Farmer Corntassel's celebrated \$10,000 rubs band which made a tremendous hit. A year later they received a pressing invitation to appear in the July 17th parade in Charlestown, and at that time as the popular or "Middle of the Road" party was making considerable noise and amusement throughout the country, the Hosfords conceived a merry burlesque on this party, entitled "Delights to the Populist Convention" in which they delighted the thousands who viewed the parade in Charlestown.

But their greatest and best effort was the Country Circus, which also formed a July 4 feature. In this they had all the features of the circus, rubs band, wild animals, bareback riders, etc., even to the steam calliope. This steam calliope, from which the most unearthly sounds emanated, had for its "power" two kids hidden within a huge box, who blew incessantly upon huge zoots. It was an awfully hot day in the shade, not to speak of under a box in the sun attached to a zoot, and when suddenly the calliope went out of commission as far as music was concerned the other attractions of the circus wondered greatly and incidentally pounded on the box for more volume from within, being unable to make an

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

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The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Clas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

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## The Kind You Have Always Bought

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FOR YOUR CATERER  
BANQUETS, WEDDINGS, RECEPTIONS, TEA, OUTINGS, ETC.  
Select dinners my specialty. Suggestions for all occasions. Satisfaction guaranteed. Several years with Page.

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John "Sligo" and Mike Fluane, both of whom appeared to be sound asleep at the parade went by. For several winter seasons afterward the Hosfords lived up to their reputation by holding character parties, burlesque basketball and polo games, and the simple announcement that the Hosfords were running a time was sufficient to pack Associate hall. The club disbanded some years ago. Some of the members of the Hosfords were Charles McManus, John Kelly, John J. Driscoll, Frank McOske, Edward J. Burns, C. A. Rogers, Fred Gendron, Joseph A. McCusker, J. J. Donovan, A. Lovering, W. J. Collins, C. L. LeClair, T. F. Flynn, P. Noonan, T. E. Bertram, S. E. Schaeffer, M. J. Hogan, W. P. Egan, F. R. Brown, J. T. Gorman, Dennis J. Kelley, J. A. McMahon, S. T. Adams, N. B. Shepard, S. C. Whittemore, J. J. Cuff, M. E. Powers, N. J. Cook, A. E. Nault, T. E. McOske, W. J. Hoar, J. L. Mahon, M. A. Cuff.

THE OLD TIMER

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# THE LOWELL SUN

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## WINNING SOUTH AMERICA

The passing of old prejudices fostered for many years in South America against the United States, and the attempt of this country to gain the good will of the great southern republics are two direct influences of the war. Both North and South America have been more dependent than was prudent or necessary on the great countries of Europe, but we now seek to foster a real American interdependence to offset the mutual hardships arising from the European struggle. There is every prospect of success for the new movement which, if successful, will mark this era as one of the most prosperous in American history.

Robert O. Bailey, special representative of the foreign trade department of the National City bank, New York, has recently published the result of long investigation into South American conditions, with the object of educating American business as to the obstacles to be overcome in the capturing of South American trade. According to this authority two fundamentals demand recognition and action. These are, first: "The South American consumer must be educated to like and demand our manufactures. Second: "We must make it possible for him to become an ever-increasing purchaser by the investment of our capital in the industrial development of his country."

At the present time, or more properly, before the war, Great Britain had an investment of five billion dollars in Latin-American countries, and her trade there led the world. Germany and France follow with an approximate investment of two billion dollars. In Mexico and Cuba the United States has greater trade and more investments than all our competitors, but in the other countries our trade is slight out of all proportion with our commercial importance, and this in spite of the fact that we are the closest nation geographically with our southern neighbor, and should be the closest in every sense. As Mr. Bailey says: "It is a surprise and disappointment to realize by personal observation that the general reputation for success of the American business getter has not as yet extended to any considerable degree to South America."

If we are to succeed in South America, we must educate South America as to our goods and methods, for the tastes of South America are pro-European. England, Germany and France have been wisely active while we have been sleeping, and were it not for the great world disorganization we could not hope to compete with these nations for today to come. The European manufacturer and exporter have sought to create favorable feelings with their wealthy customers, and permanent trade organizations have done for these European nations what we now hope to do for the business of this country.

It is the opinion of Mr. Bailey, in common with many other notable Americans, that the success of individual effort is almost prohibited by the expense. He advises a basis of cooperation between all leading business managers, with the sanction and support of the government and its agents, in order to advertise, exhibit and demonstrate American goods, and to employ sales methods with intelligence and perseverance until a demand shall be created for American goods. In this cause a combination would not seem to be in restraint of trade, but in the interests of legitimate trade, and so is to be supported.

Another factor that would make for better business relations is the investment of American capital in South America, which has heretofore been capitalized from Europe. The question of finance is one of the leading questions, and this is a most auspicious time to come to the aid of South America which cannot now get money in Europe to develop its resources and enterprises. In this, Mr. Bailey says: "The responsibility rests with the South American. He must bring to us an acquaintance with his country and its opportunities for capital investment. We shall be convinced and invest. He must be taught a familiarity with our manufactures and sales methods, and he will buy." This view seems logical, and as coming from a trade expert who has made an exhaustive personal investigation, it carries unusual weight.

## "NEW EVIDENCE"

It is amazing with what regularity new evidence is discovered in this country on the eve of the culmination of a famous case. Whether it be any one of the Thaw trials, the famous Frank case, or that of Becker, some witness comes forward at the eleventh hour with evidence that is alleged to clear the accused. Even though the trial or trials had dragged over many years, the attorneys for the accused with a strong hand, and though he had many of the marks of a tyrant, his country knew one of its few periods of freedom from revolution during his long reign. The rebellion of Madero the idealist sent Diaz into exile, but Mexico has had reason to regret the fall of its stern dictator. One reading his life in the light of later events cannot but think that Mexico would be benefited by the ambition of another leader with the masterly qualities of Diaz, but that may be that the later troubles of that unhappy country are partly due to his regime of oppression.

William Walder Astor gave his young son, John Jacob Astor, real estate in lower Manhattan valued at \$7,230,000. Real estate men are inclined to believe the transfer was made to enable the younger Mr. Astor to escape payment of an inheritance tax later on. The property, which changed hands includes the north end of the old Astor House, at Broadway and Barclay streets; the Real Estate Exchange, in Vesey street, with adjacent buildings; the Exchange Court building, at Broadway and Exchange place, and the Astor building, at 10 Wall street. These are the first of the properties to pass from William Walder Astor's direct control since he succeeded his father as head of that branch of the family in 1890. John Jacob Astor, the second son of William Walder Astor, was born in 1888, but has spent most of his life in England. He holds a commission in the English army, but it has not been announced whether he has gone to the front.

## NO AMERICAN SHELLS

The German contention that thousands of German lives have been lost in the trenches because of American shells shot from the guns of the allies has received a serious jolt. The French minister of war has declared officially that "neither now nor at any time since the beginning of the war has the French artillery made use of any shells whatsoever manufactured in the world which would kill a man in the United States."

This intimate confession of Webber, according to Mr. Marshall, took place during the first trial, and only professional ethics prevented his putting the facts before the district attorney. Surely if there is any code of ethics in the world which would keep a man in prison for a crime he was wrongfully put to death for a crime he did not commit, it is time such ethics were abandoned. The same ethical considerations that bound Marshall at the first trial bind him now, and there are certain points in his story that should be fully investigated, before it is either credited or considered by the legal authorities of New York. At the same time, such "new" evidence should not be ignored, for the responsibility on the state in the case of capital punishment calls for the exercise of every factor that would make for at least justice to all.

## PORFIRIO DIAZ

A very remarkable personage has gone in the person of Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, who died in Paris last Friday evening. His early life reads like a chapter of the history of American shells, to date, goes peculiarly lurid romance. Meant for the church, and later for the law, he pursued such opposition to the shipment of munitions of war as might operate his youth, and it was as a soldier he against it. England and France have won his fame in the Mexican struggle, made no secret of the fact that shells of half a century ago and caused his end was the great necessity of the way to the highest position in the world, and they are piling up vast quantities

of ammunition to use against the German trenches in the near future. Germany sees this preparation and to offset it has sought to prevent the export of American munitions of war. Such attempts, bolstered up by such methods, will fail and America, while remaining neutral, will still enjoy the privileges that are hers by accepted law and international usage at all times.

## BRIDGE DEVELOPMENTS

Several recent aspects of the bridge question are really most annoying to the municipal council. After our city authorities had very flagrantly thrown over all good business methods, there are certain strong obstacles to be overcome. In the first place the hydraulic engineers of the Locks and Canals company state that the plans are not safe, although our four municipal council bridge experts had declared their fullest confidence in them, and the proposition of President Sullivan of the Bay State company is still more confusing. Mr. Sullivan is ready to give the city \$5000 if the bridge plans are passed upon favorably by the experts who pass on all Bay State projects—the well known firm of J. R. Worcester company. This would be a simple matter were it not that Mr. Denman, who drafted the plans, professed a strong antipathy to any dealing with the company in question, at some of the council meetings at which the bridge bungle was put through. Apparently council must submit to the railroad proposition—a very reasonable one—or turn aside the offer of \$5000. Since our municipal council has gone to such lengths to suit the visiting expert, they may look upon the loss of \$5,000 as a trifle, but the Lowell public is at last aroused to the folly of the entire transaction, and if our commissioners do not at last do business properly, Lowell will ask the reason why. We do not care to take chances in building an \$80,000 bridge in a manner that will involve serious financial risks to the city and even loss to the citizens in that vicinity should the bridge fail to keep the river channel free as it is under the old bridge.

## \$7,230,000 TO HIS SON

WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR'S GIFT TO JOHN JACOB ASTOR OF NEW YORK



WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR

William Walder Astor gave his young son, John Jacob Astor, real estate in lower Manhattan valued at \$7,230,000. Real estate men are inclined to believe the transfer was made to enable the younger Mr. Astor to escape payment of an inheritance tax later on. The property, which changed hands includes the north end of the old Astor House, at Broadway and Barclay streets; the Real Estate Exchange, in Vesey street, with adjacent buildings; the Exchange Court building, at Broadway and Exchange place, and the Astor building, at 10 Wall street. These are the first of the properties to pass from William Walder Astor's direct control since he succeeded his father as head of that branch of the family in 1890. John Jacob Astor, the second son of William Walder Astor, was born in 1888, but has spent most of his life in England. He holds a commission in the English army, but it has not been announced whether he has gone to the front.

## Colorado and What it Means. The Perfect Summer Resting Place

This is news to the American public, which had accepted as true the statement that our manufacturers were supplying the allies. Without doubt American shells will be used against Germany before the war is over, but they would also be used against the allies, if German agents could come here, purchase them and ship them to their own country.

A few weeks spent there next summer will add to your life, not only in point of time, but in pleasant memories of the kind that last and make life worth while.

On request and without charge, I will send you pictures, maps and reading matter about Colorado, telling you of the fashionable hotels, or the rich and poor, the comfortable and boarding places for those who require good but less expensive fare.

I can help you in a number of ways if you will make use of me, in arranging for your summer trip to the west. To Colorado, to California or to Glacier or Yellowstone National Parks. Write, telephone or call me when you are in the neighborhood, and don't put it off.

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## RUSSIA HAS APOLOGIZED

GOVERNMENT APOLOGIZES TO SWEDEN FOR VIOLATION OF LAT-TER'S NEUTRALITY

LONDON, July 6, 6:15 a.m.—The Russian government has apologized to Sweden for the violation of the latter's neutrality by the fact that a stra shell "accidentally" fell within Swedish waters owing to a fog during the pursuit of German vessels, says a Reuter despatch from Petrograd.

The German mine layer Albatross, which was badly punished by Russian warships in the naval battle in the Baltic sea on July 2 and fled into Swedish territorial waters, where she was run aground near Helsingør. Russian ships pursued her. It was reported, within the three-mile limit.

This incident is likened to the affair of the coast of Chile when British cruisers sank the German cruiser Dresden. Great Britain apologized to Chile for this violation of neutrality.

## MATHEW TEMPERANCE INST.

The members of the Mathew Temperance Institute held their regular meeting Sunday forenoon with President Walter T. Powers in the chair. Two applications for membership were received and a new member was initiated. A feature of the meeting was the installation of the recently elected officers, who are as follows: President, Walter T. Powers; vice-president, Bernard E. Connors, Jr.; treasurer, Frank J. Lincoln; financial secretary, William H. Carey; recording secretary, Edward T. Draper; marshal, Patrick J. Kane; board of trustees, John F. Sullivan, John E. O'Neill and Henry J. McLaughlin; board of examiners, William E. Cummings, Martin F. Dacey and George E. Bell. With the exception of the office of financial secretary the board of government, which served the past six months, is composed of the same members.

Plans were discussed for the observance of the 12th anniversary of the organization and the president was authorized to appoint a committee of five members to decide as to the nature of the observance.

## RACE AND CRUISING RUN

PORTLAND, Me., July 6.—After two days of windless, westerly wind sent the fleet of the Eastern Yacht Club flying down the Maine coast under a clear sky today for a 50-mile race and 10-mile cruising run. Conditions were perfect for sport when the yachts left the harbor shortly after 7 o'clock. Some of the racing yachts had got ashore.

The start of the race was at Witch Rock buoy at 8 o'clock. The Nardin and Vega were sent off in the lead, followed by the larger yachts, with the Constellation and Enchantress bringing up in the rear. The finish was to be at Whitehead Light, a distance of 51 miles.

It was planned that the yachts should continue up Muscat Ridge channel and the western Penobscot to Gloucester's harbor, Islesboro. There a dance was arranged for this evening.

## TELEPHONE ALARM

Phone 8 responded to a telephone alarm at 8:15 o'clock this morning for a certain fire in a house at 624 Market street, owned by Bennett Silverblatt. The damage was small.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Always bear the Signature of *Pat H. Hitchins*

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF OUR ANNUAL REDUCTION IN

## Embroidery Stuffs and Stamped Goods

ON SALE WEDNESDAY MORNING

Vacation Needlework at from 1-3 to 1-2 Off

This sale includes hundreds of matted and slightly soiled pieces, all of this season's styles.

Stamping Pillow Covers, were 25c and 50c, at..... 10c and 25c

Center Pieces, were 25c, 35c and 50c, at..... 15c and 25c

Scarf, were 39c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00, at..... 25c

Dolies and Center Pieces, were 5c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.25, at..... 3c, 8c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50

Luncheon Sets, were \$1.50 to \$2.00, at..... \$1.00

Children's Dresses, were 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50, 19c, 35c, 50c, 75c

Baby Jackets, were 50c, at..... 25c

Baby Bonnet, were 25c, at..... 15c

Baby Bibs, were 15c, at..... 8c

Lawn Night Gowns, were 60c, 75c and \$1.25, at..... 50c and 75c

Ladies' Combinations, were \$1.25, at..... 75c

Ladies' Drawers, were 75c, at..... 50c

Ladies' Corset Covers, were 25c and 50c, at..... 15c and 25c

Ladies' Chemise, were 50c, at..... 35c

Tray Cloths, were 25c, at..... 15c

Towel, were 25c, 50c, 75c and 95c, at..... 10c, 25c and 50c

Pin Cushions, were 25c and 35c, at..... 15c

Handkerchiefs and Garter Cases, were 25c, at..... 15c

1 Hand Embroidered Waist, regular \$5.00, at..... \$1.50

1 Baby's Embroidered Long Dress, was \$5.00, at..... \$1.50

4 Embroidered Dresses, 2 and 1 year sizes, were \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.75, at..... \$1.00

10 Lunch Cloths, 45x15 and 51x51, Mexican and hand embroidered, were \$3.50, at..... \$1.50

4 Embroidered Pillows, were \$3.50, \$5.50 and \$8.50, at..... \$1.50

Package Goods, torn envelopes..... 1-3 Off Regular Price

East Section

Centre Aisle

## CARGO FOR GERMANY

SWEDISH CUTTER WENT TO ASSISTANCE OF LEAKING NORWEGIAN SHIP—LATTER SEIZED

LONDON, July 6, 4:45 a.m.—A Stockholm despatch to the Post says: "A Swedish revenue cutter which went to the assistance of the leaking Norwegian motor ship Haona discovered that the cargo consisted of 32 tons of copper consigned to Lubbecke, Germany. At the request of the Norwegian authorities the ship and cargo were arrested."

## AMUSEMENT NOTES

### B. F. KENT'S THEATRE

For sheer realism and sustained interest "The Strollers," which was shown at the B. F. Keith's theatre yesterday, quite outdoes any other picture we have had here. Its intensity and the faithful representation of Alaskan life will charm audiences of New England. The story is that of a trapper who has been captured by Indians and is held captive for a year. He has been tortured and starved, but has managed to escape and return home.

The story is taken from Rex Beach's novel of the same name, and it follows faithfully that work. It is in three acts, each divided into three parts or nine reels all together, and 50 scenes are shown. Nearly all of the pictures were taken in or near Nome, Alaska, and with the approval of Author Beach.

The principal characters are those of "Ghosts," a highly-bred, big-hearted minx, played by William B. Lund and "Cherry Malotte," an Alaskan girl, played splendidly by Kathryn Williams. About these two center much that takes place in the story, although, strange to relate, they do not seem to have been very happy ever after. The dance, well produced, is "Glenister," very much, but he, after a glorious flirtation, turned her down cold and took up with a sweet thing from the states. But the "Cherry" didn't seek to avenge herself. Nothing of the sort. She kept on making sacrifices for the boy, and finally we see her casting in her lot with a reformed gambler shark.

The photography of these pictures is uncommonly good, and in every particular it is worthy of the highest commendation. There are several other good one-reel pictures. The latter half of the week "Fighting Bob" will be shown.

LATEST DESIGNS  
IN WOMEN'S WEAR

## THE SUN FASHION PAGE

FEMININE HINTS  
AND NOVELTIES

## IN MILADY'S BOUDOIR

BY GWEN SEARS

## TO MAKE YOUR FIGURE FINE

Some women have an idea that fat may be eliminated by wearing tight corsets. This may be true to a certain extent provided the corset is especially designed and fitted to one's figure for that purpose. The average corset only succeeds in changing the position of the fat and does not get rid of it. The looser the corset is laced the easier it is to keep the weight down, for the woman who tightly laces her waist accumulates fat.

To hop is not only a fine thing for the hips but benefits the entire figure. First lift one foot from the floor and hopping about the room first on one foot and then on the other. When one has learned to balance the body, raise the foot until the hand may grasp the heel, and then in this position hop about on either foot. When this exer-

cise has been perfected place a ball on the floor, then hold the heel of one shoe, how about the room and kick the ball with the other foot. Each leg must be exercised in like manner.

In the last exercise a wand is used as an assistant. The wand is held at the back with both hands. Begin exercising by bending the arms and sliding the wand up the back as high as possible, then lowering it. Repeat this ten times and then change the position of the hands, palms out, and repeat an equal number of times.

The effect of this movement is to reduce the fat on back and shoulders, also to invigorate the lungs and increase their capacity. Improper respiration is the cause of inactivity, and inactivity results in the accumulation of fat.

## LADY LOOKABOUT

The delightfully clean paved streets of the city, left in that condition by last week's heavy rainfall, give a good idea of the effect flushing would have on these thoroughfares. In many cities flushing of the paved streets is done during the night. The sewer carries off the water and debris, and the morning finds the streets sweet and clean, no unsanitary odors being given off, and the dust, not merely laid, but thoroughly removed. This latter feature of flushing, the thorough removing of dust without recourse to brooms and sweeping, is one which should appeal to boards of health and to all persons interested in conserving the public health. It is a recognized fact among physicians that one or two windy, dusty days, brings an aftermath, an epidemic almost, of eye, nose, and throat affections caused by the germs-laden dust being brought into contact with the mucous membranes lining these organs. The same condition prevails in a lesser degree in localities where abutters sweep off their sidewalks in preference to washing them down with the hose. Street-sweepers keep dust in a constant state of agitation, well-calculated to the furtherance of infectious diseases. Much of this could be avoided by street-flushing, and it is to be hoped that our own city, which now has many miles of excellent smooth paving, will soon see its way to cleansing its streets in this manner.

"O woman,  
Uncertain, coy and hard to please."  
I think he meant man!

## Fish Stories

So it is oil that kills the fish in our local streams! I am glad to know it, for it explodes many a good fish story of how "all you had to do was lean out of the boat and pick them up, they were so thick." Often I have thought the fish must have been thick indeed to permit of such easy capture. Now it is all explained—they had been killed by oil. Seriously, it is a fact that in the lower Concord, at least, at times many dead fish may be seen floating on the water in the vicinity of plants which discharge sewage into the river. Unless conditions have been corrected within a year or two, any one who has frequented this river in the neighborhood of the rendering company and the mills in North Billerica will verify this statement. In both of these places, thick scums of grease may be seen floating on the water which not only discourages fish life, but bathing and boating as well.

## Wearing on Expression

And now, girls, if you would be right up to the minute, you must cultivate and wear on your faces, a childish expression. Heaven help us, and so many of us over seven! I call it an outrage. Why, we have hardly recovered from the attempt to dispense with our spines. That was hard enough, for there were moments when it would assert itself despite our efforts to suppress it. But now, picture some of us, workers, thinkers, going about with a pseudo-babyish expression. Yet there are those among us who will attempt it—artificial artlessness, a bright young person has called it. Now, girls, here is some good sisterly advice: do not forget that thought furrows the face, and the deeper the thought the deeper the furrows: only mental vacuity retains the smoothness and artlessness of childhood, so give it up girls if you are over seven—anyway, let us call it seven.

## The Vanishing Hobble

Just as the street cars present themselves to us equipped with two very convenient steps on either side, replacing the one former very inconvenient step, Dame Fashion railroaded the tight-hobble skirt out of existence and orders skirts of such unusual width and shortness, that many of us could board a car with ease, if it had no steps at all. Of course we are not concealed enough to consider for a moment that our skirts were of the least effect in influencing legislation in regard to affixing the extra step, but we cannot help thinking that, although the new step is of great convenience to many, the aged, the infirm and the young, some two or three years ago when we were in the midst of the hobble, the innovation of the extra step would have done the greatest good to the greatest number. However, a good thing is good at any time, and as I mount the little flight leading to my seat, I love to pretend that I am climbing into a Fifth avenue bus. You cannot believe how it causes the worries of heat and flying dust, and congested traffic to vanish.

Resinol Ointment enables nothing that could injure to penetrate the tender skin. It is an excellent dressing for poison ivy, scalds, burns, blisters, etc. For a full write to Dept. R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Sold by all druggists.

I know  
Resinol  
will heal this rash

I never worry if I have a little rash or other eruption break out—I just put on a bit of Resinol Ointment. That takes out the itching and burning instantly, and soon clears the trouble away. I learned of Resinol Ointment through our doctor prescribing it for my brother. Tom had been almost frantic with eczema for months but that ointment healed his skin like magic.

Resinol Ointment enables nothing that could injure to penetrate the tender skin. It is an excellent dressing for poison ivy, scalds, burns, blisters, etc. For a full write to Dept. R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Sold by all druggists.

THE PLACE TO BUY  
WEDDING GIFTS

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106-108 Merrimack Street

MODERN  
PORTRAITURE  
The Marion Studio

CHALIFOUX BUILDING  
Telephone 520  
Elevator

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Renton, Scotland, has a woman letter carrier.

Women are acting as street cleaners in Cardiff, Wales.

Girls are employed as messengers in the British war office.

Women are now eligible to become notaries in North Carolina.

Woman suffrage amendments will be voted upon in seven states this year.

The Women's Trade Union League will build a labor temple in New York city.

Female school teachers in New York are said to be the best paid in the world.

Miss Alexa Stirling, the southern woman's golf champion, is only 17 years of age.

Women are working 54 hours a week in one of the large armament factories in England.

Miss Dita M. West directs over 100 trains entering and leaving Atlanta, Ga. every day.

Miss Laura M. White has been doing

PRETTY DESIGNS FOR SUMMER WEAR WITH SHORT JAUNTY JACKETS AND SUSPENDERS  
AS NOTABLE FEATURES—LOOSE COAT FOR GIRLS IN VARIETY OF OUTING CLOTH

Short jaunty jackets and suspenders make two such notable features of summer fashions that these two costumes are especially noteworthy. The girl's suit shows a six-gored skirt flaring abundantly and gracefully, that can be finished either at the Empire or natural waist line, and with it an Eton jacket. In the picture, the costume is made of linen trimmed with braid and the material with a panel at each side and with it an Eton jacket. In the picture, the costume is made of linen

sign. If something less severe and more dressy is wanted, taffeta can be used with ruches on the skirt and edging the jacket and when it is made in that way, the costume takes on quite a different aspect, for it becomes fluffy and picturesque rather than tailored and simple, yet the model is suited to both treatments.

The suspender costume shows not alone good style and treatment, it also makes a practical suggestion for remodelling, for the skirt is cut in two pieces with a panel at each side and of course it is easy to cut over any skirt from last season in such a way. Since contrasting materials are

used, the panels can be made from a different fabric, of all over embroidery or of whatever may suit the special skirt. The wide belt is an interesting and a very generally becoming feature and the suspenders are exceedingly smart, but neither is necessary for the skirt can be finished with a plain under facing or a corduroy, from cotton or from taffeta, either plain or striped, and striped taffeta is one of the novelties of the season. The skirt that is worn with it is of three pieces, giving a modified circular shaping, and the model is suited to both treatments.

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as this one and also for the simple girlish costume that is shown at the right. The coat is exceedingly smart in its lines taking just the fashionable flare, while it is finished with the pockets that are so important this season. It can be made from a great many different materials, from cotton or from taffeta, either plain or striped, and striped taffeta is one of the novelties of the season. The skirt that is worn with it is of three pieces, giving a modified circular shaping, and the model is suited to both treatments.

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The girls costume shows a one piece dress in a new and exceedingly smart style. The pockets that are gathered at their upper edges are especially interesting. In the picture, the material is striped linen and stripes unquestionably are pronounced favorites of the season, but as a matter of course the dress can be copied in any seasonal material. In plain linen or colored linen or in one of the cotton crepes or voiles, either striped or figured, voiles, made just as shown here and with trimming of linen would make a smart effect and also a simple practical dress.

## WHAT THE FRENCH MAID SAID

## DRESS FOR CAMPING TRIP

"I have been invited for a camping trip for a week with Louis and her folks," laughed Marjorie joyfully.

Miss Bernice Selfridge, of Butte, Mont., who received a degree of bachelor of arts and bachelor of law from the University of Montana, has the distinction of being the first girl to receive an LL. B. from that university.

Miss Palmyre Shepens, for years connected with the Maison Daingeres in the famous department establishment in Brussels, Belgium, is now in this country trying to dispose of over a half a million dollars worth of hand-made Belgian lace, the proceeds from the sales to go towards relieving destitute lace makers in that country.

"What shall I take to wear?" asked Marjorie, shrugging suddenly. "Well, have a camp blouse as loose and comfortable as you please," suggested Marie, "but have it of a material which is not transparent and have it made with a collar which comes up high at the back of the neck, with the shirt being short enough to admit of active exercise in walking, stepping into boats, climbing over rocks, etc.

"Tempting dishes that all enjoy, Blane Mange, Custards, etc., easily made with

## DAILY DESSERTS.

"Sea Moss Farine. Delicious and Nutritious. A 25c. pk. makes 16 quarts. Sold by GROCERS or mailed by us."

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THE SHUF-F SHOP

Lowell's only completely equipped shop.

Samuel Fleming, Proprietor

131 MIDDLE ST. TEL. 688-11

MISSIONARY WORK IN CHINA FOR THE PAST 24 YEARS.

Labor laws for women have recently been enacted in Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts and Wyoming.

Joan Sawyer, the actress, has left New York to motor to San Francisco in six weeks on a wager.

Woman motor truck drivers in England are being paid \$1.50 per week, the same rate paid to men.

Notre Dame Academy at Notre Dame, Ind., has adopted a course of automobile study for its women students.

Berths in London are averaging nearly 500 a week below the figures

for the corresponding week in previous years.

Southern club women are asking for state appropriations to extend the work of the agricultural colleges to farm women.

Mrs. Kate Hoffman, 26 years of age, has been a resident of the town poor house at Uniondale, Pa., for the past 46 years.

Miss Laura Dow has been elected secretary of the Wisconsin Press association, and is the first woman to hold the position.

New Mexico has passed a law providing for the appointment of women on the government boards of State institutions in the discretion of the governor.

In the northern part of Italy the wives and daughters of the men at the front are being trained to take their places in street car and railroad work.

Miss Elsie De Wolfe, the noted decorator of New York, has been engaged by a large automobile concern to design the inside decorations for their high-priced cars.

In the absence of her husband, who has been called to the front, Mrs. George Kendall, wife of the Methodist minister in England, will now have charge of six churches.

Mary Powell, a little English girl, who has been appointed as a call girl in one of the large London theatres, is said to be the first girl in the world to hold such a position.

Miss Abbie Woodhull, a former school teacher, has made a great success as manager of a farm at Wading River, L. I. She is also an authority on all subjects pertaining to farming.

Fourteen of the government schools for the training of teachers in Egypt have been especially set apart for women students, and now have an attendance of 2,339 girls with forty-two trained teachers.

Two philanthropic women in New York have opened a mending shop

which gives employment to needy girls who are employed there at 57 per week for easy hours in a sanitary shop.

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42 South Fifth St., Brooklyn, N.Y."

# FELL FROM TREE ON THE MIDWAY UNREST IN INDIA TWENTY RESCUED LADIES

Francis Tracey Fractured Collar Bone and May Die

Francis Tracey, 9 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tracey of Ottawa street, was seriously injured Saturday afternoon when he fell from a tree at Rosemont terrace from a height of about 60 feet. The boy's collar bone was fractured and it is feared that he will not recover.

The Tracey boy and other compa-  
nions were out for bird's nests late Saturday afternoon and they looked up every tree at Rosemont terrace in hopes of securing bird's eggs. Tracey spotted a nest at the top of a large elm tree and he endeavored to climb for it. While at a height of about 60 feet, perched on a limb, the boy lost his balance and fell to the ground, fracturing his collar bone and two other bones in his neck.

The injured boy who was in an unconscious condition was picked up and carried to his home nearby and Dr. M. A. Tigher was summoned. Today the little fellow is reported as resting comfortably, although little hope is entertained for his recovery.

## FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE

### CROWD RESPONDS TO BANK OF FRANCE'S INVITATION TO TURN IN GOLD

PARIS, July 6, 10.45 a. m.—The Bank of France has been compelled to designate six receiving tellers to take the gold offered in exchange for notes in response to the invitation to the public to turn in its private hoards of gold so as to strengthen the national reserve.

Long lines of persons waited in front of the institution all day yesterday and again were there today. The largest sum exchanged was 85,000 francs (\$17,000) and the smallest ten francs (\$2). The usual amounts were 1000 or 2000 francs.

The certificates given for the gold were inscribed to the effect that the exchange was made for "national defense."

## MEXICAN IS ARRESTED

### PROCOPIO MERAZ SAID TO HAVE ADMITTED RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEATH OF AMERICAN

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 6.—Procopio Meraz, former Huerta colonel and aide-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Eusebio Quirós y Gómez, is under arrest here today pending investigation by the local police. An anonymous note, written in Spanish, declared Meraz had confessed to the writer that he alone was responsible for the execution of Scott Burwell, an American shot by Mexican soldiers in northern Mexico about a year ago.

The writer of the note declared that Gen. Gómez, now held by federal authorities at San Antonio, as an undesirable alien and who, it is said, is believed to have ordered the execution of Burwell, had nothing to do with the affair, according to Meraz's alleged confession.

Meraz said that he knew nothing of the Burwell case and that the alleged confession was a fabrication.

### ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR

So many thousands of women have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that there is hardly a neighborhood in any city, town or hamlet in this country wherein some woman has not found health in this good old-fashioned root and herb remedy. If you are suffering from some womanly ill, why don't you try it?

## CHERRY & WEBB

Have Bought the Entire  
BANKRUPT STOCK  
OF

## E. O. Squire

Women's and Misses' High Class COATS,  
SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS—of Purchase  
Street.

## New Bedford

This was E. O. Squire's first season as a Cloak and Suit Specialty House—All the stock is NEW.

Watch the Papers for Important Opening  
Announcement of Sale

Lowell customers are going to get their share of this money-saving opportunity.

## CHERRY & WEBB

NEW YORK  
CLOAK STORE

N. Y. Cloth & Suit Co. 12-18 JOHN ST.

### Largest Crowd of Fakirs Yet Seen and an Immense Crowd

The march of progress even among the fakirs was noted at the midway for this year along with the teddy bear which for the past few years were popular prizes for the wheel games this year, by means of the lucky number you could not only get a teddy bear but a baby of any size, description or costume, a pair of shoes, a pair of silk stockings or even a raincoat, a bath robe, parasol or an alarm clock.

The midway on the South common this year exceeded in size and variety any other midway in history and Lew Walker of Boston who has been coming here for years with wild men and women who look wild, but aren't, says it was the biggest time in his Lowell experience.

The rain put a temporary damper on the midway and made life miserable for its attendants, but business was good generally and the fakirs with the novelties made the money. The great American spirit of gambling was evidenced by the unusually large number of harmless gambling machines and the manner in which they were patronized. The common was packed Saturday night until midnight, again Sunday night from midnight on, and yesterday afternoon and evening. Despite the great crowd general good order prevailed. The light-fingered gentry were on hand and got away with some plunder, but they will be found in every large crowd and under every political administration.

A most satisfying feature of the midway was the fact that as a result of the sale of lots the city gets back as much as it put out for the celebration, that is if it is not called upon to pay out more than the original, \$3000.

## SHOT BELOW THE HEART

CHAS. H. JOHNSON, CHICAGO UNION OFFICIAL, ATTACKED AS HE ANSWERED DOORBELL

CHICAGO, July 6.—Charles H. Johnson, secretary and treasurer of the Brickmakers' union, was shot twice below the heart as he answered a ring of his doorbell early today. Physicians said the wounds probably would be fatal. His assailant, whom he failed to recognize, escaped.

Police attributed the shooting to labor troubles.

## ATTACK ON MEXICO CITY

OFFICIALS AWAITS WORD OF RESULT OF GEN. GONZALES' ATTACK

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Officials of the Washington government today awaited word on the result of Gen. Pablo Gonzales' renewed attack on Mexico City.

Advices to the Carranza agency here said Gonzales had begun his attack with fresh reinforcements. The Zapata commanders had prepared to offer determined resistance. It would not be surprising to Washington officials, however, to learn of the evacuation of the Mexican capital by the Zapata army because of a shortage of ammunition.

Miguel Diaz Lombardo, minister for foreign affairs in the northern branch of the convention government of Mexico, was here today with other Villa leaders in an effort to lay their views on the Mexican political situation before officials of the United States. Villa leaders already have told officials of their willingness to enter into negotiations with Carranza looking to a restoration of peace in the southern republic, while Carranza has consistently declined peace overtures by Villa. Washington officials count upon Charles A. Douglass, legal adviser here to Carranza, who has gone to Vera Cruz to persuade the first chief to adopt a more conciliatory attitude towards his opponents.

### Several Englishmen Murdered and Stores Sacked—Martial Law

MANILA, July 6.—Serious unrest throughout India is reported by officers and passengers of the Spanish mail steamer Alcante, which has arrived here after touching at Aden, Colombo, Ceylon and Singapore. The official explanation is that the troubles are due to the present international differences, but it is said they are in reality the result of animosity felt by the natives against the white population.

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The native population of British North Borneo also is reported restless and many natives have been killed. Japanese cruisers are said to be patrolling the waters of Borneo.

## ABSENCE OF FIRES

YESTERDAY'S RAIN PREVENTED FIRES—NOT A SINGLE FIRE YESTERDAY

Yesterday's big Independence Day celebration was not marred by one. Fourth of July fire, this undoubtedly being due to the unwelcome downpour yesterday forenoon. In past years fires have been very frequent on July 4th and the clear slate established a record that will probably hold good for many years.

A large volume of smoke issuing from the top of the Wyman's exchange about 8:30 o'clock gave a passerby the impression that a fire was in progress and an alarm from box 26 was sounded. It later developed that the janitor had built up a new fire in the boiler, causing a large quantity of smoke. There was no fire except in the boilers in the basement.

ALARMS ON SUNDAY

There were three alarms for fire Sunday. At 3:21 o'clock Sunday morning fire broke out in a barn belonging to A. L. McPherson and located at 17 Anderson street. The building was gutted by the flames.

Box 129, at 8:55 o'clock Sunday night was for a fire in the awning of a store of M. Racette at 175 Salem street. Slight damage. About a half hour later box 228 sounded for a roof fire on a building at 8 Floyd street, said to have been caused by fireworks.

## TRIAL OF TSE-NE-GAT

PIUTE INDIAN CHARGED WITH MURDER OF JUAN CHACON, A HERDER

DENVER, Col., July 6.—The trial of Tse-ne-gat (Everett Hatch), a Piute Indian, charged with the murder of Juan Chacon, a herder, was begun here today in the federal court.

About 40 witnesses, many of whom are Indians, have been summoned to testify in the case. The killing took place in March, 1914, in Montezuma county, Colorado.

Efforts by a posse of United States deputies last February to arrest Tse-ne-gat resulted in armed resistance by recalcitrant Indians. He is the father of the defendant. Several Indians and a member of the posse were killed.

Gen. Hugh L. Scott sought out the Indians and induced them to accompany him to Salt Lake City. Tse-ne-gat was brought to Denver and has been in a sanitarium. According to physicians he is suffering from tuberculosis.

SUMMER SCHOOL FOR BOYS

A summer school for boys who wish to spend part of their vacation in taking special training in the line of studies that will best help them for the coming school term. While this school is open for boys in the sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth grades, it is also open to boys who wish to receive special help in certain studies that they have fallen back in.

This summer school will open its first session, Wednesday, July 7th at 8:30 a. m. While many boys are now registering for this school yet one may register by reporting at the Y. M. C. A. Wednesday morning before school and give in the list of studies that he wishes to take. Mr. J. E. Barr, master of the Washington grammar school who was principal of the last year's school, will again be principal of the school this year. Mr. Barr knows just what each boy needs and can help him when there are only a few at one time. A boy has a very good chance to even learn how to study while attending this school.

The sessions are from 8:30 in the morning to 11 o'clock, after which the boy has a chance for recreation for half an hour. Every boy who cannot swim is taught to swim in our large swimming pool each morning after class. The sessions will only keep for five mornings a week until Aug. 15th.

Parents who wish to have their boys off the streets and have something for them to do through the summer months should send them to this school.

A very small fee is charged so as to cover the cost of the school.

PRESIDENT PLAYS GOLF

CORNISH, N. H., July 6.—Weather conditions being favorable today President Wilson went out for a round of golf. He planned to devote most of the day to official business, with an automobile drive in the afternoon.

### Carried From Blazing Block by Roxbury Firemen—Woman Injured

BOSTON, July 6.—Serious unrest throughout India is reported by officers and passengers of the Spanish mail steamer Alcante, which has arrived here after touching at Aden, Colombo, Ceylon and Singapore. The official explanation is that the troubles are due to the present international differences, but it is said they are in reality the result of animosity felt by the natives against the white population.

The midway on the South common this year exceeded in size and variety any other midway in history and Lew Walker of Boston who has been coming here for years with wild men and women who look wild, but aren't, says it was the biggest time in his Lowell experience.

The rain put a temporary damper on the midway and made life miserable for its attendants, but business was good generally and the fakirs with the novelties made the money. The great American spirit of gambling was evidenced by the unusually large number of harmless gambling machines and the manner in which they were patronized. The common was packed Saturday night until midnight, again Sunday night from midnight on, and yesterday afternoon and evening. Despite the great crowd general good order prevailed. The light-fingered gentry were on hand and got away with some plunder, but they will be found in every large crowd and under every political administration.

A most satisfying feature of the midway was the fact that as a result of the sale of lots the city gets back as much as it put out for the celebration, that is if it is not called upon to pay out more than the original, \$3000.

The native population of British North Borneo also is reported restless and many natives have been killed. Japanese cruisers are said to be patrolling the waters of Borneo.

As a result martial law has been declared by all Europeans who have been armed and all British subjects, physically fit, have been mustered into the military service. Arrangements are said to have been made to transport all white women and children either to Australia or their home countries.

The Alcante's captain is authority for the statement that passengers who have travelled recently throughout India consider the situation serious.

Frank Delano, formerly president of the association, said the largest financial loss was due to a modification of its principles so as to permit moderate users of intoxicating liquors to become policy-holders.

"The deaths in this class were 60 per cent more than among the totally temperate," he declared.

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# SUCCESES FOR TEUTONS

French Attacks Repulsed—German Air Raids on French Positions—Advance in Galicia

The German official announcement of today says two French attacks at Les Eparges have been repulsed; that German aviators have been active against the French near Epinal and in the Vosges and that in Russian Poland the forces of Emperor William took a Russian position and 500 prisoners near Suwalki.

#### GERMAN TRENCHES TAKEN

The French war office reports a very active night along virtually the entire front. British troops have taken some German trenches in Belgium; Arras was bombarded all night long; there has been incessant fighting in the Argonne, and French troops have repulsed the enemy on the Heights of the Meuse as well as near the forest of Le Prieuré.

#### BRITISH ATTACK HOSPITAL SHIP

An official statement issued in Berlin calls attention to Great Britain's actions in torpedoing a hospital ship and unarmed passenger ships in Turkish waters while she at the same time is protesting against the submarine warfare of Germany.

#### GERMAN RESISTANCE

Stiffer resistance to the Teuton advance towards Warsaw is being offered by the Russians from day to day, the latest official reports indicate. Along the entire eastern battle front of approximately 500 miles from the Baltic to Bessarabia, in fact, the Russian lines apparently are holding the Austro-Germans except at one point. Near Krasnik, in southern Poland, the Archduke Ferdinand's army has broken through and continued its advance toward the Polish capital.

#### GERMANS RAID FRENCH LINES

In France the Germans continue pounding the French lines, but toward the north the silence which for some time has prevailed along the front held by the British remains unbroken.

#### SEVERE FIGHTING

The Italians report the satisfactory development of their offensive on the Carnia plateau and the success of air attacks on Austrian encampments in the vicinity of Dohedo. Severe fighting is in progress on the edge of the Dohedo plateau, according to the latest Austrian statement.

#### UNREST IN INDIA

Through Manila come reports of serious unrest among the native population of British India.

#### BRITISH AIR RAID FAILED

Berlin advises news of a British attempt to attack a German position on the North sea. Operating from a point of the Netherlands island of Terschelling, naval and aerial ships moved toward the objective which the German official report does not indicate further than as "a bay" the attacking craft were repelled, the despatch says, adding that a hydro-aeroplane that succeeded in making an ascension was pursued by German aeroplanes and escaped by flying over Dutch territory.

## DROWNED IN CONCORD

#### SAD ACCIDENT TO A BILLERICA MAN IN VIEW OF HIS WIFE AND CHILD

Before the eyes of his wife, child and a half dozen visitors, Otto Davis deliberately walked into the Concord river in front of his home in No. Billerica late Sunday afternoon and was drowned before assistance reached him. His body was recovered by volunteer searchers a short time afterward.

Mr. Davis narrowly escaped drowning when he started from the shore in a boat, Davis wanted them to stop and when they kept on he started to follow them. At a point several feet from the shore, he fell into a hole and was unable to regain his footing again. His wife was on the bank in a half crazed condition but neither she nor the men was able to rescue him.

## 600 TROOPS KILLED

#### CARRANZA SOLDIERS MADE A FRUITLESS ATTEMPT TO CAPTURE PAREDON

LAREDO, Tex., July 6.—Six hundred Carranza troops were killed in all day battle yesterday in a fruitless attempt to capture Paredon, a Villa stronghold about 20 miles northwest of Monterrey, according to reports reaching here today. Eighteen thousand men are said to have been engaged in battle, with the total casualties on both sides of 2000. Carranza reinforcements renewed the attack today.

## EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

#### TO BE OPENED AT OFFICE OF THE LOWELL BOARD OF TRADE—EMPLOYERS TAKE NOTICE

For the purpose of securing a list of young people who desire to work during the summer vacation, the board of trade will register, free of charge, all applicants for positions during the summer.

While no positions are guaranteed, every effort will be made to secure employment for those who register. Employers are urged to make use of the bureau and a list of applicants will be sent upon request, to fill any position.

All applicants should apply in writing, giving a plain statement of their age, education, address, kind of position desired, pay expected and such other information as may serve as a basis of recommendation.

The bureau will endeavor to obtain positions in the various industries and mercantile establishments of the city and will submit to employers a list of applicants who will receive a notice to report for work if wanted.

The success of the bureau will depend upon the call from employers for applicants for positions. The list will be available for inspection to employers at the office of the board.

PARIS REPORT

PARIS, July 6, 2:35 p. m.—The French war office this afternoon gave a statement of the progress of hostilities, the office of the board.

## HOLT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Continued

again today in an effort to establish his identity. If possible, Mr. Wood was still unable to say whether Holt and Muenter were the same, he declared.

#### COUNSEL FOR HOLT

Martin W. Littleton, formerly of Dallas, Tex., went to Mineola today to assume charge of Frank Holt's defense.

Mr. Littleton said that he had been asked by residents of the south, who believed that Holt is mentally irresponsible, to look after his legal rights.

#### SCARS FOUND ON BODY

The evidence that has been accumulating to support the theory that Holt and Muenter are the same person was strengthened by the announcement today that an examination of Holt's body had revealed scars which correspond to a description received by the authorities here today of scars which Muenter bore on his body. The scars in Muenter's case were said to have been due to an operation.

Attorneys have been asked to come here and to make an examination of Holt's mental condition to determine whether he is sane. Dr. Cleghorn said he believed Holt was suffering from paranoia or dementia praecox.

#### SCARS ON BODY

Prof. Crowe of Chicago Says That Identity of Holt Might Be Cleared—Rekenen to Muenter Striking

CHICAGO, July 6.—Prof. John Maxwell Crowe, a teacher at the University high school of this city, suggested today that the identity of Frank Holt, who shot J. P. Morgan might be cleared up by looking for certain scars on his body.

"Photographs and Holt's conduct suggest strongly to me that he is really Erich Muenter, who disappeared nine years ago after the death of his wife," said the professor. "However, there were scars on Muenter's body left by repeated operations for a chronic malady which should show on Holt if he and Muenter are the same person."

"Muenter and I were married about the same time in 1902 and we went to live in the same flat building. He was brilliant and a tireless student.

"Before I ever saw the photographs of Holt I thought he might be Muenter although for years I have believed the latter dead. The suggestion came to me when I was reading Holt's statement. That sounds like Muenter I thought."

Ottmar Krembs, a brother of Muenter's wife, said today that he would go east to assist in clearing up Holt's identity. He has a number of photographs of Muenter, some of them without the beard, and he declared that the likeness between the smooth faced pictures of Muenter and those of Holt were striking.

#### INDICTMENT GONE

Original Murder Indictment Against Prof. Muenter Missing Since Aug.—Dist. Atty. Corcoran Thinks It Stolen

BOSTON, July 6.—Announcement by District Attorney William J. Corcoran of Cambridge yesterday that the original murder indictment against Prof. Erich Muenter, dating back to 1906, has been missing from the files of the office of the clerk of courts of Middlesex county for nearly a year, and that he believes it was stolen, was a new and startling development in Cambridge in connection with the efforts of the police and others to fathom the Holt-Muenter problem.

The announcement came in connection with word from Mr. Corcoran that he had taken a hand in the case, devoting all day yesterday to it, and intended, should any encouragement come from New York, to send a man on to assist in the identification. Mr. Corcoran added that in the event of an identification he will at once take steps to extradite.

The Muenter case dates back prior to Mr. Corcoran's assuming office. Judge George J. Sanderson was his attorney at the time. He was succeeded by Dist. Attorney John J. Higgins. Mr. Corcoran took office two years ago.

In the last eight months, Mr. Corcoran stated yesterday, he has on two occasions run down supposed heirs to Muenter. He would not go into detail either on that matter or the disappearance of the indictment paper other than to say that it had, in his opinion, been stolen.

A medicine that does its own talking, Dows' Diarrhoea and Cholera Syrup, the great family remedy, 25c and 50c.

Not a nine days' wonder, but a constant success. Dows' Diarrhoea and Cholera Syrup for all internal pains ask your druggist for Dows.

T. C. Lee Co. carried the insurance on the building of Daniel Redding, 45 Adams street, damaged yesterday by fire.

T. C. Lee Co. carried the insurance on the contents of the dwelling of Della Cullen of 71 Cabot street, damaged by fire Sunday night. The estate of S. C. Plunkett, corner of Central and Floyd streets, damaged by fire Sunday night, and the contents of store of H. C. Girard Co., 412 Merrimack street, damaged by fire Friday night.

Other Offenders

Chris Early pleaded guilty to a complaint of assault and battery upon Conductor Oscar E. Charlton of the Bay State Street Railway. The trouble occurred Sunday at Chandler's turnout, Tewksbury, when Early stood on the step of a semi-converter car and refused to get off on request of the conductor. When the conductor attempted to force him to leave the car, it is claimed Early punched him in the eye, leaving an ugly black mark. A fine of \$20 was imposed.

Five months in the Lowell jail was the sentence meted out to Charles H. Hill, who pleaded guilty to a complaint against him of assaulting Mrs. Lena Singer on Friday evening last. According to Mrs. Singer, she was sitting on the steps of her house on Hale street when Hill walked up behind her and struck her.

A man who responded to the name of "Nobody Home" was called to answer to a complaint charging him with a statutory offence. He pleaded not guilty and his case continued for one week. Noise Boudreau was fined five dollars for cruelly beating a horse. Among the offenders was drunkard was Frank Mack, who was arrested by Patrolman Daniel Lane with a "homicide pistol" in his possession. The gun was out of commission and could do no damage so the court imposed a suspended sentence of two months in the house of correction. William G. Flanigan and John C. Wilson, while in the opposite windward was a large sized reproduction of the Declaration of Independence. Ancient and modern masters were also shown, as was a suit made of the national colors.

In Central street, the Lowell Trust Co., old Lowell National Bank, Putnam & Son, and Putnam & Son, among the leaders in decorations, while in Merrimack street, the Lowell Five Cent Savings bank building comes in for a favorable mention.

These Who Decorated

The list of stores and business houses that had appropriate displays for the celebration is as follows:

J. L. Chaffoux, Courier-Citizen, Crown Confectionery Co., T. H. Royle, Mitchell the Tailor, Waldorf Union, C. & L. French, F. W. Woolworth, Union National bank, Dickson's, Snyder's, Hall & Lyon Co., Macartney's, O. L. Swanson, 20th Century Shoe store, Boston Laundry Outfitters, P. F. Wood, G. C. Prince, Ring's, S. S. Kress, Neely's, A. G. Pollard Co., Bon Marche, Co. Railroad Bank building, Green Bros., Dr. Patrick Bagley, Gilbride Co., B. & M. Cleak & Sut Co., Mazer & Mc-

## INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

Agent Mitchell of the Massachusetts mills spent the holidays at Chatham. The Massachusetts and Merrimack mills are closed down this week for the annual vacation period.

The labor men were on hand to witness the parade yesterday and they were all unanimous in proclaiming it the best ever.

Charles Thomas, formerly of the American Hide & Leather company, entertained several friends at his residence in Central street yesterday.

"How Dry I Am," was sung with a vim which the members of the Broadway club and their wives

will enjoy to hear that he was not drowned as reported in yesterday's paper. Tony was raised and the pulley which was used to mark effect by the boys at the club.

Everybody who knows Jimmy O'Dea, the popular postoffice clerk, will be overjoyed to hear that he was not drowned as reported in yesterday's paper. Tony was raised and the pulley which was used to mark effect by the boys at the club.

The Carpenters' union, local 49 will meet tonight in the union quarters in the Bunnell building to transact considerable business of importance.

President Thomas McNamee says the work was changed yesterday on the return of the boys to the Centralville club rooms from "fired but happy" to "well and hungry."

When the parade came along Back Central street Johnny Donnelly, the prominent Middlesex street chaperon was given a grand ovation by a large gathering of young ladies.

Wally Lyons, of the Saco-Lowell

shops and manager of the South End baseball team took a day off yesterday and impersonated a Russian cosack in the slam bang division of the parade.

Anthony Doyle of the American Hide & Leather company, made a visit

## THE VIEWS OF GERMANY

Sec. Lansing Says Report Has Been Received From Gerard on Submarine Activity

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Secretary Lansing stated that a despatch had been received from Ambassador Gerard giving informally the views of the German government on submarine warfare but this government has not replied.

While declining to discuss the contents of the despatch, Mr. Lansing let it be known that the proposals contained in it were similar to those which have already been discussed in Berlin press despatches, indicating a desire to clarify the situation before making formal answer.

Mr. Lansing stated that there had been no exchange of views as yet.

Mr. Gerard's despatch has been transmitted to President Wilson where the decision rests as to the character of instructions to be given the American ambassador in answering the inquiries of Berlin officials.

The effort of the German government to learn informally what proposals would be acceptable to the United States government created the distinct impression in official quarters that the dispute between the two governments eventually would be amicably resolved.

It is known that the aim of the German government is to secure the safety of Americans traveling on passenger ships and at the same time maintain the effectiveness of the submarine as a destroyer of ships primarily engaged in contraband traffic.

While no definite assurance has been given, officials here believe that further attacks without warning will not be made against any vessel.

Whether of neutral or belligerent character at least until a means of insuring the safety of "Americans" on the high seas is agreed upon in the present negotiations.

Germany, it is understood, has proposed a joint system of inspection, through which it shall be established to the satisfaction of German consuls in the United States that belligerent ships sailing from American ports are primarily engaged in passenger traffic.

Details are lacking as to whether Germany will consent to the carriage of any contraband on such vessels or whether guarantee shall be given that the amount of contraband transported is of a negligible character.

As for the treatment of cargo ships, officials are not clear how the American point of view, as expressed in its recent notes can be satisfied unless German submarines before attacking undertake to transfer to a place of safety in accordance with the naval-prize codes of all nations.

New difficulties have arisen which now complicate the situation. These are the cases of the British liners Armenian and Anglo-Californian which cargo ships by making repeated efforts to escape, justified attacks by the German submarines.

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## FEARFUL LOSSES

### Berlin Reports An Allied Command Lost 3400 Out of 4200

BERLIN, July 6, by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—Special despatches from the western front say that in the recent battle between Arras and La Bassée the French and British forces suffered fearful losses, one command alone losing 3400 men out of 4200.

Included in the news items given out today by the Overseas News Agency was the following:

An official report gives full particulars of a number of cases in which British submarines and Torpedo boats in Turkish waters had torpedoed without warning unarmed passenger ships and even one hospital ship with 700 wounded on board.

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## SHOOTING OF MORGAN

SIR CECIL SPRING-RICE SAYS ASASSIN WAS HELPLESS IN BANKER'S GRIP

NEW YORK, July 6.—Before leaving for Washington yesterday morning, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, related to some friends in New York his experiences at Glen Cove on Saturday morning when J. P. Morgan was shot. His narrative brought out for the first time the fact that the banker had gripped Frank Holt's arms so tightly that the man was only able to fire the revolver in his hand while it pressed against Mr. Morgan's body.

"We were at breakfast in the room on the ground floor," Sir Cecil Spring-Rice said, "when the butler was heard shooting from the main entrance by the library to Mr. Morgan to go upstairs quickly. We did not know what was the matter, whether it was fire or burglars, and the whole party left the table and ran up the rear staircase, which was the nearest to the door.

"When we reached the first floor the butler could be heard distinctly calling for Mr. Morgan, and the latter, followed by Mr. Morgan, ran into the rooms to see what was the trouble. While I went up to the floor above to look around, I found nothing unusual, and then came down to the first floor.

"In the mean time," the ambassador continued, "Mrs. Morgan went toward the main staircase and saw the butler backing up with the assailant Holt, following him with a revolver in each hand. Mrs. Morgan went to meet him her husband came up and brushed her aside. Then he seized Holt by the arms, beat him backward and literally threw upon him with his whole weight, pinning the man to the floor.

"During the struggle that ensued between the two men Mr. Morgan pummeled Holt until the latter became unconscious. Before losing his senses he managed to fire two shots with the re-

## In Thousands of Homes

early and certain relief is found for the ailments to which all are subject—ailments due to defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver, kidneys or bowels—in the most famous family remedy, the world has ever known.

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

are justly famous because they have proved to be so reliable as correctives or preventives of the sufferings, dull feelings and danger due to indigestion or biliousness. If you will try them to cleanse your system, purify your blood, tone your stomach, stimulate your liver and regulate your bowels, you will know why so many rely on Beecham's Pills to

## Insure Health and Happiness

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c.

volver in his left hand, which was pressed close to Mr. Morgan's side. The first bullet passed through the fleshy part of the banker's thigh. The second struck a little higher up and penetrated near to the abdomen.

Then the servants seized Holt and bound him tightly with ropes while others summoned aid for Mr. Morgan.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice added that he believed Holt was knocked on the head by one of the servants who had become excited at seeing his employer shot.

## EXPLOSION OF DYNAMITE

BOMB SHOCK N. Y. DETECTIVE BUREAU—FIVE PRISONERS IN CELLS ESCAPED INJURY

NEW YORK, July 6.—A dynamite bomb was exploded last night in an arreway outside the detective bureau at police headquarters. A heavy door was blown ten feet and a number of windows on one side of the building were shattered. No one was injured.

Lieut. McNally was thrown from his chair by the concussion, but was unharmed. Five prisoners locked in a cell 20 feet from the place where the bomb exploded, escaped injury, although fragments of metal pierced the ceiling of their cells.

The damaged part of the building is close to Inspector Faurot's office.

The police at first worked on the theory that a mail delivery had been attempted. Several pieces of metal was found, but there was practically nothing which led to a definite clue.

## THE LADY'S WORKBAG

One cannot have too many boudoir caps and a very dainty one is crocheted in the following manner: One is in each of 8 sts, skip 1 st, repeat from first to end of round, join turn. Third round—one in each st, join turn. Repeat third round until there are fifteen rounds from the beginning of the band to the edge. Chain 6, join with sl st to first st on chain 6, ch 3, 16 d in ring, counting ch 3 as one d, join with an sl st to top st on ch 3 first made in round, ch 4.

Second round—one d on d, two d in each st, to end of round, join with a sl st to top ch st on ch 3, ch 6. Third round—Star one d on d, ch 2, repeat from star to end of round join with a sl st to third ch st on ch 5. Fourth round—One d on same st joining st was made in ch 2, one do on next 4, ch 2, star one d, ch 2, 1 do on next d, ch 2. Line with blue silk and finish with a large blue bow at the side, if you make it in blue or white.

No matter how hot the days, a cup of tea is always refreshing. Dainty teapot holders are being made with white or colored linen or crash. These holders are not only a convenience, but a necessity. The one I saw was made by cutting two oval of the material and decorating one with a parrot motif done in cross stitch with brilliant color. Line the cover with felt or heavy flannel, turn in the edges of the two sides and overhand them together taking rather deep stitches slanting in the same direction. Then reverse the overhand stitches and a cross stitch will be the result. Two colors of the same shade as those worked in the parrot motif, should be used for the cross stitched edge.

Attach a brass ring to the top of the holder and it is ready for use. The ring can be covered with buttonholes or crochet stitches, using some of the floss with which the cross stitch was accomplished.

Nearly all the scalloped edges are made with a buttonhole or loop between each scallop and they add very much to the appearance of a finished edge. It would perhaps be best to make the loops before working the scallops, as then they could be made in the loops and the work held taut with the support of the material underneath. The fastening of the loops can be concealed under the stitches of the scallops.

To make the loops fasten the cotton in one side of the scallop, about half way from the indentation to the top. Then carry the thread to the same point on the opposite scallop, bring the thread back and carry across again, making a loop of the three threads. Now buttonhole very closely over the three threads, carrying it three stitches beyond the center. Bring the thread back six inches, fasten in the edge of the buttonholes and make three small loops. Buttonhole this small loop very closely, then finish the large loop. This will make a buttonhole bar with a buttonhole pivot at the point.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

**HORLICK'S**  
The Original  
MALTED MILK  
Unless you say "HORLICK'S" you may get a Substitute.

Now that it is quite the thing to have a bit of crocheting always in one's hand, many are making the

pretty little crochet baskets for holding bonbons, or for trinket baskets on one's toilet table. They are usually made with cordonnet or cotton. The simplest one is made with a two inch strip of shell crocheted edging, which can be measured around the bottom of a water glass. When long enough the end is made to fit the bottom and sewed together and a crocheted circle or disk is made to fit the bottom and sewed to the lower edge of the lace. The basket is then ready for the handle which is simply a band of crocheted beading, fastened on opposite sides of the basket. It is then heavily starched and pulled into shape while drying. A ribbon is run through the heading of the handle and tied in a bow at the top. The old fashioned tidy has its place again in nearly every home and for living room furniture nothing should be more sensible or economical. Of course tidiés should not be put on all the chairs of the room, only the ones that are used for lounging or reclining. The firm imitation flannel used for curtains is a popular material for the large tidiés, which when finished with a crocheted buttonhole, will stand any amount of wear and laundering. The coarse earthenware is also used effectively.

The cross stitch decoration makes a pretty border for the long runner or tidy with the matching arm pieces. One of this kind was recently sent from an English workshop and is being copied by a friend of mine. It has a quaint motif of needlework worked above the border in a rich blue and green combination. Crocheted tidiés are also used with pleasing effect and will launder to look like new.

Net embroidery requires careful stitching that looks almost as well on the back as on the front. After the medallions are fastened upon the batiste cover, buttonhole the entire edge of the net to the batiste. The batiste is then cut from under the medallion. A pale bow or two, the color of the lining, should be used on the cover to carry out the color scheme.

Stein-Bloch \$25.00 and \$27.50

## THE O'BRIEN LABEL GUARANTEES VALUE

## AFTER THE FIREWORKS

## Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

And All Clothes of Other Makes

## MARKED DOWN

Our July Mark Down Sale Begins Today

Every Stein-Bloch Suit and Topcoat and every garment of other makes (blues and blacks included) go on sale today at reduced prices. Nothing is reserved.

This is in line with our custom of maintaining regular prices until July 4th, and then offering our regular high grade stocks at REAL reductions, to effect a clearance before inventory, July 31.

\$12.50 and \$15.00

## SUITS

Reduced to \$9.75

\$15.00 and \$17.50

## Suits and Topcoats

Reduced to \$11.75

Stein-Bloch \$20.00 and \$22.50

## Suits and Topcoats

Reduced to \$16.75

Stein-Bloch \$30.00

## SUITS

Reduced to \$23.75

Suits and Topcoats

Reduced to \$19.75

Raincoats, Trousers and Fancy Vests Reduced.

## STRAW HATS MARKED DOWN

\$1.50 Straws to.....\$1.00 \$2, \$3 Straws to.....\$1.50 \$5.00 Leghorns to.....\$3.75

## NEGIGE SHIRTS MARKED DOWN

(Except Manhattans)

\$1.50 and \$2.00 Shirts to.....\$1.15 \$1.00 Shirts at.....\$1.75

50c Silk Neckwear.....35c

## D. S. O'BRIEN CO.

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES  
THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP • 222 MERRIMACK ST

LOWELL

SPRINGFIELD

## KILLED BY EXPLOSION

1

Investigate the tragedy in an effort to place responsibility. Neighbors say the tank had been standing there for several weeks.

the Mediterranean, the Dardanelles and the Suez canal. Submarine warfare against merchantmen in that case could be modified or abandoned to obtain a more favorable neutrality from and the friendship of America which would be of great value to Germany after war.

If the answer is in the affirmative, the law of self-preservation would justify us in the situation which England has forced upon us in using to the fullest extent, our superiority in submarines, and we can calmly accept all the consequences of it.

## CONDUCTOR BADLY HURT

Knocked Off Running Board of Boston Surface Car—Has Compound Fracture of Skull

BOSTON, July 6.—William H. Hamilton, aged 32, married, of 15 Marlboro street, Roxbury, a conductor employed by the Elevated, was seriously hurt shortly before 11 o'clock last night while collecting fares on the running board of an inbound surface car on Humboldt ave., near Rutliff street, Roxbury.

The car was crowded and it is understood that Hamilton was making his collections while standing on the inside running board.

He was struck by a passing out-bound car, and thrown to the pavement, sustaining a compound fracture of the skull and injuries to his left ankle.

He was taken to the City hospital in the auto ambulance of the Dudley street station. Late last night Hamilton's name was placed on the danger list.

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# MAN SHOT AND ROBBED

**Bold Deed by Thugs on South Common—Victim is Dying at Hospital**

Within 25 feet of the South common midway, where thousands of people were enjoying last night's program of fireworks and the attractions on the midway, Cesar Marquez of 56 Williams street was shot in the neck by a revolver and robbed of \$20 by two unknown men between 8:30 and 9 o'clock. In a dazed condition Marquez wandered through Appleton street to Church and lay on the banks of the Concord river until 2 o'clock this morning when he got up and walked home unassisted. Upon realizing his condition, friends had him removed to St. John's hospital where he is now in a critical condition and has only an even chance of recovering.

The police were notified of the robbery by John Morasky, a neighbor of the victim, who called Patrolman McCarthy immediately after Marquez staggered home. No description of the culprits could be secured from the injured man and as yet the police have found no clue.

Marquez told the officers through an interpreter that he started from the common about 8:30 or 9 o'clock with the intention of going home. When about 25 feet from the last stand of the midway, he said, he felt a sting on the side of his face and suddenly fell

to the street. Two men quickly rushed up and searched his pockets, taking \$20 in bills which he carried in his vest. The men disappeared as suddenly as they appeared and he saw them no more.

No one seemed to witness the robbery, said Marquez, and he regained his feet himself and with blood pouring from the bullet wound in his neck, staggered down Church street and lay down on the grass near the river. He said he lost consciousness and came to about 2 o'clock with his face covered with blood. He then went home and reported the matter to friends, who called the police and physicians. At the hospital today it was stated that Marquez was on the dangerous list and it was not known whether he would recover. The bullet was located by physicians directly in back of the nose but at noon had not been extracted.

Marquez is the proprietor of a grocery store in front of his home at 56 Williams street. His wife said today that he left their home early last evening saying that he was going to the common and would return early. Mrs. Marquez said that her husband always carried a small sum of money in a bill-fold, which was missing together with the money.

## ONE YEAR IN PRISON SEVEN BELIEVED DEAD

**JOHN K. LOBELE PLEADED GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY IN ATTEMPTING TO SMUGGLE CHINESE INTO U.S.**

MONTPELIER, Vt., July 6.—Upon his plea of guilty of conspiracy in attempting to smuggle Chinese into the United States from Canada, John K. Lobele, was sentenced in federal court today for one year in prison.

### MATRIMONIAL

Miss Eliza Jane Donovan, assistant matron of the Corinne House, private hospital, Marlborough street, this city, and Charles Simpson of Oneida, N. Y., were quietly united in marriage Saturday afternoon in the reception room of the hospital by the Rev. Alfred C. Skinner, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church. Only immediate friends of the contracting parties were present. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Simpson left on their honeymoon. They will reside in Oneida.

### LELACHEUR—DION

Frederick Lelacheur and Miss Blanche A. Dion were married Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, the ceremony being performed at the Immaculate Conception rectory by the pastor, Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O. M. I. The bride wore white crepe de chine and carried bridal roses. She was attended by Miss Mary Eliza Walsh, who was attired in white silk and carried pinks. The best man was Eugene Dion. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 472 Central street. After a brief honeymoon trip Mr. and Mrs. Lelacheur will make their home at 472 Central street.

### MARSH—THOMPSON

A pretty marriage took place this morning when Herbert Marsh and Miss Alice A. Thompson were united in the bonds of matrimony, the ceremony being performed at the parsonage of the Gorham Street P. M. church, the officiating clergyman being Rev. N. W. Matthews. The bride was given away by her mother, Mrs. Mary Thompson, while the father of the bridegroom served as witness for his son. The bride wore white crepe de chine over silk messaline and carried a shower bouquet of white roses. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bridegroom, where a dinner was served. Mr. and Mrs. Marsh left this afternoon on a honeymoon trip to Sanford, Me. They will be home to their friends in this city after July 25.

### COSSETTE—LABRIE

Laurent Cossette and Miss Rosalie Labrie were married yesterday morning at a nuptial mass celebrated at St. Joseph's church by Rev. Armand Baron, O. M. I. The bride wore white crepe de chine and carried bridal roses. The witnesses were Lucien Ducharme of Haverhill and P. N. Cossette of this city. At the close of the ceremony a dinner was served at the home of the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Cossette, 52 Wannalancet street. Mr. and Mrs. Cossette left in the afternoon on a wedding tour which will include Haverhill, Worcester, Lynn, Manchester and other places. Upon their return they will make their home at 1 Common street.

### GAGNON—SOUCY

F. X. Gagnon and Miss Melina Soucy were married yesterday morning at a nuptial mass celebrated at St. Joseph's church at 6:30 o'clock by Rev. Julien Racette, O. M. I. A reception was tendered the happy couple at 46 Ward street.

### ZWIESCAU—TRZYBYLA

Mr. Louis Zwiescau and Miss Telka Trzybyla were married yesterday, the ceremony being performed at the Holy Trinity church in High street by the pastor, Rev. Fr. Agonowski. The couple were attended by John Stoszki and Miss Mary Tjozboruk, who acted as best man and bridesmaid respectively. The bride wore white silk and carried bridal roses, while the bride maid was dressed in pink and carried roses of the valley.

### SUES THE CITY AGAIN

William D. Regan, as counsel for Edward Cawley, has brought suit against the city in the sum of \$5,000. Mr. Cawley claims that the city owes him over \$4,000 and that the city unlawfully deprived him of the recent contract for cement. He claims that he was the lowest bidder and that he should have been awarded the cement contract.

### DIED OF INJURIES

PORTLAND, Me., July 6.—Charles Sands, aged 19, of West Fitchburg, Mass., died at a hospital here today from injuries received late last night when he fell from a freight train near Schag Lake station while riding with five other young men.

### CORDITE EXPLOSION AT PLANT OF CANADIAN EXPLOSIVES CO.—TEN INJURED

MONTREAL, Que., July 6.—Seven men were missing and believed to be dead after a cordite explosion today at the plant of the Canadian Explosives Co. at Beloeil, Que., about 25 miles from here. Ten persons were severely injured. Among the missing are Capt. Murray Wilson, manager of the cordite department of the company, Aylmer Brown of the du Pont powder works, Wilmington, Del., and J. Sammons, a British government inspector.

Details of the accident were difficult to obtain as the men working in the cordite department where the explosion occurred were either missing or so badly hurt that they could give no account of their experiences. First stories attributed the explosion to a fire and later it was said that experiments were being conducted.

The firm, which is affiliated with the du Pont powder works of Wilmington, Del., was engaged, it is understood, in filling explosive orders for the Canadian and British governments.

After the explosion the plant caught fire. The flames hampered the rescuers.

Special trains were ordered, and as fast as the injured were rescued they were brought to the city and placed in hospitals here.

Among the badly injured was H. C. Shock, an explosive expert from Wilmington, Del.

A number of women who were working in the cordite department and who were badly hurt, were among the first saved.

One of the women employed in the factory when she recovered consciousness said a chipping machine caused a spark to ignite the cordite and the explosion followed.

Four bodies of employees, two of them women, were found in the wreck of the plant late today. Aylmer Brown and Messrs. Sammons and Wilson were still missing and little hope of their escape was entertained.

### SWINDLES OF \$1,000,000

CHRISTIAN BERSCHE AND JAMES RYAN OF SO-CALLED CLAIRVOYANT RING IN JAIL

CHICAGO, July 6.—Christian (Barney) Bertsche, who for several years was one of the most successful criminals in Chicago, was taken to the penitentiary at Joliet today. Specifically, Bertsche, head of the so-called clairvoyant ring, was convicted of swindling Mrs. Hope L. McElroy of La Crosse, Wis., out of \$15,500. James Ryan, convicted in the same case, also went to prison. Their sentences call for indeterminate incarceration for one to ten years.

Swindles aggregating \$1,000,000 by the clairvoyant ring were testified to by Bertsche. His confession implicated a score of other persons, including a number of police officers.

### SEVEN PERSONS HURT

AUTO OVERTURNED AS IT WAS CROSSING TROLLEY TRACKS—BOY SERIOUSLY INJURED

GREENWICH, Conn., July 6.—Seven persons were more or less severely hurt when an automobile owned and driven by Joseph de George of Brooklyn, N. Y., overturned as it was crossing the trolley tracks here today, scattering some of the occupants out on the roadway and caught the others beneath it. The most seriously hurt was Douglas de George, 12 years old, a son of the owner, who in addition to a broken arm is thought to be injured internally.

The party, consisting of de George, his wife, their son and two daughters, de George's brother Joseph and Mrs. Edith Patterson of New York, were found for Windsor Locks, Conn.

ENSIGN DENIES CHARGE

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 6.—Ensign J. L. McCrea, who last week was accused of cheating in the recitation room during his last year at the Naval academy, which ended with his graduation last month, today denied the charge.

Ensign McCrea took the witness stand for that purpose when the court of inquiry investigating the "crimbing" scandal at the academy reconvened today.

### EXPERIENCED HEEEL SLAVERS

wanted at Mears, Adams Shoe Co., corner Lincoln and Tanner sts.

# TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

## NEW YORK MARKET

	High	Low	Close
Am Copper	75 3/4	74 1/2	74 1/2
Am Beet Sugar	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Am Can	47 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Am Gas pf	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Am Car. Fr.	64 1/2	54	54
Am Cut Oil	46	45	45
Am Hide & L. P. f.	34 1/2	31	31
Am Locomo	49 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Am Steel & R.	75 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
Am Sugar Rfm	107	107	107
Am Zinc	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Airline	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Balt & Ohio	76 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
Balt & W. pf	70 3/4	70 3/4	70 3/4
Br. Rap. Tran	88	87 1/2	87 1/2
Canadian Pa.	144 1/2	142 1/2	142 1/2
Cent Leather	41 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Ches. & Ohio	38 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Chi. & Gt. W.	32 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Col. & St. L.	24 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Col. Sugar Co.	26 1/2	26	26
Eric 1st pf	40 1/2	40	40
Gen. Elec.	169	167 1/2	168
Gen. North pf	118 1/2	118	118
Gen. N. G. Elec.	26 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Gen. Nat. Gas	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Gen. & West.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Gen. Pacific	105 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Omni & West.	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Pennsylvania	106 1/2	105 1/2	106
Pressed Steel	48 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Pullman Co.	156	156	156
Ry. St. S. Co.	34 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Rep. J. & S. pf	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Rep. I. & S. pf	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
St. Paul	55	50 1/2	50 1/2
Southern Ry.	51	51	51
Union Pacific	128 1/2	127 1/2	128 1/2
Union Pac. pf	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
U. S. R. B.	47	46	46 1/2
U. S. Steel	61	60	60 1/2
U. S. Steel pf	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
U. S. Steel 5s	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
U. S. Copper	68	67	67
Washington	29 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Western Un.	66 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Wilson Cen.	39	38	38

## COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, July 6.—Cotton futures opened quiet, July, 935; October, 975; December, 1600; January, 10,07. Futures closed steady, July, 927; October, 949; December, 933; January, 948; March, 1000.

Spot quiet; middling, 450; sales, 300.

## EXCHANGES

NEW YORK, July 6.—Exchanges \$23,855,916; balances \$22,355,790.

## BONDS

NEW YORK, July 6.—Bonds \$23,855,916; balances \$22,355,790.

## TELEPHONE

NEW YORK, July 6.—Bonds \$23,855,916; balances \$22,355,790.

## MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, July 6.—Mercantile paper 3 and 3 1/2; Sterling, 60 day bills, 473; demand, 4,765; cables, 4,775. Franes: Demand, 500; cables, 500. Marks: Demand, 81 1/2; cables, 81 1/2. Lires: Demand, 600; cables, 600. Rubles: Demand, 37 1/2; cables, 37 1/2.

## BOSTON MARKET

BOSTON, July 6.—Stocks opened

higher today and continued to advance throughout the morning on active trading. Crite and Superior touched 72 1/2; Crite 71 1/2, and American Zinc closed 71 1/2; Crite 71 1/2; offered at 73 1/2.

## BONDS

BOSTON, July 6.—Bonds \$23,855,916; balances \$22,355,790.

## EXTRA



## THE SICKABED LADY

Nurse says you should take as good care of your feet as you do of your complexion. Wear soft, thin stockings and well fitting shoes. Exercise the feet and legs, not only by walking, but by lifting them, first on one leg and then the other as high as possible. Bathe them night and morning, alternating with hot and cold water. Wipe them dry and dust with a little talcum powder. If you have been toiling out counteract this fault by toeing in for a time.

It may seem absurd to advise walking pigeon toed but it is not. In fact it is the sensible thing to do. Walking in this manner puts into use those muscles which were not used while walking with the toe turned out, and in this manner the tendency to walk wrong is counteracted until you gradually walk with your feet parallel which is as nature intended. The Indians never suffer with broken arches, yet they wear only this moccasin. They walk with feet parallel or slightly toeing in.

DEMETRIOS K. KEMOS, Mortgagee.

## HELP WANTED

DRESSER TENDERS WANTED AT Talbot Mills, No. Billerica.

MEN WANTED TO SELL ORNAMENTAL STOCK IN TOWNS. Start now. Permanent position for right party. First National Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

## MALE HELP WANTED

Post office examination at Lowell soon. Prepare now under former government examiner. Booklet \$2 free. Write today. Post Office Civil Service School, Rochester, N. Y.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTED, App. G. A. McCormack Land Co., 374 Merrimack st.

EXPERIENCED WOODEN BOX MAKERS WANTED. Apply A. A. Flint's Box Factory, Tyngsboro, Mass.

EXPERIENCED BEADERS ON HOBS AND SHOES WANTED. Work done at cost. Good pay. Also capable woman to act as agent for same. Experienced. Write S. L. 21 Railroad St., Haverhill, Mass.

PLASTERER AND BRICKLAYER WANTED. Apply John Desmond, North Billerica.

EXPERIENCED BEADERS ON SLIPERS WANTED AT ONCE; none but experienced need apply. Mrs. Green, 16 Fifth st.

## CLAIRVOYANT

MADAM ADELLA CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER. If in doubt, need help or advice, call 12 Branch st.

## WANTED

BOARD AND ROOM IN ENGLISH SPEAKING FAMILY WANTED; FOREIGNERS TO LEARN ENGLISH LANGUAGE. Address John L. 5 Hanover st., city.

UPRIGHT PIANO IN GOOD CONDITION WANTED; MUST BE A BARGAIN; STATE CONDITION AND PRICE. Write H. B. Sun Office.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS ON THE SUN EVERY DAY AT BOTH NEWS STANDS OF THE UNION STATION IN BOSTON. DON'T FORGET THIS WHEN TAKING YOUR TRAIN FOR LOWELL.

turned to the South Boston Yacht Club. Natalie was an only child and the family had enjoyed many pleasant trips on the Simbad and on the boat Mr. Haines owned before he bought the Simbad.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH Lowell, July 1st, 1915.



To the Public: Your attention is called to Chapter 48 of the Acts of 1914, which reads as follows:

AN ACT TO STANDARDIZE TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARIES.

It enacted, etc., as follows: Chapter 48 of the year nineteen hundred and four, is hereby amended by inserting after the word "standardized" in the tenth line of the following—and shall be inspected by and be satisfactory to the state board of health—so as to read as follows—Every city, and even town containing a population of one thousand or more, as determined by the latest United States census, shall establish and maintain within its limits a dispensary for the discovery, treatment, and supervision of needy persons resident within its limits, and afflicted with tuberculosis, unless there already exists in such city or town a dispensary which is satisfactory to the state board of health.

In accordance with the above, the Board of Health has opened a Tuberculosis Dispensary in the basement of City Hall. The days for examination will be Tuesdays from 2 to 3 o'clock p. m. and Thursdays from 7 to 8 o'clock p. m.

BOARD OF HEALTH, F. A. Bates, Agent.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES Put on. 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELDER POST OFFICE SQUARE

Bright, Sears & Co. WYMAN'S EXCHANGE Bankers and Brokers SECOND FLOOR

THE JAPANESE TEA LADY Once upon a time there was a little girl named Alice. Her mother had a Japanese teapot on which was painted a picture of a tea house and a beautiful lady with a pretty green and gold dress. There were several children playing around in the picture and several other ladies, but none of them so pretty as her Japanese lady, as Alice called her.

Of course Alice was not allowed to touch the teapot but she could look and talk to the painted lady as much as she pleased. Alice told her mother she was sure the Japanese lady smiled when she said "Good morning" to her. One night Alice dreamed that she walked up to the Japanese lady and the lady turned her head and smiled and said "Good morning."

This surprised Alice very much but she began to talk to the lady who told her she had loved Alice from the first time she saw her and wanted Alice's help as she feared she was ill. She said she thought she was suffering from chills and fever, as when she stayed in the closet she was cold, and when Alice's mother put her on the tea table she grew all hot, and she wanted Alice to get a doctor.

"Why," said Alice in her dream, "dear lady you are not ill, but you know when mother takes you out of the closet she fills you up with very hot tea and that is what makes you grow so warm."

The Japanese lady thanked Alice gratefully and just then Alice woke up. It was just daylight but she couldn't wait and had to jump out of bed and into the dining room, when she was very much surprised to find that the Japanese lady looked at her with unseeing eyes and didn't answer her questions, in fact acted as though she could not hear, which Alice thought very funny as she had talked so freely with her during the night.

THE SLEEPYTIME TALES BY VIRGINIA VALE FOR THE LITTLE READERS OF THE SUN

THE JAPANESE TEA LADY Once upon a time there was a little girl named Alice. Her mother had a Japanese teapot on which was painted a picture of a tea house and a beautiful lady with a pretty green and gold dress. There were several children playing around in the picture and several other ladies, but none of them so pretty as her Japanese lady, as Alice called her.

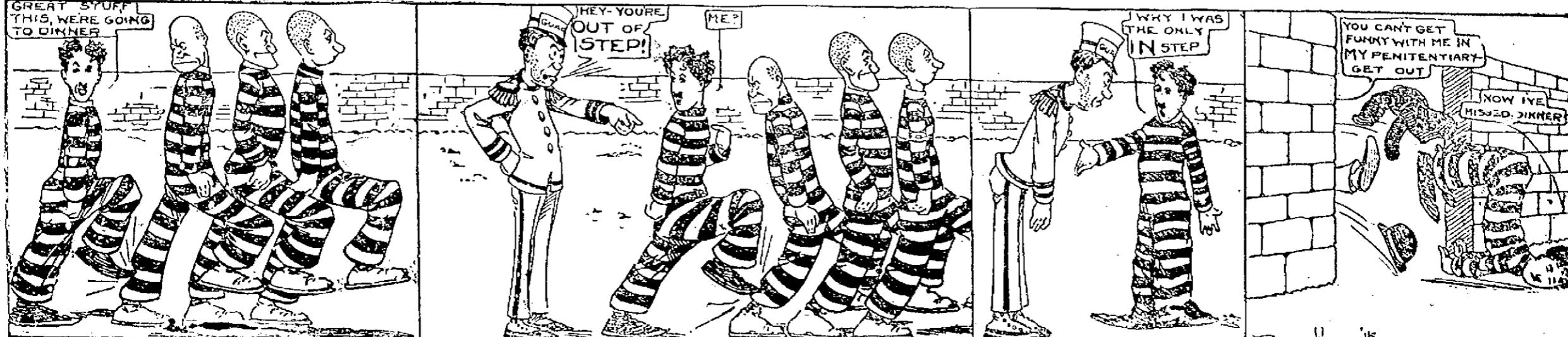
Of course Alice was not allowed to touch the teapot but she could look and talk to the painted lady as much as she pleased. Alice told her mother she was sure the Japanese lady smiled when she said "Good morning" to her. One night Alice dreamed that she walked up to the Japanese lady and the lady turned her head and smiled and said "Good morning."

This surprised Alice very much but she began to talk to the lady who told her she had loved Alice from the first time she saw her and wanted Alice's help as she feared she was ill. She said she thought she was suffering from chills and fever, as when she stayed in the closet she was cold, and when Alice's mother put her on the tea table she grew all hot, and she wanted Alice to get a doctor.

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## CHARLEY CHAPLIN'S COMEDY CUT-UPS



## LEGAL NOTICES

LOWELL, Mass., June 25th, 1915.  
By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage of personal property given by Demetrios K. Kemos to Demetrios K. Kemos, dated April 5th, 1915, and recorded with the Mortgages of Personal Property in the Office of the City Clerk of Lowell, Book 66, Page 283. And for breach of the condition thereof, will be paid to Phillip J. Donahue, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

WILL, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, to be proved in said Probate Court on Thursday, July 29th, 1915, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, all the goods and chattels described in said will, as follows: 11 chairs, 2 electric signs, 1 marble stand thirty feet long, 1 cash register, 1 electric electric shaver, 1 drying fan, 1 hat cleaning machine, 2 picture frames, 100 pairs of stockings, 20 pairs of shoes, together with the stock of shoe blacking, lace, and any and all other tools, implements and other property of whatever name or nature belonging to me and used in connection with said business, together with the good will of said all or said property being in store numbered 121 Central street in said Lowell.

TERMS CASH. DEMETRIOS K. KEMOS, Mortgagee.

## LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex ss, Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Catherine Mullin, late of Lowell, dated April 5th, 1915, and recorded with the Mortgages of Personal Property in the Office of the City Clerk of Lowell, Book 66, Page 283. And for

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TERMS CASH. W. E. ROGERS, Register.

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The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

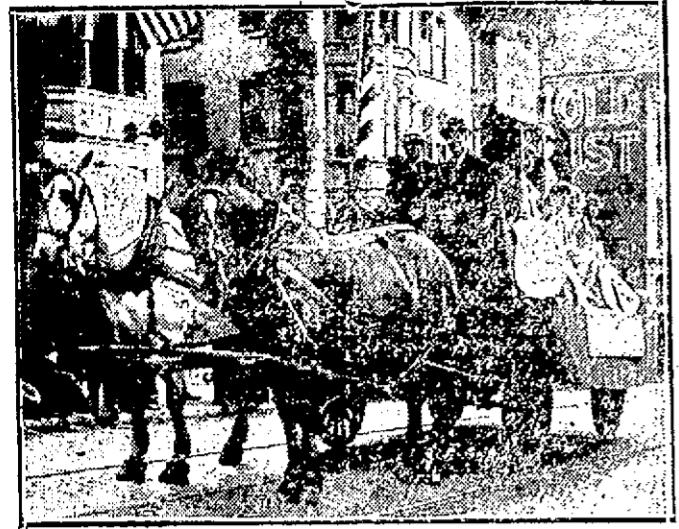
ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 6 1915

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT



THE EQUAL SUFFRAGE FEATURE  
Photo by Barr Engraving Co.

## GREAT CELEBRATION

Continued

prize for the company coming the longest distance, having traveled 49 miles. Greek Holy Regiment

Following the French companies was the Greek Holy regiment commanded by Capt. Costas Constantines. This organization was composed of veterans of the Turkish-Balkan wars. Lowell and out-of-town companies. They were headed by the Orpheus band of Haverhill, Nickolais Rabouny, leader, and the Hellenic band of this city. The American and Greek flags were carried in the line by two boys dressed in their national costume.

### Polish Military Companies

The rear of the semi-military division was taken up by Polish Military companies headed by the Polish Cadet band of this city. The men were brilliant and attractive uniforms and they made a fine appearance. The St. Michael society was commanded by Capt. Joseph Stachusky, while the St. Stanislaus society was in command of Capt. Joseph Sadowski.

### The Roster:

Chief Marshal, Joseph L. Lamouroux; Chief of Staff, Major Philip McNulty, (retired); Chief Aide, Samuel A. Renaud; Lowell Military Band; Spanish American War Veterans of Lowell, Lawrence, and Haverhill; Commander Alexander D. Mitchell; Drum Corps; Lexington Minute Men, Major George F. Reed;

Drum Corps; Five Companies of Irish Volunteers, from Lowell, Lawrence, and Haverhill; Major Thomas Daly; Drum Corps.

Battalion of O. M. I. Cadets; French-American Regiment; Col. Albert Bergeron.

### First Battalion

Major Arthur D. Lamouroux; Garde Frontenac, Lowell, Lieut. Val-

Garde St. Louis, Lowell, Capt. Grenier

St. Louis Zouaves, Lowell;

Garde d'Honneur, Lowell, Capt. Nelson J. Phillips;

Garde Sacre-Coeur, Lowell, Capt. Horace Desilets;

A. G. Cadets, Lowell, Capt. Alcide Belleguie;

Drum Corps.

### Second Battalion

Major J. B. Lariviere, Springfield; Garde St. Joseph, Fitchburg, Capt. Crocker;

Garde Laurier, Winchendon, Capt. Moise Babineau;

Garde Champlain, Manchester, N. H., Capt. Philip C. Clegg;

Garde Lewis, Manchester, N. H., Garde Nationale, Haverhill, Capt. Adelard St. Jean;

Garde Marquette, Nashua, N. H., Greek Band, 30 Places;

Veterans Bulgarian Wars;

Greek Holy Regiment, four companies, Capt. Antone Constantines;

Greek Community Band;

St. Stanislaus Hussars, Capt. Joseph Stachusky;

St. Michael Society, Capt. Joseph Sadowski.

### CIVIC AND SOCIAL DIVISION

The civic and social division, though like all the other divisions, suffering severely from the rain, was one of the most picturesque divisions of the entire parade. Comprising the Chinese section, the Lowell Equal Suffrage display, the Y. M. H. A. and the many business floats and other interesting features, it was full of life, color and interesting variety.

At the head of this division marched the banner bearer George Morley of the high school regiment, Marshal Frank Dodge and his chief of staff, William M. Prescott, two Spanish war veterans. Then followed the Spindle City band, R. A. Griffiths leader and the bizarre and beautiful Chinese section.

### Chinese Display

The Chinese display was one of the most elaborate ever seen in a parade in this city, representing the color, life and distinctive individuality of the Orient. Ancient Chinese costumes were worn and there was an atmosphere of times back in the dawn of history. The unusual blending of vivid colors was strikingly effective, many of the figures being as brilliant as stained glass effects, and there was a richness about the glamor and glitter that made this part of the parade like a dream of fairy brilliancy. While Chinese music was played on strange flutes and beaten out on stranger drums, mystic banners with silver and gold figures were borne by, and there were pictured episodes from Chinese life and history. Gorgeous silks from Chinese looms and thousands of flowers were used to make this feature effective, and the effect was worthy of the attempt. The Chinese section cost over \$2000 to put on, the fee to the costumer alone being \$2000, and this cost was shouldered by the individual contributions of the United Chinese Association of Lowell.

First came two Chinese carrying respectively the stars and stripes and the flag of the new China. Then came Wong Yen Sue, secretary of the Chinese Association of Boston, with members in vivid costumes. As a contrast came some Chinese in American dress and then came Lee Hong Chong in all his glory on a horse that was bowered and bedraped into a glorified animal indeed. Lee looked as though he had stepped out of the royal Manchu tombs of the old days of Oriental witchery. After Wong came twelve Chinese Boy Scouts, led by Willie Moy Ding.

### SLAM BANG DIVISION

Herewith when a parade is held in Lowell similar to that of yesterday along with the "slam-bang" division which from its name implies a division given to humor and grotesque features there should also be a historical or allegorical division to provide for features that are above the class of the distinctive "slam-bang" attractions. In yesterday's parade there were two prizes for the "slam-bang" division and the first very prominent went to the South Enders who had a fine feature of its kind and made countless thousands roar with laughter along the line. The Indians received second prize with their feature while the Princeton club got an honorable mention and the Broadway Social and Athletic Club which had one of the most attractive features in the parade received nothing more material than the well earned applause of the crowds that lined the streets. The feature presented by the Broadway was too dignified to be classed as a "slam-bang" feature and as there was no provision for such features as it presented it received no prize, but nevertheless it was one of the real attractions of the parade and its mem-

bers turned out in large numbers and went to much expense in the preparations and costuming of their feature.

But the South Ends had a real old fashioned team being feature entitled:

"When the Circus Comes to Town,"

walling for movement and grotesqueness the famous feature of the Hesford's of 15 years ago, which is referred to by the Old Timer in his article today.

The South Ends presented a "regular" circus complete in all its details even the steam engine with red steam emanating from its chimney. The circus band had the special distinction of being told around town in the original patrol wagon of the police department. One band wrote a column descriptive of the individual features of the circus for there were many and funny, and at that were original. There were animals in the cages which consisted of inverted crockery crates with their trainers. The animals consisted of members of the genus homo arrayed in skins and sprawling on all fours. They didn't have much to say but they certainly had a tough job. The rain interfered with the embellishments of the circus performers as it did with the entire parade but it took more than terrific rain storm to mar the beauty of Miss Dow's the champion lady bare-back rider of the South common. She was decidedly "chic" in her heart-breaking blonde locks which the rain failed to straighten. Her costume, whatever that is, would have done credit to the expert hair-dressers of the Hennessy and McKenna establishments in the Sun building. And the symmetry of feature disclosed by the ballet costume and tights made the most artistic conception of Venus look ungainly. The clown band was there with a series of sounds that closely rivaled a certain other band, but no farts knocking. The acrobats in the hay wagon were the joy and amid the stunts turned front and back slips with all the agility of professional performers. The So. Ends dug up all the available poles, goals and pigs in town and had

### Votes for Women

The Lowell Equal Suffrage League had a very effective display in the large float in which "Justice" with the suffrage states and "Massachusetts," not suppliant, but erect and confident, this float was decorated with flags and banners and the yellow was much in evidence. "Justice" looked stately indeed in classic dignity, and "Massachusetts" could scarcely have looked more regal. A very striking contrast was afforded in the Greek beauty of the robes of Justice, - white down and blue mantle - and the cap and gown worn by Massachusetts, appropriately black for the time being. The inscription on the float read "Massachusetts asks Justice for woman's vote, which 12 states possess." Following were the young ladies who braved the rain for their cause: "Justice," Miss Helen A. Osgood, "Massachusetts," Miss Frances U. Masterson, and the 12 states, Misses Marjorie Arnold, Margaret Garvey, Freda White, Katherine Egan, Alice Daley, Kathryn Flahaven, Elizabeth Flahaven, Dorothy Morse, Alice Laycock, Leontine Jantzen, Dorothy Riorian, Miriam Blanche Murphy.

The committee in charge of the suffrage float were Mrs. Edward W. Clark, Mrs. Boydell Pillsbury, Mrs. C. Brooks Stevens, Mrs. James S. Murphy, Mrs. M. E. Hall, Miss Frances Masterson, Miss Katherine McCarthy.

**Y. M. H. A.**

The Young Men's Hebrew Association made a fine showing as the members marched on bravely in the rain, headed by David Ziskind, marshal, and Abraham Goldman, leader. About 100 were in line in effective formation, and they held their ranks well to the end. Rabbi Wolfson rode in a carriage with three other leading Jewish citizens. There were many other interesting features of this division which made a special appeal because of its local membership.

### Business Floats

The business displays were numerous and varied. At the head came the big truck of the Stanley Transportation company, with a yacht superstructure and carrying many passengers. David Ziskind's truck carried a large boiler and then followed two trucks of the C. B. Coburn company with meat inscriptions. Stelert and company had a truck in line and also McGauhan the truck man and piano mover. Richard O'Connell, agent for the Chickering piano, Thomas Wardell, agent for the Edison and Victrola machines, and E. Delisle, piano dealer, were represented.

### Second Battalion

The first most solid displays in this section was the chain of wagons belonging to Patrick Cogger, filled with sand and gravel.

The several features from the Lowell Gas Light company were full of interest. The Gas company's wagons illustrated many aspects of the business. The Best Record Flour company had three wagons in the advertising section. The rain prevented many other local concerns from participating.

### The Features:

Chief Marshal, Frank Dodge; Chief of Staff, William M. Prescott; Spindle City Band.

Boy Scouts from all local troops, com-

manded by Lieut. Frank Faulkner,

Division A. O. F.

Young Men's Hebrew Association, com-

manded by Abraham Goldman,

Band.

Greek Community, headed by President Dr. Demosthenes Generals and di-

rectors.

Business Men's Association of New England, with Chinese Band,

Wong Quon, leader,

Chinese Boy Scouts,

Floots.

Business Displays.

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The circus band had the special

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One band wrote a column

descriptive of the individual fea-

tures of the circus for there were many and funny, and at that were original.

There were animals in the cages which

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The animals consisted of members of the genus homo

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